

COURSE SPECIFICATIONS

Faculty of Pharmacy

Fifth Year – Second Term

2019-2020

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**COURSE
SPECIFICATIONS**

Industrial Pharmacy -2

**Fifth year – second Term
2019-2020**

Course specification of Industrial Pharmacy-2

University: Zagazig

Faculty: Pharmacy

A- Course specifications:

Program (s) on which the course is given: Bachelor of Pharmacy

Major or Minor element of programs: Major

Department offering the program: -----

Department offering the course: Pharmaceutics department

Academic year Level: Fifth year/Second term

Date of specification approval: December 2019

B- Basic information:

Title: Industrial pharmacy-2 Code: PC527

Credit Hours: ---

Lectures: 2 hrs/week

Practical: 1 hrs/week

Tutorials: ---

Total: 2.5 hrs/week

C- Professional information:

1-Overall aim of the course

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Illustrate the properties and manufacturing of different types of tablets, packaging materials, particle size reduction process and apparatus as well as the requirements for GMP and quality control. Handle, Compound, dispense and label tablets safely and effectively. Apply GMP guidelines in pharmacy practice and interpret experimental results. Interact effectively and work as a member of a team.

2- Intended Learning Outcomes of Industrial pharmacy-2 (ILOs)

| A- Knowledge and Understanding | |
|---|--|
| a1 | Demonstrate different types of tablets |
| a2 | Illustrate different method for tablet preparation, coating and evaluation, different packaging materials. |
| a3 | Illustrate different problems associated with tablet coating, outline the principle, mechanism and structures of different instruments used in particle size reduction |
| a4 | Explain advantage and disadvantages of different packaging materials and quality control test for packaging materials |
| B- Professional and Practical skills | |
| b1 | Solve different problems associated with tablet preparation and tablet coating |
| b2 | Demonstrate different apparatus used in particle size reduction |
| C- Intellectual skills | |
| c1 | Differentiate between different techniques and apparatus used for tablet preparation, tablet coating and particle size reduction |
| c2 | Suggest appropriate apparatus for particle size reduction |
| c3 | Identify advantages and disadvantages of each packaging materials, film coat..... |
| D- General and Transferable skills | |
| d1 | Work effectively as a member of team. |
| d2 | Develop computer and presentation skills. |
| d3 | Develop problem solving and decision making skills. |

D- Contents:

| Week No. | Lecture contents (2 hrs/lec.) | Practical session (1 hr/lab) |
|-----------------|--|---|
| 1 | - Types, classes of tablets, advantages and additives used in tablet preparation | Different types of tablets |
| 2 | - Manufacturing of tablets | Tablets preparation |
| 3 | - Problems of tablets | Tableting problems |
| 4 | - Evaluation of tablets | Evaluation of tablets |
| 5 | - Tablet coating | Tablets coating |
| 6 | -Film coat defects | Film coat defects |
| 7 | Mid- term exam | |
| 8 | - Particle size reduction | Quiz+ Particle size reduction |
| 9 | Particle size reduction- | Particle size reduction + Activity |
| 10 | - Particle size reduction | Particle size reduction + Activity |
| 11 | - Quality control | Particle size reduction + Activity |
| 12 | - Quality control | Quality control |
| 13 | - Packaging | Practical exam |
| 14 | -Packaging | |
| 15 | Written exam+ oral exam | |

E- Teaching and Learning Methods:

- Lectures

- Practical session
- Self learning (Activities, open discussion)

F- Student Assessment methods:

| | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1-Written exam to assess: | a1, a2, a3, a4, c1, c2, c3 |
| 2- Activity to assess: | d1, d2 |
| 3-Mid- term exam | a1, a2, a3, a4, c1, c2, c3 |
| 4-Practical exam to assess: | b1, b2, c1, c2, d3 |
| 5-Oral exam to assess: | a1, a1, a2, a3, a4, c1, c2, c3 |

Assessment schedule

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Assessment (1): Written exam | Week 15 |
| Assessment (2): Activity | Week 9, 10, 11 |
| Assessment (3): Mid- term exam | Week 7 |
| Assessment (4): Practical exams | Week 13 |
| Assessment (5): Oral exam | Week 15 |

Weighting of Assessment

| Assessment method | Marks | Percentage |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Written exam | 50 | 50% |
| Practical exam and activities | 20 | 20% |
| Oral exam | 15 | 15% |
| Midterm exam | 10 | 10% |
| Activities | 5 | 5% |
| TOTAL | 100 | 100% |

G- Facilities required for teaching and learning:

Black (white) boards, overhead projectors, data show.

H- List of References:

1- Course Notes: Student book of Industrial Pharmacy-2 approved by Pharmaceutics department (2019/2020)

2- Essential Books:

- i- Bentley's text book of Pharmaceutics by Rawlins, E. A., 8th ed (2010).
- ii- Ansels Pharmaceutical Dosage forms and drug delivery systems 8/ed, Allen , L .V (2010).

3- Recommended Books

- i- Pharmaceutics: The Science of Dosage Form Design by Aulton, M. E., (2012).
- ii- The theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy by Lachman, L., Lieberman, H. A., Kanig, J. L., and Febiger, Philadelphia, USA. (2008).
- iii- Good manufacturing practice for pharmaceuticals, Nally, Joseph.D, Informa Healthcare, (2007).

4- Periodicals and websites:

Journal of pharmaceutical sciences

www.Pubmed.com

www.Sciencedirect.com

Course Coordinators: Prof. Dr. Fakh El-Din Ghazy

Head of Department: Prof. Dr. Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab

Date: 2019 / 12 / تم مناقشة و اعتماد توصيف المقرر من مجلس القسم بتاريخ

Matrix I of Industrial Pharmacy-2 course

| Matrix I of Industrial Pharmacy-2 course | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|-----------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|--|-----------|-----------|
| Course Contents | | ILOs of industrial pharmacy 2 course | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Knowledge and understanding | | | | Professional and practical skills | | Intellectual skills | | | Transferable and general skills | | |
| Lectures | | a1 | a2 | a3 | a4 | b1 | b2 | c1 | c2 | c3 | d1 | d2 | d3 |
| 1 | Types, classes of tablets, advantages and additives used in tablet preparation | x | | x | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Manufacturing of tablets | | x | | | | | x | | | | | |
| 3 | Problems of tablets | | x | | | | | x | | | | | |
| 4 | Evaluation of tablets | | x | | | | | x | | | | | |
| 5 | Tablet coating | | x | | | | | x | | x | x | | |
| 6 | Film coat defects | | | x | | | | x | | | | | |
| 7 | Mid term | x | x | x | x | | | x | x | x | | | |
| 8 | Particle size reduction | | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 9 | Particle size reduction | | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 10 | Particle size reduction | | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 11 | Quality control | | | | x | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Quality control | | | | x | | | | x | | | | |
| 13 | Packaging | | | | x | | | | | x | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Packaging | | | | X | | | | X | | | |
| 15 | Written and oral exam | X | X | X | X | | | X | X | X | | |
| Practical session | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Different types of tablets | X | | X | | | | | | | X | X |
| 2 | Tablets preparation | | X | | | X | | X | | | X | X |
| 3 | Tableting problems | X | | | | | X | X | | | X | X |
| 4 | Evaluation of tablets | | X | | | | | X | | | X | X |
| 5 | Tablets coating | | X | | | | | X | | | X | X |
| 6 | Film coat defects | | | X | | | | X | | | X | X |
| 7 | Midterm | X | X | X | X | | | X | X | X | | |
| 8 | Quiz+ Particle size reduction | | | | | | X | | X | | X | X |
| 9 | Particle size reduction + Activity | | | X | | | | X | | X | X | X |
| 10 | Particle size reduction + Activity | | | X | | | | X | | X | X | X |
| 11 | Particle size reduction + Activity | | | X | | | | X | X | X | X | X |
| 12 | Quality control | | | | X | | | | X | | X | X |
| 13 | Practical exam | | | | | X | X | X | X | | | X |

Matrix II of Industrial Pharmacy-2 course

| NARS | Program ILOS | Course ILOS | Course content | Sources | Teaching and learning methods | | | Method of assessment | | | |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------|---|
| | | | | | Lecture | Practical session | Self learning | written exam | Practical exam | Oral exam | |
| 2.1 | Principles of basic, pharmaceutical, medical, social, behavioral, management, health and environmental sciences as well as pharmacy practice. | A2 | a ₁ | Types, classes of tablets, advantages and additives used in tablet preparation | Student book Essential books | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | a ₃ | Film coat defects Particle size reduction | Student book Essential books | x | | | x | | x |
| 2.7 | Principles of various instruments and techniques including | A18 | a ₂ | Manufacturing of tablets Problems of tablets Evaluation of tablets Tablet coating | Student book Essential books | x | | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | sampling, manufacturing, packaging, labeling, storing and distribution processes in pharmaceutical industry | | a ₄ | Quality control Packaging | Student book Essential books | x | x | | x | | x |
| 3.3 | Compound, dispense, label, store and distribute medicines effectively and safely. | B4 | b1 | Different types of tablets | Student book Essential books and practical notes | x | | | | | |
| | | | | Tablets preparation Tableting problems Evaluation of tablets Tablets coating | Student book Essential books and practical notes | | x | | x | | |
| | | | b2 | Film coat defects Particle size reduction Quality control | Student book Essential books Internet | x | x | | | | |
| | | | | | Student book Essential books | | x | | x | | |
| 4.2 | Comprehend and apply GLP, GPMP, GSP and GCP guidelines in pharmacy practice. | C4 | c1 | Manufacturing of tablets | Student book Essential books | x | | x | | x | |
| | | | | Problems of tablets | Student book Essential books | | x | | x | | |
| | | | c2 | Evaluation of tablets Tablet coating | Student book Essential books | x | | x | | x | |
| | | | | Film coat defects Particle size reduction Quality control | Student book Essential books | | x | | x | | |
| | | | c3 | Packaging | Student book Essential books Internet | x | | x | | x | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|-----|----|----------|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | | Student book Essential books | | x | | | x | | |
| 5.3 | Work effectively in a team. | D3 | d1 | Activity | Practical notes And student book | x | | | x | | | |
| | | | | | | | x | x | | x | | |
| 5.4 | Use numeracy, calculation and statistical methods as well as information technology tools. | D5 | d2 | | | x | | x | x | | | |
| | | | | | | | x | | | x | | |
| 5.10 | Implement writing and thinking, problem- solving and decision- making abilities. | D11 | d3 | | | Practical notes And student book | | x | | | x | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Course Coordinators: Prof. Dr. Fakh El-Din Ghazy

Head of Department: Prof. Dr. Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab

Date: 2019 / 12 / تم مناقشة و اعتماد توصيف المقرر من مجلس القسم بتاريخ

**COURSE
SPECIFICATIONS**

Phytotherapy

**Fifth year – second Term
2019-2020**

Course Specification of Phytotherapy

University: **Zagazig** Faculty: **Pharmacy**

A- Course specifications:

Program(s) on which the course is given: Bachelor of Pharmacy

Major or Minor element of programs: Major

Academic year/Level: Fifth year /Second term

Date of specification approval: 30/ 9/ 2019

B- Basic information:

Title: Phytotherapy

Code: PG 528

Credit Hours: 3

Lectures: 2 hrs/week

Practical: 2 hrs/week

Tutorials: ---

Total: 3 hrs/week

C- Professional information:

1-Overall Aims of the Course:

- Describe fundamental knowledge about complementary medicine; in particular herbal medicine and its relation to conventional medicine. In addition, the student will be able to formulate and use herbal medications in some common health problems, and will know its toxicological aspects, regulatory laws of production and forensic pharmacognosy.
- Gain effective presentation skills, teamwork and internet search

