



**Zagazig University**  
**Faculty of Pharmacy**  
**Pharmaceutics Department**

**Program and Course Specifications**  
**Master and Ph.D.**  
**Degrees**

**2019**

# **Master Degree**

# **Program Specification**

## Program Specification

### A- Basic Information

- 1- Program title:** M.Pharm. Sci Degree in **Pharmaceutics**
- 2- Program type:** Single
- 3- Faculty/ University:** Faculty of Pharmacy, Zagazig University
- 4- Department:** Pharmaceutics
- 5- Coordinator:** Prof. Nagia ELMegrab
- 6- Date of program specification approval:** 2019
- 7- Teaching language:** English
- 8. External Evaluator:** Prof. Ali abd Elzaher - Pharmaceutics department – Faculty of Pharmacy –Assiut University)
- 9. Internal Evaluator:** Prof. Hanan ElNahas
- 10- Academic Reference Standards:**
  - a. The program ILOs were compared to the general guideline for postgraduate studies, 1st Edition, February 2009 issued by (NAQAA) (National Authority for Quality Assurance and Accreditation).
  - b. The program ILOs were compared to the Master of Science Programme in Pharmaceutical Sciences at the Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences, University of Copenhagen

### B- Professional Information

#### 1- Program aims:

Master's program, Zagazig University is a 3-5 five years pharmacy education offering a Master's degree in pharmaceutical sciences (Pharmaceutics). This Program aims at providing postgraduate students with knowledge, skills and abilities needed to practice the pharmacy profession effectively in various settings including Research

Institutes, private and public medical laboratories, universities, National Quality Control Centers (foods & drugs) and Ministry of Health.

**The program aims are summarized as follows:**

1. acquire the necessary knowledge and skills in areas related to physical pharmacy, biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, pharmaceutical technology, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.
2. Develop various interpersonal skills including communication, time management, critical thinking, problem solving, decision making, team working, using modern information technology and self learning

**1.1. Graduate attributes:**

- 1- Have the fundamental and advanced knowledge in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, physical pharmacy and drug delivery.
- 2- Demonstrate ethical, legal, social and civic responsibility as a researcher and member of the discipline.
- 3- Analyze, evaluate information and solve professional problems
- 4- Conduct research, write and evaluate scientific reports
- 5- Develop continuous and self learning abilities
- 6-** Demonstrate effective communication, decision making and leadership skills

**2-Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs):**

The Program provides excellent opportunities for students to demonstrate knowledge and understanding qualities and develop skills appropriate for Pharmaceutics Master of sciences degree.

## **2-1- Knowledge and Understanding :**

**On successful completion of the Master degree Program, students will be able to:**

A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy, Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.

A.2- Illustrate the essential information about different drug induced diseases and appropriate methods of treatment.

A.3- Describe the basics for genetic engineering and principal and applications of PCR technology.

A.4- Explain the principles of physical pharmacy, different factors affecting drug release and bioavailability.

A.5- Demonstrate the role of pharmaceutical formulation in enhancing drug bioavailability and patient compliance.

A.6 - Outline basic principles of instrumental analysis, operation as well as applications of instrumental techniques

A.7 - Identify different factors affecting drug stability, regulations for stability testing and shelf-life determination.

A.8 – Illustrate different types of polymers as well as transdermal and controlled drug delivery systems, their formulation and therapeutic uses

A.9 - Mention the ethical and legal aspects for professional practices and research

## **2-2 - Intellectual Skills:**

**On successful completion of the Master degree Program, students will be able to:**

- B.1- Analyze and evaluate the information gained in the field of pharmaceutics to solve different problems.
- B.2- Suggest proper and logic solutions to the research problems using the available information.
- B.3- Plan to solve possible problems based on the integration of required pharmaceutical knowledge.
- B.4- Conduct research and write scientific reports of the obtained data.
- B.5-Deal effectively with risks and hazards during professional and laboratory practice.
- B.6- Design the appropriate delivery system to enhance drug bioavailability.
- B.7- Take professional decisions in the area of specialization.

### **2-3 - Professional and Practical Skills:**

**It is intended that, on successful completion of the Master degree Program, students will be able to:**

- C.1- Demonstrate skills in formulation, characterization and evaluation of different delivery systems.
- C.2- Write reliable scientific reports in the form of published articles.
- C.3- Apply and use advanced techniques in practical work.

### **2-4 - General and Transferable Skills:**

**On successful completion of the Master degree Program, students will be able to:**

- D.1- Communicate effectively with others.
- D.2- Acquire computer skills in analyzing results and presenting them.
- D.3-Show self assessment and plan to cover the needs.

D.4- Retrieve information from a variety of sources including libraries, databases and internet.

D.5- Evaluate performance of others and help them to develop the performance.

D.6- Work effectively as a member or leader of a team.

D.7- Get maximum use of time to achieve goals.

D.8- Develop continuous learning skills to improve the career.

### 3- Academic Standards:

Faculty is committed to the Academic References Standards for postgraduate studies (March 2009).

**Matrix 1: Comparison of M. Pharm. Sci. Degree in pharmaceutics with the Academic Reference Standard {ARS, 2009} developed by NAQAAE**

Attributes of the graduates (ARS, 2009)	Attributes of the graduates (M. Pharm. Sci. Degree in pharmacy practice)
1. Apply the specialized knowledge he has acquired in his professional practice	1-Have the fundamental and advanced knowledge in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, physical pharmacy and drug delivery.
2. Identify and solve professional problems 4. Use technology effectively in his professional practice 6. Use available resources efficiently	3- Analyze, evaluate information and solve professional problems 4-Conduct research, write and evaluate scientific reports
3.Show good communication and	6-Demonstrate effective



leadership skills 5. Take decisions using available information	communication, decision making and leadership skills
7. Aware of his role in community service and development	2-Demonstrate ethical, legal, social and civic responsibility as a researcher and member of the discipline.
8. Reflect commitment to integrity, credibility and accountability	
9. Be a lifelong learner and able to develop himself	5-Develop continuous and self learning abilities

**Matrix 2:** Comparison of M. Pharm. Sci. Degree in pharmaceutics with the Academic Reference Standard {ARS, 2009} developed by NAQAEE