2-Intended Learning Outcomes of Phytotherapy

| A- Knowledge and Understanding | |
|---|--|
| a1 | Illustrate the principles of alternative medicine (history and forms) and its relation to conventional medicine. |
| a2 | Outline the principles of herbal medicine preparation and efficacy. |
| a3 | Summarize the principles of using some herbal medications to relief some common health problems e.g. GIT, cardiovascular, respiratory, urinary, CNS,etc |
| a4 | Demonstrate principles and approaches about narcotic drugs, nutraceuticals, toxicological aspects of herbal medicines, its concomitant use with conventional medicine, regulations of its production and forensic pharmacognosy. |
| a5 | Identify pharmacological properties, adverse reactions and contraindications of some herbal medications used in some specific health problems |
| B- Professional and Practical skills | |
| b1 | Diagnose simple health problems e.g. GIT, cardiovascular, respiratory, urinary, CNS,etc. |
| b2 | Describe a herbal remedy for treatment of common health problems. |
| b3 | Practice patient counselling by using case study. |
| C- Intellectual skills | |
| c1 | Apply knowledge from previously taught pharmacognosy courses in herbal medicine. |
| c2 | Analyse information using scientific and library based knowledge for using herbal medicine as an alternative medicine. |
| D- General and Transferable skills | |
| d1 | Reprocess information from different sources. |
| d2 | Work effectively as a member of a team |
| d3 | Write reports and present it. |
| d4 | Demonstrate decision making and problem solving skills |

D- Contents:

| Week No. | Lecture (2hrs/week) | Practical session/ activity* (2hrs/week) |
|----------|--|--|
| 1 | -Definition, history and forms of alternative medicine -Herbal medicine versus conventional medicine | - An introduction for use of herbal medicine for treatment of simple health problems. |
| 2 | - Herb-drug interaction - Preparation of herbal medications | Activity: Oral presentation for different forms of alternative medicine e.g: Homeopathy , chiropractic.....etc |
| 3 | -Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (mouth disorder, peptic ulcer, diarrhea, constipation) | -Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (mouth disorder, peptic ulcer, diarrhea, constipation) Activity: Oral presentation for commercially available herbal market preparations used for GIT disorders (mouth disorder, peptic ulcer, diarrhea, constipation). |
| 4 | -Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (intestinal worms, hemorrhoids.....etc) - Herbal medications for hepatic disorders | - Herbal remedies used as anthelmintic - Herbal remedies used for hemorrhoids -Drugs used for hepatic disorders Activity: Oral presentation for commercially available herbal market preparations used for hepatic disorders, hemorrhoids and used as anthelmintic |
| 5 | -Herbal medications for renal problems | - Drugs used for renal disorders Activity: Oral presentation for commercially available herbal market preparations used for renal disorders |
| 6 | - Herbal medications for CNS disorders | -Drugs used for CNS disorders Activity: Oral presentation for commercially available herbal market preparations used for CNS disorders. |
| 7 | Midterm exam | |
| 8 | -Herbal medications for cardiovascular disorders | - Herbal medications for cardiovascular disorders Activity: Oral presentation for commercially available herbal market preparations used for cardiovascular disorders |
| 9 | -Herbal remedies for respiratory tract problems | -Drugs used for cold and other respiratory disorders Activity: Oral presentation for commercially |

| | | |
|-----------|---|--|
| | | available herbal market preparations used for respiratory tract disorders |
| 10 | -Herbal medications for diabetes - Herbal medications for obesity | - Herbal medications for diabetes and obesity Activity: Oral presentation for commercially available herbal market preparations used for diabetes and obesity |
| 11 | -Herbal remedies for dermatologic use -Herbal medications for skeletal system | - Herbal drugs used for dermatological use and skeletal disorders Activity: Oral presentation for commercially available herbal market preparations used for dermatological use and skeletal disorders |
| 12 | - Nutraceuticals -Narcotic drugs. -Toxicological aspects of herbal medicine | Final practical exam |
| 13 | -Regulatory laws for production of herbal remedies -Forensic Pharmacognosy | Final practical exam |
| 14 | Revision | |
| 15 | Final written exam | |

***Activity:**

A group of 3-5 students should collect commercially available herbal products in Egyptian market used to treat certain disease. Each group should submit oral presentation on his report within 5-10 minutes covering main topic e.g: Overview of the plant materials, active ingredients, dosage form, drug interaction, mode of action....etc as well as introduction to the disease.

E- Teaching and Learning Methods:

- Interactive lectures
- Practical sessions
- Case study.
- Role play.
- Self-learning (group discussion, group assignment)
- Teamwork net research.
- Oral presentation skills.

F- Student Assessment Methods:

- 1- Written exam (midterm, final) to assess: a1-5, c1-2.
- 2- Activity to assess: d1-4.

3- Practical exam to assess: b1-3, c2-3, d1-4.

4- Oral exam to assess: a1-5, c1-2, d4.

Assessment schedule:

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Assessment (1): Midterm exam | Week 7 |
| Assessment (2): Activity | Every Week |
| Assessment (3): Practical exam | Week 12, 13 |
| Assessment (4): Final written exam | Week 15 |
| Assessment (5): Oral exams | Week 15 |

Weighting of Assessment:

| Assessment method | Marks | Percentage |
|--------------------|-------|------------|
| Midterm exam | 10 | 10% |
| Activity | 5 | 5% |
| Practical exam | 20 | 20% |
| Final written exam | 50 | 50% |
| Oral exam | 15 | 15% |
| TOTAL | 100 | 100% |

G- Facilities Required for Teaching and Learning:

- For lectures: black (white) board, data show.
- Laboratory equipment: computers and data show.

H- List of References:

1- Course Notes:

Student book of Phytotherapy approved by Pharmacognosy Department (2019).

2- Essential books:

- Andrew C. Herbal Remedies Handbook. 2nd Ed., Published by Dorling Kindersley Ltd., Delhi, 2018
- Lesley B. and Marc C. Herbs and Natural Supplements. 4th Ed., volume 2, Published by Sydney, Edinburg, London & New York, 2015

3- Recommended books:

- Michael H., Joanne B., Jose P. G., Elizabeth M. W., Simon G. Fundamentals of Pharmacognosy and Phytotherapy, 3rd Ed., Published by Elsevier, 2018
- Kuhn M. A. and Winston D. Herbal Therapy Supplements; 2nd Ed. Published by Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins, 2008.

4- Periodicals and websites:

- Fitoterapia, Die Pharmazie, Journal of Natural Products, Phytochemistry, Planta medica

[http:// www.elsevier.com/phytochem](http://www.elsevier.com/phytochem)

[http:// www.elsevier.com/phytomed](http://www.elsevier.com/phytomed)

[http:// www.wiley.co.uk.](http://www.wiley.co.uk)

[http:// www.sciencedirect.com](http://www.sciencedirect.com)

Course Coordinator: Prof. Dr. Assem Mohamed Mohamed El-Shazly

Head of Department: Prof. Dr. Amal Amin El-Gendy

Date: 30-9-2019 تم مناقشة و اعتماد توصيف المقرر من مجلس القسم بتاريخ

Matrix I of Phytotherapy course

| Course Contents | | ILOs of Phytotherapy course | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|-----------------------------|----|----|----|----|-----------------------------------|----|----|---------------------|----|---------------------------------|----|----|----|
| | | Knowledge and understanding | | | | | Professional and practical skills | | | Intellectual skills | | General and transferable skills | | | |
| Lectures | | a1 | a2 | a3 | a4 | a5 | b1 | b2 | b3 | c1 | c2 | d1 | d2 | d3 | d4 |
| 1 | -Definition, history and forms of alternative medicine -Herbal medicine versus conventional medicine | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | - Herb-drug interaction - Preparation of herbal medications | | x | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | -Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (mouth disorder, peptic ulcer, diarrhea, constipation) | | | x | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 4 | -Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (intestinal worms, hemorrhoids.....etc) - Herbal medications for hepatic disorders | | | x | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 5 | -Herbal medications for cardiovascular disorders | | | x | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 6 | -Herbal remedies for respiratory tract problems | | | x | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 7 | Midterm exam | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | -Herbal medications for diabetes - Herbal medications for obesity | | | x | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 9 | -Herbal medications for renal problems | | | x | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 10 | - Herbal medications for CNS disorders | | | x | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 11 | -Herbal remedies for dermatologic use -Herbal medications for skeletal system | | | x | | x | | | | x | x | | | | |
| 12 | -Narcotic drugs. - Nutraceuticals | | | | x | | | | | | | | | | |

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|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | -Toxicological aspects of herbal medicine | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | -Regulatory laws for production of herbal remedies -Forensic Pharmacognosy | | | | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Practical sessions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | - An introduction for use of herbal medicine for treatment of simple health problems. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Activity: Oral presentation for different forms of alternative medicine e.g: Homeopathy , chiropractic.....etc | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | -Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (mouth disorder, peptic ulcer, diarrhea, constipation) Activity: Oral presentation for herbal market preparations used for GIT disorders (mouth disorder, peptic ulcer, diarrhea, constipation). | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | - Herbal remedies used as anthelmintic - Herbal remedies used for hemorrhoids -Drugs used for hepatic disorders Activity : Oral presentation for herbal market preparations used for hepatic disorders, hemorrhoids and used as anthelmintic | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | - Herbal medications for cardiovascular disorders Activity: Oral presentation for herbal market preparations used for cardiovascular disorders | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | -Drugs used for cold and other respiratory disorders Activity: Oral presentation for herbal market preparations used for respiratory tract disorders | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | - Herbal medications for diabetes and obesity Activity: Oral presentation for herbal market preparations used fo diabetes and obesity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | - Drugs used for renal disorders | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|----------|----------|----------|
| | Activity: Oral presentation for herbal market preparations used for renal disorders | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | -Drugs used for CNS disorders Activity: Oral presentation for herbal market preparations used for CNS disorders. | | | | | | x | x | x | | | x | x | x | x |
| 23 | - Herbal drugs used for dermatological use and skeletal disorders Activity: Oral presentation for herbal market preparations used for dermatological use and skeletal disorders | | | | | | x | x | x | | | x | x | x | x |
| 24 | Activity | | | | | | | | | | | x | x | x | x |

Matrix II of Phytotherapy course

| National Academic Reference Standards (NARS) | | Program ILOs | Course ILOs | Course contents | Sources | Teaching and learning methods | | | Methods of assessment | | | |
|--|--|--------------|--|---|--------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|
| | | | | | | Lecture | Practical session | Self learning | Written exam | Practical exam | Mid term exam | Oral exam |
| 2.1 5 | Underline basis of complementary and alternative medicine | A32 | a1 | -Definition, history and forms of alternative medicine -Herbal medicine versus conventional medicine | Student book | x | | | x | | x | x |
| | | | a2 | - Herb-drug interaction - Preparation of herbal medications | | | | | | | | |
| 2.1 | Define principles of pharmacy practice (pharmaceutical care and professional | | a3 | -Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (mouth disorder, peptic ulcer, diarrhea, constipation | | | | | | | | |
| a5 | | | -Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (intestinal worms, | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | <p>pharmacy (clinical, hospital, community...), complementary and alternative medicine, drug and poison information, pharmacy laws and regulations).</p> | A8 | | <p>hemorrhoids...etc)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Herbal medications for hepatic disorders -Herbal medications for cardiovascular disorders -Herbal remedies for respiratory tract problems -Herbal medications for diabetes - Herbal medications for obesity -Herbal medications for renal problems - Herbal medications for CNS disorders -Herbal remedies for dermatologic use -Herbal medications for skeletal system | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | a4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">-Narcotic drugs.- Nutraceuticals-Toxicological aspects of herbal medicine-Regulatory laws for production of herbal remedies-Forensic Pharmacognosy | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----|---------------------|---|----------------|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| 3.5 | Select medicines for a given disease based on its etiology, pathphysiology, possible interactions and age-related factors | B8 | <p>b1</p> <p>b2</p> | <p>- An introduction for use of herbal medicine for treatment of simple health problems.</p> <p>-Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (mouth disorder, peptic ulcer, diarrhea, constipation)</p> <p>- Herbal remedies used as anthelmintic</p> <p>- Herbal remedies used for hemorrhoids</p> <p>-Drugs used for hepatic disorders</p> <p>- Herbal medications for cardiovascular disorders</p> <p>-Drugs used for cold</p> | practical note | | x | | | x | | |
|-----|---|----|---------------------|---|----------------|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|-----|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 3.10 | Advise patients and other health care professionals about safe and proper use of medicines. | B17 | b3 | <p>and other respiratory disorders</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Herbal medications for diabetes and obesity -Drugs used for renal disorders -Drugs used for CNS disorders - Herbal drugs used for dermatological use and skeletal disorders | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|-----|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|-----|----|---|--------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| 4.9 | Integrate the knowledge of physiology, pharmacology and toxic profile for proper selection of OTC and prescribed drugs for the management of different diseases according to their pathogenesis | C14 | c1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Herb-drug interaction - Preparation of herbal medications -Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (mouth disorder, peptic ulcer, diarrhea, constipation -Herbal remedies for GIT disorders (intestinal worms, hemorrhoids..etc) - Herbal medications for hepatic disorders -Herbal medications for cardiovascular disorders -Herbal remedies for respiratory tract | Student book | x | | | x | | x | x |
|-----|---|-----|----|---|--------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--|-----|----|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 4.1 4 | Analyze a wide range of information including both scientific and librarybased material in pharmacy practice | C19 | c2 | <p>problems -Herbal medications for diabetes</p> <p>- Herbal medications for obesity -Herbal medications for renal problems - Herbal medications for CNS disorders -Herbal remedies for dermatologic use</p> <p>-Herbal medications for skeletal system</p> | | | | | | | | |
| 5.2 | Demonstrate professional competence in internet use and gathering information from different sources to improve professional abilities | D2 | d1 | <p>Activity Oral presentation for herbal medications used for treatment of common health problems</p> | Intern et essential | | | | | | | |
| 5.3 | Implement tasks | D3 | d2 | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|-----|----|--|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | as a member of a team | | | | and recommended books. | | | | | | | |
| 5.9 | Implement writing and presentation skills. | D10 | d3 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.10 | Develop critical thinking, problem-solving and decision-making abilities | D11 | d4 | | | | | | | | | |

Course Coordinator: Prof. Dr. Assem Mohamed Mohamed El-Shazly

Head of Department: Prof. Dr. Amal Amin El-Gendy

Date: 30-9-2019 تم مناقشة و اعتماد توصيف المقرر من مجلس القسم بتاريخ



**COURSE
SPECIFICATIONS**

Quality Control

**Fifth year – second Term
2019-2020**

Course Specification of Quality Control

University: Zagazig **Faculty:** Pharmacy

A- Course specifications:

Program(s) on which the course is given: Bachelor of Pharmacy

Major or Minor element of programs: Major

Department offering the program: -----

Department offering the course: Analytical chemistry Department

Academic year/ Level: Fifth year /Second term

Date of specification approval: Feb. 2020

B- Basic information:

Title: Quality Control

Code: AC525

Credit Hours: ---

Lectures : 2 hrs/week

Practical: 2 hrs/week

Tutorials: ---

Total: 3 hrs/week

C- Professional information:

1-Overall Aims of the Course:

On completion of the course, students will be able to explain drug registration and assessment, analytical Problems (sampling, experimental errors, choice of methods of an analysis and validation), drug stability and degradation products, Function group analysis. determination of active ingredients in different dosage forms, Quality assurance of pharmaceuticals G.M.P, ISO and BSI.

2-Intended Learning Outcomes of Quality Control (ILOs):

| A- Knowledge and Understanding | |
|---|--|
| a1 | Describe different function group analysis and drug stability. |
| a2 | Demonstrate various analytical techniques for drug analysis and determination of active ingredients in different dosage forms, |
| a3 | Illustrate different analytical Problems (sampling, experimental errors, choice of methods of an analysis and validation) |
| B- Professional and Practical skills | |
| b1 | Handle basic laboratory equipments & chemicals effectively and safely. |
| b2 | Identify active ingredients quantitatively. |
| C- Intellectual skills | |
| c1 | Apply GMP guidelines in pharmacy practice. |
| c2 | Choose quantitative and qualitative methodology and assay of raw materials. |
| c3 | Select quantitative and qualitative methodology and assay of pharmaceutical preparations including: (tables, semisolids, eye drops, injection, suppositories and aerosols inhalation). |
| D- General and Transferable skills | |
| d1 | Improve professional abilities by evaluation information from different sources. |
| d2 | Work effectively as a member of a team. |
| d3 | Adopt safety guidelines |
| d4 | Write reports and present it. |

D- Contents:

| Week No. | Lecture (2hrs/week) | Practical session (2hrs/week) |
|----------|---|--|
| 1 | quality assurance of pharmaceuticals , G.M.P, ISO and BSI | Safety guidness |
| 2 | -Analytical Problem: sampling | Assay of Paracetamol tablets. Assay of Isoniazid tablets |
| 3 | Analytical Problem: experimental errors | Assay of Glycerol suppositories |
| 4 | -Analytical Problem: choice of methods of an analysis and validation | Assay of Chloramphenicol- |
| 5 | Drug stability and degradation product (1) | Capsules |
| 6 | Drug stability and degradation product (2) | Assay of Chloramphenicol eye drops Assay of Lidocaine injection |
| 7 | Mid term exam | |
| 8 | Introduction to Pharmaceutical Analysis | Assay of Furosemide |
| 9 | - Function group analysis <u>-Classical analysis</u> | Activity(Report) |
| 10 | Function group analysis -Instrumental analysis | Assay of Sodium chloride intravenous infusion |
| 11 | Calibration/performance verification of instruments and equipment, | Assay of Salicylic acid ointment |
| 12 | Determination of active ingredients in tablets, semisolid and eye drops | Practical exam |
| 13 | Determination of active ingredients in injection and suppositories | Practical exam |
| 14 | -Revision | |
| 15 | Final exam | |

E- Teaching and Learning Methods:

- Lectures
- Practical sessions
- Self learning (activity, internet search)

F- Student Assessment Methods:

- 1- Written exam to assess a1,a2,a3 ,c2,c3
- 2- Activity to assess c4, d1, d2, d3, d4
- 3- Practical exam to assess b1,b2,c1,c2,c3,d1,d2,d3,d4
- 4- Oral exam to assess a1,a2,a3,c2,c3

Assessment schedule:

| | |
|--|------------|
| Assessment (1): Written exams | Week 15 |
| Assessment (2): Activity | Week 9 |
| Assessment (3): Practical exams | Week 12,13 |
| Assessment (4): Oral exams | Week 15 |
| Assessment (1): midterm exam | Week 7 |

Weighting of Assessment:

| Assessment method | Marks | Percentage |
|-------------------|-------|------------|
| Written exam | 50 | 50% |
| Midterm exam | 10 | 10% |
| Practical exam | 20 | 20% |
| activity | 5 | 5% |
| Oral exam | 15 | 15% |
| TOTAL | 100 | 100% |

G- Facilities Required for Teaching and Learning:

- Black (white) board, Data show, laboratory equipments and chemicals.

H- List of References:

1- Course Notes: Student book of Quality Control approved by Analytical chemistry department 2019.

- Practical notes of Quality Control approved by Analytical chemistry department 2019.

2- Essential Books:

- i- Guidance for the Validation of Analytical Methodology and Calibration of Equipment used for Testing of Illicit Drugs in Seized Materials and Biological Specimens, Laboratory and Scientific Section, United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, 2009
- ii- A. Kar, Pharmaceutical Drug Analysis, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, New Delhi, 2005
- iii- B.p. & U.S Pharmacopia (1988-2007)
- iv- Chemical Stability of Pharmaceuticals: A Handbook for Pharmacists, 2nd Edition ; Connors K.A., Amidon G.L., Stella V.J.
- v- Pharmaceutical Process Validation: An International (Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences Book 129) 3rd Edition, Robert A. Nash, Alfred H. Wachter, 2003
- vi- Photostability of drugs and drug formulations; 2nd Edition. Hanne Hjorth Tønnesen (2004)

3- Recommended books

- i- Quality assurance of pharmaceuticals : a compendium of guidelines and related materials. Vol. 2, Good manufacturing practices and inspection. – 2nd ed, 2007

3- Periodicals, Web Sites, etc

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/entrez>

<http://journals.tubitak.gov.tr/chem/index.php>

<http://www.pharmacopoeia.co.uk/>

www.Pubmed.Com

www.sciencedirect.com

Course Coordinator: Prof. Dr. Hisham Ezzat Abdel Lattif

Head of department: Prof. Dr. Hisham Ezzat Abdel Lattif

Date: 2020/2/ تم مناقشة واعتماد توصيف المقرر من مجلس القسم المقرر بتاريخ

Matrix I of Quality Control course

| Matrix I of Quality Control course | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|----|----|--|-----------------------------------|----|---------------------|----|----|----|---------------------------------|----|----|----|
| Course Contents | | ILOs of Quality Control course | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | knowledge and understanding | | | | professional and practical skills | | intellectual skills | | | | General and transferable skills | | | |
| | | a1 | a2 | a3 | | b1 | b2 | c1 | c2 | c3 | c4 | d1 | d2 | d3 | d4 |
| Lectures | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | quality assurance of pharmaceuticals , G.M.P, ISO and BSI | x | | | | | | x | | | | | | | |
| 2 | -Analytical Problem: sampling | | | x | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Analytical Problem: experimental errors | | | x | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | -Analytical Problem: choice of methods of an analysis and validation | | | x | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Drug stability and degradation product (1), (2) | x | | | | | | | x | | | | | | |
| 6 | Introduction to Pharmaceutical Analysis | | x | | | | | | | x | | | | | |
| 7 | - Function group analysis <u>Classical analysis , instrumental analysis</u> | x | | | | | | | | x | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | Determination of active ingredients in different dosage forms | | x | | | | | | | x | | | | |
| 9 | Calibration/performance verification of instruments and equipment, | | x | | | | | x | | | | | | |
| Practical sessions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Assay of : Paracetamol tablets, Isoniazid tablets, Glycerol suppositories, Chloramphenicol capsules, Chloramphenicol eye drops, Lidocaine injection, Furosemide,Sodium chloride intravenous infusion, Salicylic acid ointment Phenylephrine eye drops. | | | | | x | x | | | x | | | | |
| 2 | Activity (reports) | | | | | | | | | | x | x | x | x |