	ARS (2009)	Program ILOs
Knowledge and Understanding	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	<p>A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy, Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.</p> <p>A.2- Illustrate the essential information about different drug induced diseases and appropriate methods of treatment.</p> <p>A.3- Describe the basics for genetic engineering and principal and applications of PCR technology.</p> <p>A.4- Explain the principles of physical pharmacy, different factors affecting drug release and bioavailability.</p>
	2.1.2- Mutual influence between professional practice and its impact on the environment.	A.5- Demonstrate the role of pharmaceutical formulation in enhancing drug bioavailability and patient compliance.
	2.1.3- Scientific developments in	A.8 – Illustrate different types of polymers

	ARS (2009)	Program ILOs
	the area of specialization.	as well as transdermal and controlled drug delivery systems, their formulation and therapeutic uses
	2.1.4- Moral and legal principles for professional practice in the area of specialization.	A.9 - Mention the ethical and legal aspects for professional practices and research
	2.1.5- Principles and the basics of quality in professional practice in the area of specialization.	A.6 - Outline basic principles of instrumental analysis, operation as well as applications of instrumental techniques A.7 - Identify different factors affecting drug stability, regulations for stability testing and shelf-life determination
	2.1.6- The fundamentals and ethics of scientific research.	A.9 - Mention the ethical and legal aspects for professional practices and research
Intellectual Skills	2.2.1- Analyze and evaluate information in the field of specialization and analogies to solve problems	B.1- Analyze and evaluate the information gained in the field of pharmaceutics to solve different problems.
	2.2.2- Solve specified problems in the lack or missing of some information.	B.2- Suggest proper and logic solutions to the research problems using the available information.
	2.2.3- Correlate and integrate different pharmaceutical knowledge to solve professional problems.	B.3- Plan to solve possible problems based on the integration of required pharmaceutical knowledge.

	ARS (2009)	Program ILOs
	2.2.4- Conduct research and write scientific report on research specified topics.	B.4- Conduct research and write scientific reports of the obtained data.
	2.2.5- Evaluate and manage risks and potential hazards in professional practices in the area of specialization	B.5-Deal effectively with risks and hazards during professional and laboratory practice.
	2.2.6- Plan to improve performance in the field of specialization.	B.6- Design the appropriate delivery system to enhance drug bioavailability.
	2.2.7- Professional decision-making in the contexts of diverse disciplines.	B.7- Take professional decisions in the area of specialization.
Professional and Practical Skills	2.3.1- Master basic and modern professional skills in the area of specialization.	C.1- Demonstrate skills in formulation, characterization and evaluation of different delivery systems.
	2.3.2- Write and evaluate professional reports.	C.2- Write reliable scientific reports in the form of published articles.
	2.3.3- Assess methods and tools existing in the area of specialization.	C.3- Apply and use advanced techniques in practical work.
Transferable	2.4.1- Communicate effectively.	D.1- Communicate effectively with others.

	ARS (2009)	Program ILOs
	2.4.2- Effectively use information technology in professional practices	D.2- Acquire computer skills in analyzing results and presenting them.
	2.4.3- Self-assessment and define his personal learning needs.	D.3-Show self assessment and plan to cover the needs.
	2.4.4- Use variable sources to get information and knowledge.	D.4- Retrieve information from a variety of sources including libraries, databases and internet.
	2.4.5- Set criteria and parameters to evaluate the performance of others	D.5- Evaluate performance of others and help them to develop the performance.
	2.4.6- Work in a team and lead teams carrying out various professional tasks.	D.6- Work effectively as a member or leader of a team.
	2.4.7- Manage time effectively.	D.7- Get maximum use of time to achieve goals.
	2.4.8- Continuous and self learning	D.8- Develop continuous learning skills to improve the career.

**Matrix 3:** Comparison of M. Pharm. Sci. Degree in pharmaceutics with Master of Science Programme in Pharmaceutical Sciences at the Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences, University of Copenhagen

	University of Copenhagen	Program ILOs
Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has knowledge at the highest international level in the key academic disciplines of drug discovery, development, production and application.</li> </ul>	<b>Partially covered</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Can understand the chief multi-disciplinary processes and relationships between the main phases of drug development on the basis of knowledge of the individual academic disciplines.</li> </ul>	<b>Partially covered</b> Pharmaceutical technology Instrumental analysis drug stability
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has, regardless of programme speciality, broad knowledge of pharmacology and physiology, medicinal chemistry, the formulation and production of pharmaceuticals and related disciplines. Also understands and is able to reflect over the correlation between these disciplines in relation to how drugs ultimately influence disease in humans, and how complex biosystems influence drugs in the widest sense.</li> </ul>	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy, Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability. A.2- Illustrate the essential information about different drug induced diseases and appropriate

	University of Copenhagen	Program ILOs
		<p>methods of treatment.</p> <p>A.3- Describe the basics for genetic engineering and principal and applications of PCR technology.</p> <p>A.4- Explain the principles of physical pharmacy, different factors affecting drug release and bioavailability.</p> <p>A.5- Demonstrate the role of pharmaceutical formulation in enhancing drug bioavailability and patient compliance.</p> <p>A.8 – Illustrate different types of polymers as well as transdermal and controlled drug delivery systems, their formulation and therapeutic uses</p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Can understand and identify scientific problems in the areas of drug discovery, development, production and application in society.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Partially covered</b></p> <p>A.6 - Outline basic principles of instrumental analysis, operation as well as applications of instrumental techniques</p> <p>A.7 - Identify different factors affecting drug stability, regulations for stability testing and shelf-life determination</p>