Matrix II of Quality Control course

| National Academic Reference Standards (NARS) | Program ILOs | Course ILOs | Course contents | Sources | Teaching and learning methods | | | Method of assessment | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------|
| | | | | | lecture | practical session | self learning | written exam | practical exam | oral exam |
| 2.2 | A9 | a1 | Drug stability and degradation product | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | Function group analysis Classical analysis Function group analysis Instrumental analysis | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| 2.3 | A11 | a1 | quality assurance of pharmaceuticals , G.M.P, ISO and BSI | student book | x | | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|--|-----|----|--|-------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| | and validation procedures. | | | Calibration/performance verification of instruments and equipment | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | | Analytical Problem: Choice of methods of an analysis and validation | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| 2.4 | Principles of isolation, synthesis, purification, identification, and standardization methods of pharmaceutical compounds. | A12 | a2 | Determination of active ingredients in Tablets semisolid and eye drops | student book, essential books | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | | Determination of active ingredients in injection and suppositories | student book, essential books | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | | Determination of active ingredients in aerosols inhalation | student book, essential books | x | | | x | | x |
| 2.17 | Methods of biostatistical analysis and pharmaceutical calculations | A36 | a3 | Analytical Problem: sampling and experimental errors | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | | Analytical Problem: Choice of methods of an analysis and validation | student book | x | | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|----|----|---|-----------------|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| 3.2 | Handle and dispose chemicals and pharmaceutical preparations safely | B2 | b1 | .Assay of : Paracetamol tablets,Isoniazid tablets,Glycerol suppositories,Chloramphenicol capsules, Chloramphenicol eye drops, Lidocaine injection,Furosemide,Sodium chloride intravenous infusion,Salicylic acid ointment&Phenylephrine eye drops. | Practical notes | | x | | | | x | |
| 3.4 | Extract, isolate, synthesize, purify, identify, and/or standardize active substances from different origins. | B6 | b2 | .Assay of : Paracetamol tablets,Isoniazid tablets,Glycerol suppositories,Chloramphenicol capsules, Chloramphenicol eye drops, Lidocaine injection,Furosemide,Sodium chloride intravenous infusion,Salicylic acid ointment&Phenylephrine eye drops. | Practical notes | | x | | | | x | |
| 4.2 | Comprehend and apply GLP,GPMP, GSP and GCP guidelines in pharmacy practice | C3 | c1 | Quality assurance of pharmaceuticals G.M.P ,ISO and BSI | student book | x | | | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----|----|--|--------------|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| 4.3 | Apply qualitative and quantitative analytical and biological methods for QC and assay of raw materials as well as pharmaceutical preparations | C6 | c2 | Drug stability and degradation product | student book | x | | | | | |
| | | C7 | c3 | Determination of active ingredients in Tablets semisolid and eye drops | student book | x | | | x | | |
| | | | | Determination of active ingredients in injection and suppositories | student book | x | | | x | | |
| | | | | Determination of active ingredients in aerosols inhalation | student book | x | | | x | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----|----|---|--------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| | | | | .Assay of : Paracetamol tablets,Isoniazid tablets,Glycerol suppositories,Chloramphenicol capsules, Chloramphenicol eye drops, Lidocaine injection,Furosemide,Sodium chloride intravenous infusion,Salicylic acid ointment&Phenylephrine eye drops. | Practical notebook | | x | | | | x | |
| 5.2 | Retrieve and evaluate information from different sources to improve professional competencies | D2 | d1 | Drug registration and assessment | student book | x | | | | x | | x |
| | | | | Activities(reports) | essential books/Internet | | x | x | | x | | |
| 5.3 | Work effectively in a team | D3 | d2 | Activities(reports) | essential books/Internet | | x | x | | | x | |
| 5.6 | Adopt ethical , sales and safety guidelines | D7 | d3 | Drug registration and assessment | student book | x | | | | x | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|-----|----|---------------------|--------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| 5.9 | Implement writing and presentation skills | D10 | d4 | Activities(reports) | essential books/Internet | | x | x | | x | |
|-----|---|-----|----|---------------------|--------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|--|

Course Coordinator: Prof. Hisham Ezzat Abdel Latif

Head of department: Prof. Hisham Ezzat Abdel Latif

Date: 2020/2/ تم مناقشة واعتماد توصيف المقرر من مجلس القسم المقرر بتاريخ



**COURSE
SPECIFICATIONS**

Drug Design

**Fifth year – second Term
2019-2020**

Course specification of Drug Design

University: Zagazig Faculty: Pharmacy

A- Course specifications:

Program (s) on which the course is given: Bachelor of Pharmacy
Major or Minor element of programs: Major
Department offering the program: -----
Department offering the course: Medicinal chemistry department
Academic year Level: Fifth year/Second term
Date of specification approval: 24-2-2020

B- Basic information:

Title: Drug Design Code: MC524
Credit Hours :
Lectures: 2 hrs/week
Practical: 2 hrs/week
Tutorials: ---
Total: 3 hrs/week

C- Professional information:

1-Overall aim of the course

- On completion of the course, students will be able to illustrate hydrophobic, electronic & steric properties of drugs, outline drug metabolism, describe computer-aided tools used in drug design, identify different proteins as drug target, construct a research study and analyze the results and work effectively as a member of a team.

:

2-Intended Learning Outcomes of Drug Design (ILOs):

| A- Knowledge and Understanding | |
|---|---|
| a1 | Demonstrate hydrophobic, electronic & steric properties of drugs |
| a2 | Identify different drug sources, drug discovery, drug targets, QSAR and combinatorial synthesis of drug. |
| a3 | Describe drug discovery, drug development, drug targets and identifying a bioassay and chemical delivery system |
| a4 | Demonstrate drug metabolism and the concept of drug latentiation. |
| B- Professional and Practical skills | |
| b1 | Predict the physical, chemical properties and biological activity of organic compounds based on molecular structure and drug-design theories. |
| b2 | Draw chemical structures using Chem Draw Program and analyze the results. |
| b3 | Interpret the protein-ligand interaction in 2D and 3D poses utilizing MOE program. |
| C- Intellectual skills | |
| c1 | Identify and quantify physico-chemical properties of pharmaceutical preparation. |
| c2 | Manipulate the basic concepts of drug design, development and targeting. |
| c3 | Assess drug receptor interactions and the concerning theories. |
| D- General and Transferable skills | |
| d1 | Develop the skills required for continued self-professional development and self learning. |
| d2 | Work effectively as a member of a team. |
| d3 | Generate effective and reasonable solutions for rising problems based on the available information. |
| d4 | Develop and enhance rational thinking problem solving and decision making skills |

D- Contents:

| Week No. | Lecture (2hrs/week) | Practical session (2hrs/week) |
|----------|--|--|
| 1 | Drug discovery and drug development - drug targets- identifying a bioassay | Theoretical Introduction to drug design |
| 2 | Finding a lead compound - screening of natural products and synthetic' banks' | Henderson–Hasselbalch Equation Identify the Functional Groups, and Predict the Water Solubility |
| 3 | - Combinatorial synthesis and computer-aided drug design - Structure determination and target-orientated drug design | Drawing Chemical Structures using ChemDraw Program Activity (Problem solving) |
| 4 | Application of drug development strategy in discovering new drugs | Introduction to Molecular Operating Environment (MOE) - Molecules Building and minimization |
| 5 | -Application of drug development strategy in discovering new drugs (i.e. H ₂ -blockers and cox-2 inhibitors -Bioisosterism | MOE: Steric measurements Ligand surface mapping & flexible alignment |
| 6 | Quantitative structure-activity relationships | MOE: Ligand Preparation |
| 7 | Midterm exam | |
| 8 | Electronic effects (σ), Hansch equation | MOE: Database Creation |
| 9 | The Craig plot, The Topliss scheme | MOE: Protein Preparation (Part I) |
| 10 | Drug-receptor interactions Forces involved in drug receptor interaction | MOE: Protein Preparation (Part II) Activity (case study) |
| 11 | Enzyme as drug target | MOE: Docking Process |
| 12 | Receptor as drug target Nucleic acid as drug target and other minor target | MOE: Ligand interaction |
| 13 | Prodrugs and drug latention Bioprecursor prodrugs, chemical delivery systems | -Practical exam |
| 14 | Combinatorial synthesis and computer-aided design | -Practical exam |

| | | |
|-----------|----------------------------|--|
| 15 | -Final written exam | |
|-----------|----------------------------|--|

E- Teaching and Learning Methods:

- Lectures
- Practical sessions
- Self -learning (Internet, report writing)
- Problem solving/ Case study.

F- Student Assessment Methods:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1- Written exam to assess | a1, a2, a3, a4, c2, c3 |
| 2- Activity to assess | d1, d2, d3 |
| 3- Practical exam to assess | b1, b2, b3, c1, c3, d3, d4 |
| 4- Oral exam to assess | a1, a1, a3, a4, c2, c3 |

Assessment schedule:

| | |
|--|------------|
| Assessment (1): final Written exam | Week 15 |
| Assessment (2): mid-term exam | Week 7 |
| Assessment (3): Activity (problem solving and case study) | Week 3,10 |
| Assessment (4): Practical exams | Week 13,14 |
| Assessment (5): Oral exam | Week 15 |

Weighting of Assessment:

| Assessment method | Marks | Percentage |
|--------------------|-------|------------|
| Final written exam | 50 | 50% |
| Midterm exam | 10 | 10% |
| Activities | 5 | 5% |
| Practical exam | 20 | 20% |
| Oral exam | 15 | 15% |
| TOTAL | 100 | 100% |

G- Facilities Required for Teaching and Learning:

1. **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, data show.
2. **For Labs:**
 - Drug design Lab
 - Chem. Office program to help the students to draw the structures of different drugs
 - Other learning material such as computer-based programs/CD, professional standards or regulations and software.

H- List of References:

1- Course Notes:

- Practical notes of drug design approved by medicinal chemistry department 2019/2020.
- Lectures handout

2- Essential Books:

- The organic chemistry of drug design and drug action, 3rd edition, Richard B. Silverman and Mark W. Holladay (2015).
- Wilson & Griswold's Textbook of Organic: Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry; Wilson, Charles Owens; Beale, John Marlowe; Block, John H.; Block, John H.; Griswold, Ole; Wiley-Interscience (2011).
- Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry; Williams, David A., William O. Foye, and Thomas L. Lemke; Lippincott Williams and Wilkins (2016).
- B.p. &U.S Pharmacopia (1988-2017)

3- Recommended books

- i- An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry; Patrick, Graham L, Oxford (2017)

4- Periodicals, Web Sites, etc

<http://www.rcsb.org>

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/entrez>

<http://www.ekb.eg>

<http://journals.tubitak.gov.tr/chem/index.php>

<http://www.pharmacopoeia.co.uk/>
www.Pubmed.Com
www.sciencedirect.com

- **Course Coordinator:** Prof. Dr. Mohamed Elhusseny Elsadek
- **Head of department:** Prof.Dr. Kamel A. Metwally

Date: تم مناقشة واعتماد توصيف

المقرر من مجلس القسم المقرر بتاريخ 2020-2-24

Matrix I of Drug Design Course

| Course Contents | | ILOs of Drug Design course | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|-----------------------------|----|----|----|-----------------------------------|----|----|---------------------|----|----|---------------------------------|----|----|----|
| | | Knowledge and understanding | | | | Professional and practical skills | | | Intellectual skills | | | General and transferable skills | | | |
| Lectures | | a1 | a2 | a3 | a4 | b1 | b2 | b3 | c1 | c2 | c3 | d1 | d2 | d3 | d4 |
| 1 | Drug discovery and drug development - drug targets- identifying a bioassay | | X | x | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Finding a lead compound -screening of natural products and synthetic' banks' | | X | x | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Combinatorial synthesis and computer-aided drug design Structure determination and target-orientated drug design | | X | x | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Application of drug development strategy in discovering new drugs | | X | x | | | | | | x | | | | | |
| 5 | Application of drug development strategy in discovering new drugs (i.e. H2-blockers and cox-2 inhibitors Bioisosterism | | X | x | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Quantitative structure-activity relationships | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Electronic effects (σ), Hansch equation | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | The Craig plot, The Topliss scheme | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Drug-receptor interactions Forces involved in drug receptor interaction | | | | | | | | | x | | | | | |
| 10 | Enzyme as drug target | | x | x | | | | | | x | | | | | |
| 11 | Receptor as drug target | | x | x | | | | | | x | | | | | |

Matrix II of Drug Design course

| National Academic Reference Standards (NARS) | | Program ILOs | Course ILOs | Course contents | Sources | Teaching and learning methods | | | Methods of assessment | | |
|--|--|--------------|-------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------|
| | | | | | | Lecture | Practical session | Reports & case study | Written exam | Practical exam | Oral exam |
| 2.2 | Physical-chemical properties of various substances used in preparation of medicines including inactive and active ingredients as well as biotechnology and radio-labeled products. | [A9] | a1 | Quantitative structure-activity relationships | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | | Electronic effects (σ), Hansch equation | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | | The Craig plot, The Topliss scheme | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| 2.5 | Principles of drug design, development and synthesis. | [A14] | a2 | Quantitative structure-activity relationships | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | | Electronic effects (σ), Hansch equation The Craig plot, The Topliss scheme Drug discovery and drug development - drug targets- identifying a bioassay Finding a lead compound | | | | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------|----|--|--------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| | | | | -screening of natural products and synthetic' banks' Structure determination and target-orientated drug design Application of drug development strategy in discovering new drugs Enzyme as drug target Receptor as drug target Nucleic acid as drug target and other minor target Prodrugs and drug latention Bioprecursor prodrugs, chemical delivery systems Combinatorial synthesis and computer-aided design | | | | | | | |
| | | [A15] | a3 | Quantitative structure-activity relationships Electronic effects (σ), Hansch equation The Craig plot, The Topliss scheme | student book | x | | | x | | X |
| | | | | Drug discovery and drug development - drug targets- identifying a bioassay Finding a lead compound -screening of natural | student book | x | | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|-----|----|--|--------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| | | | | products and synthetic' banks' Structure determination and target-orientated drug design Application of drug development strategy in discovering new drugs Bioisosterism Enzyme as drug target Receptor as drug target Nucleic acid as drug target and other minor target Prodrugs and drug latention Bioprecursor prodrugs, chemical delivery systems | | | | | | | |
| 2.8 | Principles of pharmacokinetics and biopharmaceutics with applications in therapeutic drug monitoring, dose modification and bioequivalence studies. | A19 | a4 | Prodrugs and drug latention Bioprecursor prodrugs, chemical delivery systems | student book | x | | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|-------|----|--|--------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| 3.11 | Conduct research studies and analyze the results. | [B19] | b1 | Theoretical Introduction to drug design | Practical notebook | | x | | | | x | |
| | | | | Henderson–Hasselbalch Equation Identify the Functional Groups, and Predict the Water Solubility | Practical notes | | x | | | | x | |
| | | | b2 | Molecules Building using Chemdraw | Practical notes | | x | | | | x | |
| | | | | MOE: Molecules Building and minimization | Practical notes | | x | | | | x | |
| | | | b3 | Theoretical Introduction to drug design Molecules Building using Chemdraw MOE: Molecules Building and minimization MOE: Steric measurements Ligand surface mapping & flexible alignment MOE: Ligand Preparation MOE: Database Creation MOE: Protein Preparation MOE: Docking Process | Practical notes | | x | | | | x | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|-------|----|---|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | MOE: Ligand interaction | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Activity | Practical notes/Internet | | x | x | | x | |
| 4.3 | Apply qualitative and quantitative analytical and biological methods for QC and assay of raw materials as well as pharmaceutical preparations. | [C6] | c1 | Henderson–Hasselbalch Equation Identify the Functional Groups, and Predict the Water Solubility | Practical notes | | x | | | x | |
| 4.6 | Apply the principles of bio – informatics and computer –aided tools in drug design. | [C11] | c2 | Application of drug development strategy in discovering new drugs Drug-receptor interactions Forces involved in drug receptor interaction Enzyme as drug target Receptor as drug target Nucleic acid as drug target and other minor target | student book | x | | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|--|-------|----|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| 4.11 | Assess drug interactions, ADRs and pharmacovigilance. | [C16] | c3 | MOE: Steric measurements Ligand surface mapping & flexible alignment MOE: Ligand interaction | Practical notes/ internet/essential books | | x | x | | x | |
| 5.2 | Retrieve and evaluate information from different sources to improve professional competencies. | [D2] | d1 | Activity | Practical notes/ internet/essential books | | x | x | | x | |
| 5.3 | Work effectively in a team. | [D3] | d2 | Activity | Practical notes/ internet/essential books | | x | x | | x | |
| 5.4 | Use numeracy, calculation and statistical methods as well as information technology tools. | [D4] | d3 | Activity | Practical notes/ internet/essential books | | x | x | | x | |
| 5.10 | Implement writing and thinking, problem solving and decision making skills | D11 | d4 | MOE: Steric measurements Ligand surface mapping & flexible alignment MOE: Ligand interaction | Practical notes/ internet/essential books | | x | x | | x | |

**COURSE
SPECIFICATIONS**

**Production of Raw
Materials**

**Fifth year – second Term
2019-2020**

Course Specification of Production of drug raw materials for (2019/2020)

A- Course specifications:

- Program (s) on which the course is given: Bachelor of pharmacy
- Major or Minor element of programs: Major
- Department offering the course: Pharm. Organic chemistry
- Academic year Level: fifth year /Second term
- Date of specification approval: 2/2020

B- Basic information:

- Title: Production of drug raw materials Code:POC314
- Lectures: 2 hrs/week
- Practical: 2 hrs/week
- Tutorials: ---
- Total: 3 hrs/week

C- Professional information:

1- Overall aim of the course

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Illustrate the basic principles of protein, lipids, nucleotides, polymer chemistry
- Illustrate the principles of heterocyclic chemistry including pharmaceutically active drugs
- Illustrate different synthetic routes of heterocyclic nuclei as well as peptide and polymer synthesis
- Outline laboratory synthesis of different pharmaceutically active heterocyclic nuclei such as pyrazole, imidazole, quinoline and triazole.
- Adopt ethical, legal chemistry lab safety guidelines in dealing with chemicals and chemistry instruments.

2- Intended Learning Outcomes

| Knowledge and Understanding | |
|--|--|
| a1 | Illustrate the principles of proteins, lipids, nucleosides, nucleotides and polymers chemistry. |
| a2 | Illustrate the basic principles of bioinformatics as an advanced tool for bioscience related disciplines |
| a3 | outline different synthetic pathways for pharmaceutical heterocyclic compounds including commercially available drugs |
| Professional and Practical skills | |
| b1 | Handle basic laboratory equipments and chemicals effectively and safely. |
| b2 | synthesize different pharmaceutically active nuclei including pyrazole, imidazole, triazole, quinoline derivatives. |
| Intellectual skills | |
| c1 | Suggest appropriate methods of synthesis of different heterocyclic compounds as well as peptides and polymer synthesis |
| c2 | Adopt principles of bioinformatics as an advanced tool applied in bioscience and drug design related disciplines |
| General and Transferable skills | |
| d1 | Implement tasks as a team member with other students in the lab |
| d2 | Gain experience in data base mining and bioinformatics online resources |
| d3 | Adopt ethical, legal chemistry labs safety guidelines |
| d4 | Organize time and put plan |
| d5 | Implement writing skills through lab reports and discussion of results |

3- Course Contents

| Weeks | Lecture contents (2hrs/week.) | Practical session (2 hrs/lab) |
|-----------------|--|--|
| First week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AMINO ACIDS : Classification and nomenclature | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratory safety measures • Synthesis of Benzotriazole |
| Second week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AMINO ACIDS : Peptide synthesis | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purification/crystalization of Benzotriazole |
| Third week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LIPIDS: Fatty acids | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Synthesis of benzoimidazole • Activity (internet search) |
| Fourth week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NUCLEOSIDES , NUCLEOTIDES | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purification/crystalization of Benzoimidazole |
| Fifth week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NUCLEIC ACIDS | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Synthesis of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol |
| Sixth week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SYNTHETIC POLYMERS | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purification/crystalization of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol |
| Seventh week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Midterm exam | |
| Eighth week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bioinformatics: Principles | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bioinformatic lab |
| Ninth week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bioinformatics: applications | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bioinformatics lab |
| Tenth week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY Classification of heterocyclic compounds, nomenclature | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Synthesis of quinazoline dione • Activity (bioinformatic report) |
| Eleventh week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: five membered rings | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purification/crystalization of quinazoline dione |
| Twelfth week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: Five-membered heterocyclic rings with two heteroatoms | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Virtual synthesis lab |
| Thirteenth week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: six-membered heterocyclic rings | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Final Practical exam |
| Fourteenth week | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: six-membered heterocyclic rings with two nitrogen atoms | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • |

| | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|---|
| Fifteenth week | • Final exam | • |
|-----------------------|--------------|---|

Teaching and Learning Methods:

- Lectures
- Practical session
- Self learning (Internet search....)

Student Assessment methods:

- Periodical exam **to assess:** a1, a3, c1
- Written exams **to assess:** a1, a2, a3, c1, c2
- Practical exams **to assess:** b1, b2, d3, d4
- Oral exam **to assess:** a1, a2, a3, c1, c2
- Activities **to assess:** c2, d2, d5

Assessment schedule

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Assessment (1): Written exams | Week 15 |
| Assessment (2): Practical exams | Week 13 |
| Assessment (3): Oral exams | Week 15 |
| Assessment (4): Activity | Week 3,10 |
| Assessment (5): Periodical exams | Week7 |

Weighting of Assessment

| Assessment method | Marks | Percentage |
|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| Written exam | 50 | 50% |
| Activity | 5 | 5% |
| Practical exam | 20 | 20% |
| Oral exam | 15 | 15% |
| Midterm exam | 10 | 10% |
| TOTAL | 100 | 100% |

Facilities required for teaching and learning:

- **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, data show.
- **For Labs:** Chemicals, glassware, instruments, Software, Digital balances, water bathes,.