	University of Copenhagen	Program ILOs
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has knowledge of the national and international regulatory requirements as well as the quality standards set for the drug development process on the whole</li> </ul>	A.9 - Mention the ethical and legal aspects for professional practices and research
Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Masters key scientific experimental methods related to academic disciplines: quantitative analysis of data, complex mathematical calculations, scientific reporting including assessing and discussing experimental or collected data, a critical approach to literature in the field, quality assurance and knowledge of the requirements that general and scientific ethics place on these methods in terms of drug development.</li> </ul>	<p>B.1- Analyze and evaluate the information gained in the field of pharmaceutics to solve different problems.</p> <p>C.1- Demonstrate skills in formulation, characterization and evaluation of different delivery systems.</p> <p>C.2- Write reliable scientific reports in the form of published articles.</p> <p>D.4- Retrieve information from a variety of sources including libraries, databases and internet.</p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Based on interdisciplinary understanding is able to propose and formulate model solutions and methods of analysis to solve multidimensional problems in the areas of drug discovery, development, production and application.</li> </ul>	<p>B.2- Suggest proper and logic solutions to the research problems using the available information.</p> <p>B.3- Plan to solve possible problems based on the integration of required pharmaceutical knowledge.</p> <p>B.5-Deal effectively with risks and hazards during professional and</p>



	University of Copenhagen	Program ILOs
		laboratory practice. B.6- Design the appropriate delivery system to enhance drug bioavailability. B.7- Take professional decisions in the area of specialization. C.3- Apply and use advanced techniques in practical work.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Is able to present, communicate and discuss interdisciplinary knowledge and drug-related problems with colleagues, other specialists and non-specialists.</li> </ul>	D.1- Communicate effectively with others.
Competences	Is able to assess complex problems in the areas of drug discovery, development, production and application, and on the basis of interdisciplinary skills is able to formulate hypotheses and model solutions, either independently or in interdisciplinary collaboration.	B.4- Conduct research and write scientific reports of the obtained data.
	Can independently take responsibility for continuing to develop within an interdisciplinary environment as well as area of specialisation: drug discovery or development, medicine and society.	D.3-Show self assessment and plan to cover the needs. D.8- Develop continuous learning skills to improve the career.
	Is able to make a constructive contribution to collaboration or lead multidisciplinary project groups in	D.5- Evaluate performance of others and help them to develop the

	University of Copenhagen	Program ILOs
	certain phases of drug development or in connection with communication between the pharmaceutical industry and health authorities based on area of specialisation.	performance. D.6- Work effectively as a member or leader of a team. D.7- Get maximum use of time to achieve goals.
	In an interdisciplinary area can integrate complex information and think analytically, creatively, innovatively and reflectively in order to solve problems in the areas of drug discovery, industry and public authorities.	D.2- Acquire computer skills in analyzing results and presenting them.

## **5-Curriculum Structure and Contents:**

**a- Program duration:** 3- 5 years

**b- Program structure:**

- The Masters program can be completed in 3-5 years.
- The Faculty of pharmacy implements the credit hour system.
- The program is structured as:

**1- Courses: General (1 year) and Special**

**No. of credit hours for program courses:**

Compulsory: 12

Elective: (2x4) 8

Special: (3x4) 12

**2- Thesis:** 30 hours

The candidate must complete a research project on an approved topic in the Pharmaceutical Sciences. To fulfill this requirement the student must present (written and orally) a research proposal and write a thesis.

**3- General University Requirements:** 10 credit hours including:

- a- TOEFL (400 units)
- b- Computer course

**c-Program Curriculum:**

Course Code	Course Title	Credit hours	Program ILOs Covered
	General Courses:		
M103	1- Physical Pharmacy	2	A1, A4, A8, B3, D2, D6
M104	2- Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	2	A1, A4, B3, D2, D4
ME1	3- Pharmaceutical technology	2	A1, A6, A8, B3 D2, D4, D6
M111	4- Biostatistics	2	A1, B1, D1, D2
M102	5- Instrumental analysis& ChromatographyII	4	A1, A6, B3, D2, D6
ME4	6- Elective A Biotechnology	4	A1, A3, B1, D2, D4,D6
ME5	7- Elective B Applied Pharmacology	4	A2, B3, B7, D3

ME7	Drug induced diseases	4	A1, A2, B5, D1, D4
	Special Courses:		
Esp1	Controlled release dosage forms	4	A1, A8, B2, D8, D4
Esp2	Drug stability	4	A1, A7, B5, D1, D2
Esp3	Transdermal drug delivery systems	4	A1, A8, B1, D3
	Thesis	30	A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, A8, A9, B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, C1, C2, C3, D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6, D7, D8

## 6-Program admission requirements:

- The Applicant should finish or being permanently or temporarily exempted from the military service and temporary exemption should be valid for at least one year from the date of beginning of study. (Exceptions apply for demonstrators and assistant lecturers).
- The applicant admission to the M.Sc. program should be no later than ten years from the time of graduation.
- Acquisition of an approval from the Faculty Council following an approval of concerned Departmental Board as well as Graduate Studies and Research Committee recommendation

within a maximum of one month for any conditions stated by the concerned Departmental Board.

### **Admission Conditions for M.Sc. degree**

In addition to the general admission conditions stated before, applicants are admitted to M.Sc. degree upon fulfillment of the following:

The applicants should be holders of Bachelor in Pharmaceutical Sciences from any Faculty of Pharmacy with a general grade at least good (cancelled by a decision of the university council) affiliated to the Egyptian Universities or an equivalent degree granted by any institute recognized by the Supreme Council of Universities.

The Faculty council is allowed, on consent of the concerned Departmental Board as well as Graduate Studies and Research Committee, to accept student for registration of M.Sc. degree if he has got a diploma from one of the Egyptian Universities in one of the pharmaceutical sciences fields, Faculties, or Institutes that are recognized by the Supreme Council of Universities with a general grade of Good regardless his grades in bachelor degree.

Students should fulfill all the admission requirements stated by the concerned Departmental Board (ICDL certificate, local TOEFL certificate with a grade at least 450).

Admission has to be done within the period announced by the university. Candidate thesis discussion isn't before one calendar year from research point registration.

### **Regulations to complete the program:**

The Faculty Council, in compliance with the concerned Departmental Board as well as Graduate Studies and Research

Committee recommendation awards the M.Sc. degree upon fulfillment of the following requirements:

- Carrying out a deep research in the area of specialization for at least one or two calendar years and at most three years from the time of registration.
- The student has to succeed in all courses examinations.
- Acceptance of the research thesis by the Jury Committee according to statement 104 of universities regulating law.