- **Course Coordinators:** Prof. Dr/ Said A. H. El-Feky
- **Head of Department:** Prof. Dr. Hanan Abdel-Razik
Abdel-Fattah

- **Date:** **2/2020**

Matrix I of Production of drug raw materials Course

| Course Contents | | ILOs of Production of drug raw materials course | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|---|----|----|-----------------------------------|----|---------------------|----|---------------------------------|----|----|----|----|
| | | Knowledge and understanding | | | Professional and practical skills | | Intellectual skills | | General and transferable skills | | | | |
| Lectures | | a1 | a2 | a3 | b1 | b2 | c1 | c2 | d1 | d2 | d3 | d4 | d5 |
| 1 | AMINO ACIDS : Classification and nomenclature | X | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | AMINO ACIDS : Peptide synthesis | X | | | | | x | | | | | | |
| 3 | LIPIDS: Fatty acids | X | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | NUCLEOSIDES , NUCLEOTIDES | X | | | | | x | | | | | | |
| 5 | NUCLEIC ACIDS | X | | | | | x | | | | | | |
| 6 | SYNTHETIC POLYMERS | x | | | | | x | | | | | | |
| 7 | Bioinformatics: Principles | | X | | | | | x | | | | | |
| 8 | Bioinformatics: applications | | x | | | | | x | | | | | |
| 9 | HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY Classification of heterocyclic compounds, nomenclature | | | X | | | X | | | | | | |
| 10 | HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: five membered rings | | | X | | | X | | | | | | |
| 11 | HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: Five-membered heterocyclic rings with two heteroatoms | | | X | | | X | | | | | | |
| 12 | HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: six-membered heterocyclic rings | | | x | | | X | | | | | | |
| 13 | HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: six-membered heterocyclic rings with two nitrogen atoms | | | x | | | x | | | | | | |

| Practical sessions | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | • Laboratory safety measures • Synthesis of Benzotriazole | | | | x | x | | | X | | X | | |
| 2 | • Purification/crystalization of Benzotriazole | | | | x | x | | | X | | X | | |
| 3 | • Synthesis of benzoimidazole | | | | x | x | | | X | | X | | |
| 4 | • Purification/crystalization of Benzoimidazole | | | | x | x | | | X | | X | | |
| 5 | • Synthesis of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol | | | | x | x | | | X | | X | | |
| 6 | • Purification/crystalization of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol | | | | x | x | | | X | | X | | |
| 7 | • Bioinformatic lab | | x | | | | | x | X | x | | | |
| 8 | • Synthesis of quinazoline dione | | | | x | x | | | X | | X | | |
| 9 | • Purification/crystalization of quinazoline dione | | | | x | x | | | X | | X | | |
| 10 | Virtual synthesis lab | | x | | | | | x | X | x | | | |
| 11 | • Activity (internet search) | | | | | | | | X | x | | x | x |
| 12 | • Activity (bioinformatic report) | | | | | | | | x | x | | X | x |

Matrix II of Production of drug raw materials course

| National Academic Reference Standards (NARS) | | Program ILOs | Course ILOs | Course contents | Sources | Teaching and learning methods | | | Methods of assessment | | |
|--|--|--------------|-------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------|
| | | | | | | Lecture | Practical session | Reports & case study | Written exam | Practical exam | Oral exam |
| 2.2 | Physical-chemical properties of various substances used in preparation of medicines including inactive and active ingredients as well as biotechnology and radio-labeled products. | [A9] | a1 | AMINO ACIDS : Classification and nomenclature AMINO ACIDS : Peptide synthesis LIPIDS: Fatty acids NUCLEOSIDES , NUCLEOTIDES NUCLEIC ACIDS SYNTHETIC POLYMERS | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | | | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | | | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| 2.5 | Principles of drug design, development and synthesis. | [A14] | a2 | Bioinformatics: Principles Bioinformatics: applications HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY | student book | x | | | x | | x |
| | | | | | | | | | x | | x |
| | | [A15] | a3 | Classification of heterocyclic compounds, nomenclature HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: five | student book | x | | | x | | X |
| | | | | | student book | x | | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----|----|---|--------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| | | | | <p>membered rings HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: Five-membered heterocyclic rings with two heteroatoms HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: six-membered heterocyclic rings HETEROCYCLIC CHEMISTRY: six-membered heterocyclic rings with two nitrogen atoms</p> | | | | | | | |
| 3.2 | Handle and dispose chemicals and pharmaceutical preparations safely. | B2 | b1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratory safety measures • Synthesis of Benzotriazole • Purification/crystallization of Benzotriazole | Practical notebook | | x | | | | x |
| 3.4 | Extract, isolate, synthesize, purify, identify, and /or standardize active substances from different origins. | B7 | B2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Synthesis of benzoimidazole • Purification/crystallization of Benzoimidazole • Synthesis of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol • Purification/crystallization of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol • Synthesis of | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|-------|----|--|-----------------|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| | | | | quinazoline dione • Purification/crystallization of quinazoline dione | | | | | | | |
| 4.5 | Select the appropriate methods of isolation, synthesis, purification, identification, and standardization of active substances from different origins. | [C10] | c1 | • Laboratory safety measures • Synthesis of Benzotriazole • Purification/crystallization of Benzotriazole • Synthesis of benzoimidazole • Purification/crystallization of Benzoimidazole • Synthesis of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol • Purification/crystallization of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol • Synthesis of quinazoline dione • Purification/crystallization of quinazoline dione | Practical notes | | x | | | | x |
| 4.6 | Apply the principles of bio – informatics and computer –aided tools in drug design. | [C11] | c2 | Bioinformatic lab Virtual synthesis lab | student book | x | | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|------|----|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| 5.3 | Work effectively in a team. | [D3] | d1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratory safety measures • Synthesis of Benzotriazole • Purification/crystallization of Benzotriazole • Synthesis of benzoimidazole • Purification/crystallization of Benzoimidazole • Synthesis of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol • Purification/crystallization of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol • Bioinformatic lab • Synthesis of quinazoline dione • Purification/crystallization of quinazoline dione Virtual synthesis lab <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activity (internet search) • Activity (bioinformatic report) | Practical notes/ internet/essential books | | x | x | | x | |
| 5.4 | Use numeracy, calculation and statistical methods as well as information technology tools. | D5 | d2 | Virtual synthesis lab <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activity (internet search) • Activity (bioinformatic report) | | x | x | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|-----|----|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| 5.7 | Adopt ethical, sales and safety guidelines | D7 | d3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratory safety measures • Synthesis of Benzotriazole • Purification/crystallization of Benzotriazole • Synthesis of benzoimidazole • Purification/crystallization of Benzoimidazole • Synthesis of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol • Purification/crystallization of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazol • Synthesis of quinazoline dione • Purification/crystallization of quinazoline dione | Practical notes/ internet/essential books | | x | x | | x | |
| 5.8 | Demonstrate creativity and time management abilities. | D9 | d4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activity (internet search) • Activity (bioinformatic report) | Internet | | | x | | | |
| 5.9 | Implement writing and presentation skills. | D10 | d5 | | | | | x | | | |



**COURSE
SPECIFICATIONS**

Clinical Nutrition

**Fifth Year- Elective Courses
2019-2020**

Course Specifications of Clinical Nutrition

University: Zagazig **Faculty:** Pharmacy

A- Course specifications:

Program(s) on which the course is given: Bachelor of Pharmacy.

Major or Minor element of programs: Major

Department offering the program: -----

Department offering the course: Biochemistry Department

Academic year/Level: Fifth year/Second term

Date of specification approval: 27/8/2019

B- Basic information:

Title: Clinical Nutrition

Code: **BC524**

Credit Hours:

- Lectures : 1 h/week
- Practical: 2 h/week
- Tutorials: ---
- Total: 2 hrs/week

C- Professional information:

1-Overall Aims of the Course:

On completion of the course, students will be able to explain the principles of clinical nutrition, pathophysiology, diet therapy and management of different diseases.

2-Intended Learning Outcomes of Clinical Nutrition (ILOs):

| A- Knowledge and Understanding | |
|---|--|
| a1 | Outline the principles of clinical nutrition and types of nutrients. |
| a2 | Illustrate the body energetics, electrolytes, pH in health and disease state. |
| a3 | Demonstrate the etiology and clinical features of obesity, diabetes, hypertension, cardiovascular diseases, electrolytes and acid base imbalances. |
| a4 | Discuss the principles of diet therapy and management of different diseases. |
| a5 | Illustrate drug-food interaction and food allergies |
| B- Professional and Practical skills | |
| b1 | Specify therapeutic and dietary interventions of obesity, diabetes, hypertension, cardiovascular diseases, electrolytes and acid base imbalances. |
| b2 | Recommend laboratory tests for diagnosis of different diseases. |
| b3 | Advise patients about balanced diet to promote the efficiency of medication. |
| C- Intellectual skills | |
| c1 | Suggest life style modifications to prevent obesity, diabetes, hypertension, cardiovascular diseases, electrolytes and acid base imbalances. |
| c2 | Select the appropriate drugs and dietary regimens for various disease conditions. |
| D- General and Transferable skills | |
| d1 | Develop communications skills with public, patients and other health care professionals. |
| d2 | Work effectively as a member of a team. |
| d3 | Use numeracy and computation in determination of body mass index, body weight and atherogenic index. |
| d4 | Practice independent learning needed for continuous professional development. |
| d5 | Write and present reports. |
| d6 | Implement critical thinking and decision making skills. |

D- Contents:

| Week No. | Lecture (1 h/ week) | Practical session (2 h/week) |
|-----------------|---|---|
| 1 | - Types of nutrients of balanced diet (macronutrients, micronutrients) | - Introduction to clinical nutrition - Calculation of BMR- TEE |
| 2 | - Energy requirement and energy expenditure - Diet and therapy - Nutritional assessment and food pyramids | - Obesity - Case studies for obesity |
| 3 | - Obesity (Definition, assessment, factors affecting obesity) | - Determination of body mass index - Suggestion of life style modification |
| 4 | - Management of obesity - Drugs of choice for treatment of obesity | - Metabolic syndrome - Case study - Calculation of atherogenic index |
| 5 | - Diabetes mellitus (DM) - Nutrition therapy and recommendation for DM - Drug of choice for treatment of DM | - Activity (report) Nutrition and anemia |
| 6 | - Definition and types of cardiovascular diseases (CVD) - Risk factors for CVD - Drug of choice for treatment of CVD | - Diabetes - Case study |
| 7 | Midterm exam | |
| 8 | - Management of CVD - Diet for hypertensive patients - Drugs of choice for treatment of hypertension | - Electrolytes - Case study for electrolytes imbalance |
| 9 | - Electrolytes importance - Sodium (functions, homeostasis) | - Case study for acid base imbalance |
| 10 | -Sodium imbalances: Hypernatremia (signs , symptoms, Pathophysiology, diagnosis, treatment, management) Hyponatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology, diagnosis, treatment, management) | - Case study for hystertension |
| 11 | - Potassium imbalances (hyperkalemia, hypokalemia) | - Case study for myocardial infarction |
| 12 | - Calcium imbalances (hypercalcemia, | - Collective case studies |

| | | |
|-----------|---|---|
| | hypocalcemia) - Magnesium imbalances (hypermagnesemia, hypomagnesemia) | |
| 13 | - The body and pH - pH control (control of acids, control of bases) - Acidosis (respiratory acidosis, metabolic acidosis, signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | - Activity (report) Nutrition and pregnancy |
| 14 | - Alkalosis (respiratory alkalosis, metabolic alkalosis , signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | - Practical exam |
| 15 | - Final exam | |

E- Teaching and Learning Methods:

- Lectures
- Practical sessions
- Case study
- Self learning (activity, reports, internet search, group discussion...) about nutrition and anemia and nutrition and pregnancy.

F- Student Assessment Methods:

- 1- Written exam to assess a1, a2, a3, a4,a5, c1, c2, d3, d6
- 2- Practical exam to assess b1, b2, b3, d1, d2, d3, d6
- 3- Activities to assess d4, d5

Assessment schedule:

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Assessment (1): Written exam | Week 15 |
| Assessment (2): Practical exam | Week 14 |
| Assessment (3): midterm | Week 7 |

Weighing of Assessment:

| Assessment method | Marks | Percentage |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Written exam | 70 | 70% |
| Practical exam and activities | 20 | 20% |
| Midterm exam | 10 | 10% |
| TOTAL | 50 | 100% |

G- Facilities Required for Teaching and Learning:

- Black (white) board, Data show, laboratory equipments and chemicals.

H- List of References:

1- Course Notes:

- Student book of Clinical Nutrition approved by biochemistry department 2019-2020.
- Practical notes of Clinical Nutrition approved by biochemistry department 2019-2020.