### **Cancellation of Registration**

The Faculty Board is allowed to cancel registration for M. Sc. programs in the following circumstances

- Student's failure to pass the course examinations for two times.
- Student's nonattendance or unsatisfactory progress (at least two annual reports) in research work being reported by the advisors and chief supervisor to the Departmental Board and forwarded to the Graduate Studies and Research Committee recommendation for approval of cancellation.
- Dissertation refusal by the Jury Committee.
- Incapability of the student to graduate by the deadlines indicated.

### **7- Admission Policy:**

The faculty complies with the admission regulations and requirements of the Egyptian Supreme Council of Universities (ESCU).

### **8-Student assessment methods:**

Method	ILOS
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Written exam	Knowledge and Understanding and Intellectual Skills
Oral exam	Knowledge and Understanding ,Intellectual Skills and General and Transferable Skills
Activity	Intellectual Skills and General and Transferable Skills
Seminars	Knowledge and Understanding ,Intellectual Skills & General and Transferable Skills
Follow up	Professional and practical Skills & General and Transferable Skills
Thesis and oral presentation	Knowledge and Understanding, Intellectual Skills, Professional and practical Skills & General and Transferable Skills

Grade Scale	Grade point average value (GPA)	Numerical scale
A+	5	≥ 95%
A	4.5	90- < 95%
B+	4	85- < 90%
B	3.5	80- < 85%
C+	3	75- < 80%
C	2.5	70- < 75%
D+	2	65- < 70%
D	1.5	60- < 65%

### **9-Failure in Courses:**

Students who fail to get 60% ( 1 point)

## 10-Methods of program evaluation

Evaluator	Method	Sample
<b>Internal evaluator</b> Prof. Hanan ElNahas	Program evaluation Courses evaluation	Program report Courses report
<b>External evaluator</b> Prof. Ali Abd Elzaher, Assiut University	Program evaluation Courses evaluation	Program report Courses report
<b>Others methods</b>	Matrix with ARS International Benchmark Questionnaires	<b>100%</b>

تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس القسم بتاريخ



# **Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics**

## **Course specification of Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics**

### **A- Course specifications:**

- **Program on which the course is given:** Master of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- **Major or Minor element of program:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Department offering the course:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### **1- Basic information:**

Title: **Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics**      Code: M 104  
Lectures: 2 hrs/week      Credit hours: 2 hrs/week  
Total: 2 hrs/week

### **2- Overall aim of the course:**

**On completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

Describe the principles and applications of Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.

### **3- Intended learning outcome s (ILOs) of Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics:**

<b>Knowledge and Understanding</b>	
<b>a1</b>	Outline different pharmacokinetic parameters and bioavailability
<b>a2</b>	Enumerate different factors affecting the rate of absorption, distribution, biotransformation and elimination of drugs.
<b>a3</b>	State the applications of pharmacokinetics in different clinical situations
<b>Intellectual skills</b>	
<b>b1</b>	Select the appropriate methods for estimation of bioavailability and drug clearance in the body
<b>b2</b>	Apply pharmacokinetic strategies for modifying drug action.
<b>General and Transferable skills</b>	
<b>d1</b>	Use computer skills to present information
<b>d2</b>	Collect information from a variety of sources

### **4. Course Content of Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics:**

<b>Week number</b>	<b>Lecture content (2 hrs/week)</b>
<b>1</b>	Factors affecting bioavailability (biological and physiological)
<b>2</b>	Physicochemical factors, advantages and disadvantages of oral administration.
<b>3</b>	Distribution and factors affecting it.
<b>4</b>	Elimination , biotransformation, and urinary excretion .
<b>5</b>	Minor routes of drug elimination
<b>6</b>	Use of physical and animal models to evaluate bioavailability.
<b>7</b>	Review on bioequivalence study through revision of certain scientific research papers. <b>Activity</b>
<b>8</b>	Pharmacokinetic models, volume of distribution, and total body clearance.
<b>9</b>	Problems in determination of bioavailability of urine and saliva sample.
<b>10</b>	Loading dose, steady state, lag time, and flip-flop.

<b>11</b>	Method of residuals, therapeutic drug monitoring, and dosage regimen design.
<b>12</b>	Pharmacokinetic parameters.
<b>13</b>	Kidney and liver function tests.
<b>14</b>	Haemodialysis.
<b>15</b>	Final exam

### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning
- Critical thinking

### **6- Student Assessment methods:**

Written exams to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1, b2

Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1, b2

Activities to assess: d1, d2

<b>Assessment method</b>	<b>Time</b>	<b>Marks</b>	<b>Percentage</b>
Written exam	Week 15	75	75%
Oral exams	Week 15	15	15%
Activities	Week 7	10	10%
Total	-----	100	100%

### **7- References and books:**

#### **A-Scientific papers:**

Panchagnula R, Thomas NS. Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics in drug research. Int J Pharm. 2000 May 25;201(2):131-50

#### **B- Essential books:**

Ashutosh Kar, Essentials of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Elsevier, 2010

#### **C- Suggested books:**

Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics Shargel, L., and Andrew B.C., VU. Sixth edition, East Norwalk, Connecticut, USA (2012).

#### **D- Websites:**

Pubmed, Sciencedirect, Nejm, Wiley interscience

**Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

1. **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, computers and data show.
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• **Course Coordinators:** Prof Dr/ Fakh El-din Ghazy

• **Head of Department:** Prof Dr/ Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab

• **Date:** تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس الكلية رقم بتاريخ 23-9-2019

### Matrix I of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics

Course Contents		ILOs of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics course						
		Knowledge and understanding			Intellectual skills		Transferable and general skills	
		a1	a2	a3	b1	b2	d1	d2
1	Factors affecting bioavailability (biological and physiological)		x					
2	Physicochemical factors, advantages and disadvantages of oral administration.		x					
3	Distribution and factors affecting it.		x					
4	Elimination , biotransformation, and urinary excretion .		x					
5	Minor routes of drug elimination		x					
6	Use of physical and animal models to evaluate bioavailability.	x						
7	Review on bioequivalence study through revision of certain scientific research papers.			x		x	x	x
8	Pharmacokinetic models, volume of distribution, and total body clearance.	x						
9	Problems in determination of bioavailability of urine and saliva sample.	x			x			
10	Loading dose, steady state, lag time, and flip-flop.	x			x			
11	Method of residuals, therapeutic drug monitoring, and dosage regimen design.	x		x	x	x		
12	Pharmacokinetic parameters.	x			x			
13	Kidney and liver function tests.			x				
14	Haemodialysis.			x				