2- Essential books:

- Advanced Human Nutrition, Denis M Medeiros, Robert E.C. Wildman, 4th edition, 2018
- Public health nutrition, Buttriss, Judith; Kearney, John M.; Lanham-New, Susan; Welch, Ailsa, 2018
- Food and Nutrition : What Everyone Needs to Know, P. K. Newby, 2018

3- Recommended books:

- Integrative Nutrition: A Whole-Life Approach to Health and Happiness, Joshua Rosenthal, 2018
- Nutrition in the prevention and treatment of abdominal obesity, Ronald Watson, 2018
- Nutrition in Lifestyle Medicine, James M. Rippe, 2017

4- Periodicals and websites:

- Egyptian J. of biochem. and molecular biology.
- British J. of nutrition
- Arab J. of Laboratory Medicine,

- J. of Cardiovascular diseases.
- www.Pubmed.Com
- www.sciencedirect.com.

Course Coordinators: Prof. Dr. Hoda Elsayed

Head of Department: Prof. Dr. Sahar Elswefy

Date: 2019-8-27 تم مناقشة و إعتاماد توصيف المقرر من مجلس القسم بتاريخ

Matrix I of Clinical Nutrition Course

| Course Contents | | ILOs of Clinical Nutrition Course | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|----|-----------------------------------|----|----|---------------------|----|---------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | Knowledge and understanding | | | | | Professional and practical skills | | | Intellectual skills | | General and transferable skills | | | | | |
| | | a1 | a2 | a3 | a4 | a5 | b1 | b2 | b3 | c1 | c2 | d1 | d2 | d3 | d4 | d5 | d6 |
| Lectures | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Types of nutrients of balanced diet (macronutrients, micronutrients) | x | | | | x | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Energy requirement and energy expenditure- Diet and therapy- Nutritional assessment and food pyramids | | x | | x | | | | | x | | | | x | | | x |
| 3 | Obesity (Definition, assessment, factors affecting obesity) | | | x | | | | | | | | | x | | | | |
| 4 | Management of obesity- Drugs of choice for treatment of obesity | | | | x | | | | | x | x | | | | | | |
| 5 | Diabetes mellitus (DM)-Nutrition therapy and recommendation for DM- Drug of choice for treatment of DM | | | x | x | | | | | x | x | | | | | | |
| 6 | Definition and types of cardiovascular diseases (CVD)- Risk factors for CVD- Drug of choice for treatment of CVD | | | x | x | | | | | | x | | | | | | |
| 7 | Management of CVD- Diet for hypertensive patients- Drugs of choice for treatment of hypertension | | | | x | | | | | x | x | | | | | | |
| 8 | Electrolytes importance- Sodium (functions, homeostasis) | | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Sodium imbalances: Hypernatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology)- Hyponatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology, diagnosis, treatment, management) | | x | x | x | | | | | x | x | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 | Potassium imbalances (hyperkalemia, hypokalemia) | | x | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Calcium imbalances (hypercalcemia, hypocalcemia)- Magnesium imbalances (hypermagnesemia, hypomagnesemia) | | x | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | The body and pH- pH control (control of acids, control of bases) | | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Acidosis (respiratory acidosis, metabolic acidosis, signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | | x | x | x | | | | | x | x | | | | | | |
| 14 | Alkalosis (respiratory alkalosis, metabolic alkalosis , signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | | x | x | x | | | | | x | x | | | | | | |
| 15 | Revision- Open discussion | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | x | |
| Practical sessions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Introduction to clinical nutrition Calculation of BMR - TEE | | | | | | | x | | | | | | | | x | |
| 2 | Obesity and cases | | | | | | | | x | X | | | | | | x | x |
| 3 | Determination of BMI Suggestion of life style modification | | | | | | | | x | X | | | | | | x | |
| 4 | Metabolic syndrome and case study Calculation of atherogenic index | | | | | | | | x | X | | | | | | x | |
| 5 | Activity (report) | | | | | | | | | | | | x | x | | x | x |
| 6 | Diabetes and case study | | | | | | | | x | X | | | | | | x | |
| 7 | Electrolyte and case study | | | | | | | | x | X | | | | | | x | |
| 8 | Case study for acid base imbalance | | | | | | | | x | X | | | | | | x | |
| 9 | Case study for hypertension | | | | | | | | x | X | | | | | | x | x |
| 10 | Case study for myocardial infarction | | | | | | | | x | X | | | | | | x | x |
| 11 | Collective case study | | | | | | | | x | X | | | | | | x | x |
| 12 | Revision | | | | | | | x | x | X | | | | x | x | x | x |

Matrix II of Clinical Nutrition Course

| National Academic Reference Standards (NARS) | Program ILOs | Course ILOs | Course contents | Sources | Teaching and learning methods | | | Method of assessment | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | | | | | Lecture | Practical session | Self learning | Written exam | Practical exam | Periodical exam | Oral exam |
| 2.1 Principles of basic, pharmaceutical, medical, social, behavioral, management, health and environmental sciences as well as pharmacy practice. | A8 | a1 | Types of nutrients of balanced diet (macronutrients, micronutrients) | Student book Essential books | x | | | x | | x | x |
| 2.11 Principles of body function in health and disease states as well as basis of | A24 A25 | a2 | Energy requirement and energy expenditure- Diet and therapy- Nutritional assessment and food pyramids | Student book Essential books | x | | | x | | x | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| genomic and different biochemical pathways regarding their correlation with different diseases. | | Electrolytes importance- Sodium (functions, homeostasis) | Student book Essential books | x | | | | x | | x | x |
| | | Sodium imbalances: Hypernatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology)- Hyponatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology, diagnosis, treatment, management) | Student book Essential books | x | | | | x | | x | x |
| | | Potassium imbalances (hyperkalemia, hypokalemia) | Student book Essential books | x | | | | x | | x | x |
| | | Calcium imbalances (hypercalcemia, hypocalcemia)- Magnesium imbalances (hypermagnesemia, hypomagnesemia) | Student book Essential books | x | | | | x | | x | x |
| | | The body and pH- pH control (control of acids, control of bases) | Student book Essential books | x | | | | x | | x | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| | | | Acidosis (respiratory acidosis, metabolic acidosis, signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | Student book Essential books | x | | | x | | x | x |
| | | | Alkalosis (respiratory alkalosis, metabolic alkalosis, signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | Student book Essential books | x | | | x | | x | x |
| | | | Obesity (Definition, assessment, factors affecting obesity) | Student book Essential books | x | | | x | | | x |
| | | | Diabetes mellitus (DM)- Nutrition therapy and recommendation for DM- Drug of choice for treatment of DM | Student book Essential books Recommended books Internet | x | | X | x | | | x |
| | | | Definition and types of cardiovascular diseases (CVD)- Risk factors for CVD- Drug of choice for treatment of CVD | Student book Essential books Recommended books Internet | x | | X | x | | | x |
| | | | Sodium imbalances: Hyponatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology)- Hyponatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology, diagnosis, treatment, | Student book Essential books Recommended books Internet | x | | x | x | | | x |
| 2.12 | Etiology, epidemiology, laboratory diagnosis and clinical features of different diseases and their pharmacotherapeutic approaches | A27 A28 | a3 | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|-----|----------|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| | | | | management) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Potassium imbalances (hyperkalemia, hypokalemia) | Student book Essential books | x | | | | x | | x |
| | | | | Calcium imbalances (hypercalcemia, hypocalcemia)- Magnesium imbalances (hypermagnesemia, hypomagnesemia) | Student book Essential books | x | | | | x | | x |
| | | | | Acidosis (respiratory acidosis, metabolic acidosis, signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | Student book Essential books Recommended books Internet | x | | X | | x | | x |
| | | | | Alkalosis (respiratory alkalosis, metabolic alkalosis, signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | Student book Essential books Recommended books Internet | x | | X | | x | | x |
| 2.15 | Basis of complementary and alternative medicine | A32 | a4 a5 | Energy requirement and energy expenditure- Diet and therapy- Nutritional assessment and food pyramids | Student book Essential books | x | | | | x | | x |
| | | | | Management of obesity- Drugs of choice for treatment of obesity | Student book Essential books Recommended | x | | X | | x | | x |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------------------|----|----|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| | | | | Diabetes mellitus (DM)- Nutrition therapy and recommendation for DM- Drug of choice for treatment of DM | books Internet | x | | X | x | | | | x |
| | | | | Definition and types of cardiovascular diseases (CVD)- Risk factors for CVD- Drug of choice for treatment of CVD | | x | | X | x | | | | x |
| | | | | Management of CVD- Diet for hypertensive patients- Drugs of choice for treatment of hypertension | | x | | X | x | | | | x |
| | | | | Sodium imbalances: Hypernatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology)- Hyponatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology, diagnosis, treatment, management) | Student book Essential books Recommended books Internet | x | | X | x | | | | x |
| | | | | Acidosis (respiratory acidosis, metabolic acidosis, signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | Student book Essential books Recommended books Internet | x | | X | x | | | | x |
| | | | | Alkalosis (respiratory alkalosis, metabolic alkalosis, signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | Student book Essential books Recommended books Internet | x | | x | x | | | | x |
| 3.5 | Select medicines | B8 | b1 | Case study for obesity | Practical notes | | x | | | | x | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----|----|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | treatment of CVD | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Management of CVD- Diet for hypertensive patients- Drugs of choice for treatment of hypertension | | x | | x | x | | x | x |
| | | | | Sodium imbalances: Hypernatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology)- Hyponatremia (signs, symptoms, pathophysiology, diagnosis, treatment, management) | Student book Essential books Recommended books Internet | x | | x | x | | x | x |
| | | | | Acidosis (respiratory acidosis, metabolic acidosis, signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | | x | | x | x | | x | x |
| | | | | Alkalosis (respiratory alkalosis, metabolic alkalosis, signs, symptoms, compensation, treatment) | | x | | x | x | | x | x |
| 5.1 | Communicate clearly by verbal and written means | D1 | d1 | Case study for obesity | Practical notes | | x | | | x | | |
| | | | | Case study for Diabetes mellitus | | | x | | | x | | |
| | | | | Case study for CVD | | | x | | | x | | |
| | | | | Case study for hypertension | | | x | | | x | | |
| | | | | Case study for electrolytes imbalance | | | x | | | x | | |
| | | | | Case study for acid-base | | | x | | | x | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|-----|----|---|-------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | imbalance | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.3 | Work effectively in a team | D3 | d2 | Activity | Practical notes | | x | | | x | | | |
| | | | | | | | x | | | x | | | |
| | | | | | | | x | | | x | | | |
| 5.4 | Use numeracy, calculation and statistical methods as well as information technology tools | D4 | d3 | Energy needed (energy requirement and energy expenditure) | Student book | x | | | x | | x | x | |
| | | | | Essential books | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Practical notes | | x | | | x | | | |
| | Determination of body mass index | | x | | | | x | | | | | | |
| | Calculation of athergenic index | | x | | | x | | | | | | | |
| 5.5 | Practice independent learning needed for continuous professional development | D6 | d4 | Revision- Open discussion | Student book | x | | x | | | | x | |
| | | | | | | Essential books | x | | x | | | | x |
| | | | | | | Recommended books | x | | x | | | | x |
| | | | | Internet | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Activity (report) | Recommended books | | x | x | | x | | | |
| | Internet | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.9 | Implement writing and presentation skills | D10 | d5 | Activity (report) | Recommended books | | x | x | | x | | | |
| | | | | | Internet | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|--|-----|----|---|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| 5.10 | Implement writing and thinking, problem-solving and decision-making abilities. | D11 | d6 | Energy needed (energy requirement and energy expenditure) | Student book Essential books | x | | | | x | | x | x | | | |
| | | | | Case study for obesity | Practical notes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Case study for Diabetes mellitus | Practical notes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Case study for CVD | Practical notes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Case study for hypertension | Practical notes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Case study for electrolytes imbalance | Practical notes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Case study for acid-base imbalance | Practical notes | | | | | | | | | | | |

Course Coordinators: Prof. Dr. Hoda Elsayed

Head of Department: Prof. Dr. Sahar Elswefy

تم مناقشة و إعتقاد توصيف المقرر من مجلس القسم بتاريخ 27-8-

Date:2019



**COURSE
SPECIFICATIONS**

**Accounting and
Business
Administration**

**Fifth year – second Term
2019-2020**

توصيف مقرر المحاسبة وإدارة الأعمال الصيدلانية

كلية الصيدلة

جامعة الزقازيق

أ- مواصفات المقرر:

البرنامج أو البرامج التي يقدم من خلالها المقرر: بكالوريوس الصيدلة
المقرر يمثل عنصراً رئيسياً أو ثانوياً بالنسبة للبرامج: ثانوياً
القسم العلمي المسئول عن البرنامج: -----
القسم الذي يدرس المقرر: كلية التجارة-قسم إدارة الأعمال
مستوى العام الأكاديمي: الفرقة الخامسة/ التيريم الثاني
تاريخ اعتماد التوصيف: سبتمبر 2019

(ب) البيانات الأساسية:

العنوان : محاسبة و إدارة أعمال صيدلانية
الكود : BA510
الساعات المعتمدة : ---
المحاضرات : ساعه أسبوعيا
العملي: ---
الدروس العملية : ---
المجموع : ساعة في الأسبوع

(ج) البيانات المهنية:

1) الأهداف العامة للمقرر:

عند إتمام المقرر سوف يكون الطالب قادر على الالمام بالمفاهيم والاتجاهات المختلفة

للإدارة.