Matrix II of Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics										
ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Sources	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	Oral exam	Activity
2.1	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy,Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.	a1	Factors affecting bioavailability (biological and physiological) Physicochemical factors, advantages and disadvantages of oral administration. Distribution and factors affecting it. Elimination , biotransformation, and urinary excretion. Minor routes of drug elimination	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	X	x	
			a3	Kidney and liver function tests. Haemodialysis.	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	X	x	



				Pharmacokinetic models, volume of distribution, and total body clearance. Loading dose, steady state, lag time, and flip-flop. Method of residuals, therapeutic drug monitoring, and dosage regimen design.	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	X	x	
		A.4- Explain the principles of physical pharmacy, different factors affecting drug release and bioavailability	a2	Use of physical and animal models to evaluate bioavailability. Review on bioequivalence study through revision of certain scientific research papers. Problems in determination of bioavailability of urine and saliva sample.	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
2.2	2.2.3-Correlate and integrate different pharmaceutical knowledge to solve professional problems.	B.3- Plan to solve possible problems based on the integration of required pharmaceutical knowledge.	b1 b2	Pharmacokinetic models, volume of distribution, and total body clearance Loading dose, steady state, lag time, and flip-flop. Method of residuals, therapeutic drug monitoring, and dosage regimen design. Pharmacokinetic	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	X		

2.4				parameters. Kidney and liver function tests. Haemodialysis.						
	2.4.2- Effectively use information technology in professional practices	D.2- Acquire computer skills in analyzing results and presenting them.	d2	Activity	Textbook s, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x
	2.4.4- Use variable sources to get information and knowledge.	D.4- Retrieve information from a variety of sources including libraries, databases and internet.	d1	Activity	Textbook s, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x

# **Pharmaceutical Technology**

## **|Course specification of Pharmaceutical Technology**

### **A- Course specifications:**

- **Program on which the course is given:** Master of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- **Major or Minor element of program:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Department offering the course:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### **1- Basic information:**

Title: **Pharmaceutical technology**  
Lectures: 2 hrs/week  
Total: 2hrs/week

Code: ME1  
Credit hours: 2 hrs/week

### **2- Overall aim of the course:**

**On completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

Illustrate the principles and mechanisms of different apparatus used in granulation, tablet manufacture, particle size reduction and mixing as well as sterilization.

### **3- Intended learning outcome s (ILOs) of Pharmaceutical Technology:**

<b>Knowledge and Understanding</b>	
<b>a1</b>	Outline different preformulation studies as well as packaging materials
<b>a2</b>	Describe principles and mechanisms of different pharmaceutical processes including granulation, mixing, milling and sterilization
<b>a3</b>	Describe tablet manufacturing and tablet coating
<b>a4</b>	Explain micromeritics and methods for particle size control
<b>Intellectual skills</b>	
<b>b1</b>	Apply pharmaceutical background for solving problems in manufacturing
<b>General and Transferable skills</b>	
<b>d1</b>	Retrieve information from different sources

<b>d2</b>	Present data as a report or presentation
<b>d3</b>	work as a member of a team

#### **4. Course Content of Pharmaceutical Technology:**

<b>Week number</b>	<b>Lecture content (2 hr/w)</b>
<b>1</b>	• Preformulation
<b>2</b>	• Material of fabrication and corrosion
<b>3</b>	• Granulation and factors affecting it
<b>4</b>	• Tablet manufacture
<b>5</b>	• Types of tablet coating
<b>6</b>	• Sterilization
<b>7</b>	• Packs of pharmaceutical preparation
<b>8</b>	• Size reduction and factors affecting it
<b>9</b>	• Technique of milling
<b>10</b>	• Wet and dry milling , types of mill
<b>11</b>	• Determination of particle size
<b>12</b>	• Micromeritic and methods of particle size control • Activity: Internet search & data presentation about particle size control for enhancement of drug bioavailability
<b>13</b>	• Factors affecting solid mixing
<b>14</b>	• Tumbling and agitator mixers and mixers for semisolid
<b>15</b>	• Final exam

#### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning
- Open discussion

#### **6- Student Assessment methods:**

Written exams to assess: a1, a2, a3, a4, b1

Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, a3, a4, b1

Activities to assess: d1, d2, d3

Assessment method	Time	Marks	Percentage
Written exam	Week 15	75	75%
Oral exams	Week 15	15	15%
Activities	Week 12	10	10%
Total	-----	100	100%

## **7- References and books:**

### **A- Essential books:**

Bentley's text book of Pharmaceutics by Rawlins, E. A. 8<sup>th</sup> ed (1984).

Ajay Semalty, Mona Semalty, M.s.M. Rawat. Essentials of Pharmaceutical Technology. PharmaMed Press. Second edition, 2018

### **B- Suggested books:**

S C Dinda. Advances in Pharmaceutical Technology, Bsp Books Pvt. Ltd. (November 4, 2014)

The theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy (1976) by Lachman, L., Lieberman, H. A., Kanig, J. L., Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, USA.

### **C- Websites:**

Pubmed, Sciencedirect, Nejm, Wiley interscience

### **Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

1. **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, Computers, data show.

- 
- **Course Coordinators:** Prof Dr/ Fakhr El-din Ghazy
  - **Head of Department:** Prof Dr/ Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab
  - **Date:** 2019-9-23 تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس الكلية رقم بتاريخ

		<b>Matrix I of Pharmaceutical technology</b>							
<b>Course Contents</b>		<b>ILOs</b>							
		Knowledge and understanding				Intellectual skills	Transferable and general skills		
		a1	a2	a3	a4	b1	d1	d2	d3
1	Preformulation	x				x			
2	Material of fabrication and corrosion	x							
3	Granulation and factors affecting it		x						
4	Tablet manufacture			x		x			
5	Types of tablet coating			x		x			
6	Sterilization	x							
7	Packs of pharmaceutical preparation	x							
8	Size reduction and factors affecting it				x				
9	Technique of milling				x				
10	Wet and dry milling , types of mill				x				
11	Determination of particle size				x				
12	Micromeritic and methods of particle size control				x	x	x	x	x
13	Factors affecting solid mixing	x							
14	Tumbling and agitator mixers and mixers for semisolid	x							

Matrix II of Pharmaceutical technology										
ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Sources	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	Oral exam	Activity
2.1	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy, Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.	a1	Preformulation Material of fabrication and corrosion Sterilization Packs of pharmaceutical preparation Factors affecting solid mixing Tumbling and agitator mixers and mixers for semisolid	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	



	2.1.3- Scientific developments in the area of specialization.	A.8 – Illustrate different types of transdermal and controlled drug delivery systems, their formulation and therapeutic uses	a3	Manufacturing of compressed tablet Methods of tablet manufacturing Apparatus for continuous and patch filtration	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
	2.1.5- Principles and the basics of quality in professional practice in the area of specialization	A.6 - Outline basic principles of instrumental analysis, operation as well as applications of instrumental techniques	a2	Evaluation of tablets Sterilization Methods of sterilization	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
	2.2.3-Correlate and integrate different pharmaceutical knowledge to solve professional problems.	B.3- Plan to solve possible problems based on the integration of required pharmaceutical knowledge.	b1	Methods of tablet manufacturing - Evaluation of tablets -Apparatus for continuous and patch filtration - Sterilization - Methods of sterilization	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
2.4	2.4.2- Effectively use information technology in professional practices	D.2- Acquire computer skills in analyzing results and presenting them.	d2	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x

	2.4.4- Use variable sources to get information and knowledge.	D.4- Retrieve information from a variety of sources including libraries, databases and internet.	d1	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x
	2.4.6- Work in a team and lead teams carrying out various professional tasks.	D.6- Work effectively as a member of team.	d3	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x

# **Physical Pharmacy**

## Course specification of Physical Pharmacy

### **A- Course specifications:**

- **Program on which the course is given:** Master of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- **Major or Minor element of program:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Department offering the course:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### **1- Basic information:**

Title: **Physical pharmacy**  
Lectures: 2 hrs/week  
Total: 2 hrs/week

Code: M103  
Credit hours: 2 hrs/week

### **2- Overall aim of the course:**

#### **On completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

On completion of the course, the students will be able to acquire knowledge of the principles of physical pharmacy, design, evaluate and interpret the therapeutic efficacy of homogenous and heterogeneous dosage forms and understand the implications of the physical interactions on the outcome of the drug product and discuss recent trends in applied physical pharmacy.

### **3- Intended learning outcomes (ILOs) of Physical Pharmacy:**

<b>A-Knowledge and Understanding</b>	
<b>a1</b>	Illustrate the principles of physical pharmacy including equilibrium phenomena, dissolution, phase equilibrium, phase rule, types of flow, interfacial phenomena and disperse systems
<b>a2</b>	Outline structure of polymers and their applications in pharmacy
<b>a3</b>	Differentiate between different complexes, their applications and analysis
<b>B-Intellectual skills</b>	
<b>b1</b>	Integrate physical pharmacy background in dissolving formulation problems
<b>C-General and Transferable skills</b>	
<b>d1</b>	Develop computer skills in presenting data
<b>d2</b>	Work effectively as a team member

#### **4. Course Content of Physical pharmacy:**

<b>Week number</b>	<b>Lecture content (2 hr/w)</b>
<b>1</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Equilibrium phenomena (Strong and weak acid, bases, buffers, distribution).</li> </ul>
<b>2</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Complexation and protein binding.</li> </ul>
<b>3</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Drug release &amp; dissolution.</li> </ul>
<b>4</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Types of flow</li> </ul>
<b>5</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Surface and interfacial phenomena</li> </ul>
<b>6</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Metal complexes &amp; Organic molecular complexes</li> </ul>
<b>7</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Occlusion compounds, Complexation and method of analysis</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Presentation)</b></p>
<b>8</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>State of matter</li> <li>Ideal gas law</li> </ul>
<b>9</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Colligative properties of solutions</li> </ul>
<b>10</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Phase rule</li> </ul>
<b>11</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disperse systems</li> </ul>

12	• Phase equilibria
13	• Polymer science
14	• Revision & (Final Presentation)
15	Final exam

### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning
- Open discussion

### **6- Student Assessment methods:**

Written exams to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1

Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1

Activities to assess: d1, d2

Assessment method	Time	Marks	Percentage
Written exam	Week 15	75	75%
Oral exams	Week 15	15	15%
Activities	Week 7, 14	10	10%
Total	-----	100	100%

### **7- References and books:**

#### **A- Essential books:**

- Martin's physical pharmacy and pharmaceutical sciences: Patrick J. Sinko, Alfred N. Martin, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, (2006)
- Pharmaceutical calculations, Stoklosa, M and Ansel, H., Philadelphia, London. (1997).

#### **B- Recommended books:**

Bandameedi Ramu, hand book of physical pharmacy, Pothe, 2018.

**C- Websites:** Pubmed, Sciencedirect, Wileyinterscience

### **Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

- For lectures:** Black (white) boards, data show.

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- **Course Coordinators:** Prof Dr/ Hanan Mohamed El-Nahas
  - **Head of Department:** Prof Dr/ Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab
  - **Date:** تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس الكلية رقم بتاريخ 2019-9-23

Matrix I of Physical Pharmacy							
Course Contents		ILOs of Physical pharmacy course					
		Knowledge and understanding			Intellectual skills	Transferable and general skills	
		a1	a2	a3	b1	d1	d2
1	Equilibrium phenomena (Strong and weak acid, bases, buffers, distribution).	x					
2	Complexation and protein binding.			X	x		
3	Drug release & dissolution.	x					
4	Types of flow						
5	Surface and interfacial phenomena	x					
6	Metal complexes & Organic molecular complexes			X	x		
7	Occlusion compounds, Complexation and method of analysis Presentation			X	x	X	x
8	State of matter Ideal gas law	x					
9	Colligative properties of solutions	x			x		
10	Phase rule	x					
11	Disperse systems	x					
12	Phase equilibria	x					
13	Polymer science		x				
14	presentation					x	x

Matrix II of Physical Pharmacy										
ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Sources	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	Oral Exam	Activity
2.1	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy, Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics , Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability. A.4- Explain the principles of physical pharmacy, different factors	a1 a3	Equilibrium phenomena (Strong and weak acid, bases, buffers, distribution). Drug release & dissolution. Surface and interfacial phenomena State of matter Ideal gas law Colligative properties of solutions Phase rule Disperse systems Phase equilibria Complexation and protein binding. Metal complexes & Organic molecular complexes Occlusion compounds, Complexation and method of analysis	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	X	X	x	x	



		affecting drug release and bioavailability.								
	2.1.3- Scientific developments in the area of specialization.	A.8 – Illustrate different types of transdermal and controlled drug delivery systems, their formulation and therapeutic uses	a2	Polymer science	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	X	X	x	x	
	2.2.3-Correlate and integrate different pharmaceutical knowledge to solve professional problems.	B.3- Plan to solve possible problems based on the integration of required pharmaceutical knowledge.	b1	Colligative properties of solutions Complexation and protein binding. Metal complexes & Organic molecular complexes Occlusion compounds, Complexation and method of analysis	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	X	X	x	X	
2.4	2.4.2- Effectively use information technology in professional practices	D.2- Acquire computer skills in analyzing results and presenting them.	d1	Activity	Textbook s, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x

	2.4.6- Work in a team and lead teams carrying out various professional tasks.	D.6- Work effectively as a member or leader of a team.	d2	Activity	Textbook s, Scientific papers and self learning		X			<b>x</b>
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# Biostatistic

## Course specification of Biostatistics

### A- Course specifications:

- Program on which the course is given: Master of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- Major or Minor element of program: Major
- Department offering the program: Pharmaceutics Dept.
- Department offering the course: Pharmacology Dept.
- Date of specification approval: 2019

### 1- Basic information:

Title: **Biostatistics**  
Lectures: 2 hrs/week  
Total: 2hrs/week

Code: **M111**  
Credit hours: 2 hrs/week

### 2- Overall aim of the course:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to design a good research experiment, statistically analyze the results of research experiments, and interpret the results of statistical analysis of experimental data using statistical computer programs.

### 3. Intended learning outcome s (ILOs) of Biostatistics:

Knowledge and Understanding	
a1	Identify the fundamentals and principles of Biostatistics.
a2	List the different methods of statistical analysis.
Intellectual skills	
b1	Analyze statistically and interpret data obtained from pharmacological experiments in different forms.
b2	Assess the types of decision errors that can occur during using statistical tests.
General and Transferable skills	
d1	Communicate effectively with others
d2	Develop IT skills

### 4. Course Content of Biostatistics:

Week number	Lecture contents (2hrs/week)
1	Computer-aided general Principle of biostatistics 1
2	Computer-aided General Principle of biostatistics 2
3	Computer-aided Presentation of data
4	Computer-aided Descriptive statistics
5	Computer-aided Measures of central tendency
6	Computer-aided Measures of variability
7	Computer-aided Normal frequency distribution curve
8	Probability
9	Comparing of two means <b>Activity</b>
10	Comparing of more than two means
11	Chi square test
12	Computer-aided Regression and correlation analysis
13	Complex analysis
14	Criteria of good experimental design

15	final exam
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### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self-learning
- Computer statistical program training
- Open discussion

### **6- Student Assessment methods:**

- Written exam to assess: a1, a2, b1 and b2.
- Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, b1, b2 and d1.
- Activity to assess: d1, d2

### **Assessment schedule:**

<b>Assessment (1):</b> Activity	Week 9
<b>Assessment (2):</b> Written exam	Week 15
<b>Assessment (3):</b> oral exam	Week 15

### **Weighting of Assessment:**

Assessment method	Marks	Percentage
• Activity	10	10 %
• Written exam	75	75 %
• oral exam	15	15 %
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100%</b>

### **8- References and books:**

#### **A-Scientific papers**

#### **B- Essential books:**

- Danial W (1995). Biostatistics: A foundation for analysis in health science. (6<sup>th</sup> ed.) New York: John Wipij & sensing

**C- Electronic resources**

- Dom Spina (2003) Statistics Workshop distance learning material.  
British Pharmacological Society University of Manchester

**Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

1. **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, computer, data show.

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- **Course Coordinators: Prof. Hany Elbassosy**
- **Head of Department: Prof. Mona Fouad**

<b>Matrix I of Biostatistics course</b>							
Week number	Course Contents	Knowledge & understanding		Intellectual skills		General & Transfer able skills	
		a1	a2	b1	b2	d1	d2
1	General principle of biostatistics 1	x	x				
2	General principle of biostatistics 2		x				
3	Presentation of data	x		X			
4	Descriptive statistics	x		X			x
5	Measures of central tendency	x					x
6	Measures of variability	x					x
7	Normal frequency distribution curve	x		X			x
8	Probability	x		X			x
9	Comparing of two means- Activity	x	x	X		X	x
10	Comparing of more than two means	x	x	X			x
11	Chi square test	x	x	X			x
12	Regression and correlation analysis	x	x	X			x
13	Complex analysis		x	X			x
14	Criteria of good experimental design				x		





Matrix II of Biostatistics										
ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course content	Source	Teaching and learning methods		Method of Assessment		
						Lectures	Self learning	Written exam	Oral exam	Activity
Knowledge and Understanding	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy,Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.	a1 a2	General principle of biostatistics 1- Presentation of data - Descriptive statistics - Measures of central tendency - Measures of variability - Normal frequency distribution curve - Probability - Comparing of two means - Comparing of more than two means - Chi square test - Regression and correlation analysis	Scientific papers, text books and Internet	X	X	x	x	

Intellectual Skills	2.2.1- Analyze and evaluate information in the field of specialization and analogies to solve problems	B.1- Analyze and evaluate the information gained in the field of pharmaceutics to solve different drug formulation problems.	b1 b2	Presentation of data - Descriptive statistics - Normal frequency distribution curve - Probability - Comparing of two means - Comparing of more than two means - Chi square test - Regression and correlation analysis - Complex analysis Criteria of good experimental design	Scientific papers, text books and Internet	X	x	x	x	
	2.4.1- Communicate effectively.	D.1- Communicate effectively with others	d1	Activities- Revision	Scientific papers, text books and Internet	x	x		x	x

General & Transferable skills	2.4.2- Effectively use information technology in professional practices	D.2- Acquire computer skills in analyzing results and presenting them.	d2	Activities- Revision	Scientific papers, text books and Internet	X	x		x	x
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# **Drug-Induced Diseases**

## Course specification of Drug-Induced Diseases

### A- Course specifications:

- Program on which the course is given: Master of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- Major or Minor element of program: Major
- Department offering the program: Pharmaceutics Dept
- Department offering the course: Pharmacology Dept.
- Date of specification approval: 2019

### 1- Basic information:

Title: **Drug Induced Diseases**  
Lectures: 4 hrs/week  
Total: 4hrs/week

Code:ME7  
Credit hours: 4 hrs/week

### 2- Overall aim of the course:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to define the mechanisms, symptoms and diagnosis of drug-induced diseases and possible preventative methods.

### **3. Intended learning outcome s (ILOs) of Drug Induced Disease:**

<b>Knowledge and Understanding</b>	
<b>a1</b>	Explain the basics of drug kinetics, dynamics and adverse effects
<b>a2</b>	Identify common diseases induced by drugs and the associated risk factors.
<b>Intellectual skills</b>	
<b>b1</b>	Suggest possible ways to protect against or minimize some common drug-induced diseases.
<b>b2</b>	Specify the hazards of therapeutic regimens and how to properly select suitable regimens in different pathological conditions.
<b>General and Transferable skills</b>	
<b>d1</b>	Communicate effectively with others
<b>d2</b>	Retrieve information from different resources

### **4. Course Content of Drug Induced Disease:**

<b>1</b>	Introduction to drug induced-diseases
<b>2</b>	Drug-induced hepatotoxicity (Toxic response of the liver and mechanism of toxicity)
<b>3</b>	Drug-induced hepatotoxicity (Diagnosis and management)
<b>4</b>	Drug-induced nephrotoxicity (Toxic response of the kidney and mechanism of toxicity)
<b>5</b>	Drug-induced nephrotoxicity (Diagnosis and management)
<b>6</b>	Drug-induced CVS diseases (Toxic response of the heart and vascular system)
<b>7</b>	Drug-induced CVS diseases (Mechanism of toxicity)
<b>8</b>	Drug-induced CVS diseases (Diagnosis and treatment)
<b>9</b>	Activity
<b>10</b>	Drug-induced CNS diseases (Structure and functions of brain blood barrier, toxic response of brain and spinal cord)
<b>11</b>	Drug-induced CNS diseases (Mechanism of toxicity)

12	Drug-induced CNS diseases (Diagnosis and treatment)
13	Presentations
14	Open discussion & revision
15	Final exam

### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning
- Open discussion

### **6- Student Assessment methods:**

- Written exam to assess: a1, a2, b1 and b2.
- Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, b1, b2, d1 and d2.
- Activity to assess: d1 and d2.

### **Assessment schedule:**

<b>Assessment (1):</b> Activity	Week 9
<b>Assessment (2):</b> Written exam	Week 15
<b>Assessment (3):</b> oral exam	Week 15

### **Weighting of Assessment:**

Assessment method	Marks	Percentage
• Activity	10	10 %
• Written exam	75	75 %
• oral exam	15	15 %
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100%</b>

### **7- References and books:**

#### **A-Scientific papers**



**B- Essential books:**

- Basic and clinical Pharmacology; 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Kantzung B.G McGraw Hill Medical Publishing Division 2007.
- Drug-Induced Diseases: Prevention, Detection, and Management, 2nd Edition, Tisdale J. and Miller D. American Society of Health-System Pharmacists 2010.

**Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

1. **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, computer, data show.

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- **Course Coordinators: Prof. Dr. Ahmed Fahmy**
- **Head of Department: Prof. Mona Fouad**

**Matrix I of Drug Induced Disease course**

Week number	Course Contents	Knowledge and understanding		Intellectual skills		General & Transferable skills	
		a1	a2	b1	b2	d1	d2
1	Introduction to drug induced-diseases	X					
2	Drug-induced hepatotoxicity (Toxic response of the liver and mechanism of toxicity)	X					
3	Drug-induced hepatotoxicity (Diagnosis and management)	X			X		
4	Drug-induced nephrotoxicity (Toxic response of the kidney and mechanism of toxicity)	X			X		
5	Drug-induced nephrotoxicity (Diagnosis and management)	X					
6	Drug-induced CVS diseases (Toxic response of the heart and vascular system)		X	X			
7	Drug-induced CVS diseases (Mechanism of toxicity)		X	X			
8	Drug-induced CVS diseases (Diagnosis and treatment)		X	X			
9	Activity		X	X		x	X
10	Drug-induced CNS diseases (Structure and functions of brain blood barrier, toxic response of brain and spinal cord)		X	X			
11	Drug-induced CNS diseases (Mechanism of toxicity)		X	X			
12	Drug-induced CNS diseases (Diagnosis and treatment)		X	X			
13	Presentations	X	X	X	X		
14	Open discussion & revision	X	X	X	X	x	X



Matrix II of Drug Induced Disease										
ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course content	Source	Teaching and learning methods		Method of Assessment		
						Lectures	Self-learning	Written exam	Oral exam	Activity
Knowledge and Understanding	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy,Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability. A.2- Illustrate the essential information about different drug induced diseases and appropriate methods of treatment.	a1 a2	Introduction to drug-induced disease Drug-induced hepatotoxicity 1 Drug-induced nephrotoxicity 1 Drug-induced 1 CVS toxicity Drug-induced 1 CNS toxicity	Scientific papers, text books and Internet	X	X	X	X	
	2.2.5- Evaluate and manage risks and potential hazards in professional practices in the	B.5-Deal effectively with risks and hazards during professional and laboratory practice.	b1 b2	Drug-induced hepatotoxicity 2 Drug-induced nephrotoxicity 2 Drug-induced 3 CVS toxicity Drug-induced 3 CNS toxicity	Scientific papers, text books and Internet	X	X	X	X	

	area of specialization									
General & Transferable skills	2.4.1- Communicate effectively.	