2) النتائج التعليمية المستهدفة لمقرر المحاسبة و إدارة الأعمال الصيدلانية:

| أ - المعرفة والفهم | |
|------------------------------|--|
| 1أ | يعرف نظريات الإدارة الحديثة وأسس تطبيقها في ظل العولمة. |
| 2أ | يلم بالمعارف والمهارات المتعلقة بالتخطيط، التنظيم، اتخاذ القرارات، القيادة، الرقابة والاتصال. |
| 3أ | يوضح طرق إدارة المشروعات الصغيرة (الصيدلانية) وتحديد الأهداف والموارد وتوزيع الوظائف. |
| 4أ | يعرف كيفية عمل دراسة جدوى اقتصادية لإنشاء صيدلانية. |
| ج- المهارات الذهنية | |
| 1ج | يقيم بعض النماذج لشركات الأدوية الناجحة ومعرفة أسباب نجاحها والاستفادة منها. |
| 2ج | يطبق المبادئ الاقتصادية في إدارة الصيدلانية، وفي دراسة الجدوى الاقتصادية للمشروعات الصيدلانية. |
| د- المهارات العامة والمنقولة | |
| 1د | يعمل بكفاءة كأحد أفراد الفريق. |
| 2د | يستخدم المصادر الالكترونية ونظم المعلومات في الإدارة. |
| 3د | يختار الشكل القانوني المناسب للمنظمة. |
| 4د | يكتسب مهارات التفكير الإبداعي واتخاذ القرارات الذكية وتبسيط إجراءات العمل. |
| 5د | ينمي مهارة إدارة الوقت والتخطيط الاستراتيجي. |
| 6د | يطور مهارات التفكير النقدي و اتخاذ القرارات و معالجة المشكلات التي تواجه مديري الصيدليات وشركات الأدوية. |

د- المحتويات:

| المحاضرة (2 ساعة/ الأسبوع) | الأسبوع |
|--|---------|
| مفاهيم الإدارة والأعمال. | 1 |
| المتغيرات العالمية التي تؤثر على الصيدلي بعض المفاهيم الحديثة لمواجهتها. | 2 |
| ثقافة المنظمة الملتزمة بالجودة. | 3 |
| أخلاقيات الأعمال والمسئولية الإجتماعية للمنظمات. | 4 |
| التنبؤ وبناء القدرة على الرؤيا المستقبلية. | 5 |
| التخطيط: طرق إعداد الخطط الاستراتيجية. | 6 |
| أسس اتخاذ القرارات الذكية للصيدلي المتميز. | 7 |
| إدارة الوقت كأداة لتحقيق التميز. | 8 |
| إدارة الازمات وطرق مواجهتها. | 9 |
| دراسة جدوى إنشاء المشروع الجديد. | 10 |
| طرق إدارة الصراع ومواجهتها. | 11 |
| طرق الإدارة ضمن فريق العمل. | 12 |

| | |
|---|----|
| مهارات الاتصال داخل المنظمة. | 13 |
| التنسيق وتنظيم الأعمال الرقابة كأداة لتحقيق الخطط المحددة. | 14 |
| الامتحان التحريري | 15 |

هـ- أساليب التعليم و التعلم:

- المحاضرات

و-أساليب تقييم الطلبة:

1- الامتحان التحريري يقيم: أ1و أ2و أ3و أ4و ج1و ج2 د1ود2ود3ود4ود5و د6

الجدول الزمني للتقييم:

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| تقييم (1): الامتحان التحريري | الأسبوع الخامس عشر |
|------------------------------|--------------------|

ترجيح التقييم:

| طريقة التقييم | الدرجات | النسب المئوية |
|-------------------|---------|---------------|
| الامتحان التحريري | 50 | %100 |
| الإجمالي | 50 | %100 |

ز- التسهيلات اللازمة للتعليم و التعلم:

1- للمحاضرات: اللوحات (البيضاء) و السوداء و جهاز العرض المرئي (داتا شو).

ي- قائمة المراجع:

1- مذكرات: مذكرة القسم

2- كتب مقترحة

أصول ومبادئ إدارة الأعمال

3- دوريات علمية أو نشرات الخ

التنظيم والإدارة

منسق المقرر: أ.د / عزة أحمد الشربيني
التاريخ:

مصفوفة 1 إدارة أعمال

| نتائج التعلم المنشودة | | | | | | | | | | | محتويات المقرر | | |
|-----------------------|----|----|----|----|------------------|----|----------------|----|----|----|----------------|----|---|
| مهارات عامة وتواصلية | | | | | المهارات الفكرية | | المعرفة والفهم | | | | | | |
| د6 | د5 | د4 | د3 | د2 | د1 | ج2 | ج1 | أ4 | أ3 | أ2 | | أ1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | x | 1 | مفاهيم الإدارة والأعمال |
| | | | | x | | | | | | | x | 2 | المتغيرات العالمية التي تؤثر على الصيدلي بعض المفاهيم الحديثة لمواجهتها |
| | | | | x | | | | | | | x | 3 | ثقافة المنظمة الملتزمة بالجودة |
| | | | x | | | | | | | | x | 4 | أخلاقيات الأعمال والمسئولية الإجتماعية للمنظمات |
| x | | | | | | | x | | | x | | 5 | التنبؤ وبناء القدرة على الرؤيا المستقبلية |
| | x | | | | | | | | | x | | 6 | التخطيط: طرق إعداد الخطط الاستراتيجية |
| | | x | | | | | | | | x | | 7 | أسس اتخاذ القرارات الذكية للصيدلي المتميز |
| | x | | | | | | x | | x | | | 8 | إدارة الوقت كأداة لتحقيق التميز |
| | | | | | | | x | | | x | | 9 | إدارة الازمات وطرق مواجهتها |
| x | | | | | | | x | x | x | | | 10 | دراسة جدوى إنشاء المشروع الجديد |
| | | | | | | | x | | x | | | 11 | طرق إدارة الصراخ ومواجهتها |
| | | | | | x | x | | | x | | | 12 | طرق الإدارة ضمن فريق العمل |
| | | | | x | | | | | | x | | 13 | مهارات الاتصال داخل المنظمة |
| | | | | | | | | | | x | | 14 | التنسيق وتنظيم الأعمال الرقابة كأداة لتحقيق الخطط المحددة |

مصفوفة 2 إدارة أعمال

| أسلوب التقييم | أساليب التعليم و التعلم | | | المصدر | محتويات المقرر | نتائج التعلم المنشودة للمقرر | نتائج التعلم المنشودة للبرنامج | المعايير الأكاديمية المرجعية القومية (NARS) |
|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | الامتحان التحريري | التعلم الذاتي | الدروس العملية | | | | | |
| X | | | X | الكتاب | مفاهيم الإدارة والأعمال. المتغيرات العالمية التي تؤثر على الصيدلي بعض المفاهيم الحديثة لمواجهتها. ثقافة المنظمة المتلزمة بالجودة. أخلاقيات الأعمال والمسئولية الإجتماعية للمنظمات. | أ-1 | A6 | 2.1 Principles of basic, pharmaceutical, medical, social, behavioral, management, health and environmental sciences as well as pharmacy practice. |
| X | | | X | الكتاب | التنبؤ وبناء القدرة على الرؤيا المستقبلية. التخطيط: طرق إعداد الخطط الاستراتيجية. أسس اتخاذ القرارات الذكية للصيدلي المتميز. إدارة الازمات وطرق مواجهتها. مهارات الاتصال داخل المنظمة. التنسيق وتنظيم الأعمال. الرقابة كأداة لتحقيق الخطط المحددة. | أ-2 | A 37 | 2.18 Principles of management including financial and human resources |
| X | | | X | الكتاب | إدارة الوقت كأداة لتحقيق التميز. طرق إدارة الصراع ومواجهتها. طرق الإدارة ضمن فريق العمل. | أ-3 | A38 | 2.19 Principles of drug promotion, sales and marketing, business administration, accounting and pharmacoeconomics |
| X | | | X | الكتاب | دراسة جدوى إنشاء المشروع الجديد. | أ-4 | | |
| X | | | X | الكتاب | التنبؤ وبناء القدرة على الرؤيا المستقبلية. دراسة جدوى إنشاء المشروع الجديد. | ج-1 | C17 | 4.12 Apply the principles of pharmacoeconomics in promoting |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|--------|--|-----|-----|--|
| X | | | X | الكتاب | إدارة الوقت كأداة لتحقيق التميز. إدارة الازمات وطرق مواجهتها. دراسة جدوى إنشاء المشروع الجديد. طرق إدارة الصراع ومواجهتها. طرق الإدارة ضمن فريق العمل. | ج-2 | | cost/effective pharmacotherapy |
| X | | | X | الكتاب | طرق الإدارة ضمن فريق العمل. | د-1 | D3 | 5.3 Work effectively in a team. |
| | | | | | المتغيرات العالمية التي تؤثر على الصيدلي بعض المفاهيم الحديثة لمواجهتها. ثقافة المنظمة الملزمة بالجودة. مهارات الاتصال داخل المنظمة. | د-2 | D5 | 5.4 Use numeracy, calculation and statistical methods as well as information technology tools |
| X | | | X | الكتاب | أخلاقيات الأعمال والمسئولية الإجتماعية للمنظمات. | د-3 | D7 | 5.6 Adopt ethical, legal and safety guidelines |
| X | | | X | الكتاب | أسس اتخاذ القرارات الذكية للصيدلي المتميز. | د-4 | D8 | 5.7 Develop financial, sales and market management skills |
| X | | | X | الكتاب | التخطيط: طرق إعداد الخطط الاستراتيجية. إدارة الوقت كأداة لتحقيق التميز. | د-5 | D9 | 5.8 Demonstrate creativity and time management abilities. |
| X | | | X | الكتاب | التنبؤ وبناء القدرة على الرؤيا المستقبلية. دراسة جدوى إنشاء المشروع الجديد. | د-6 | D11 | 5.10 Implement writing and thinking, problem-solving and decision-making abilities |

منسق المقرر: أ.د / عزة أحمد الشربيني
التاريخ:

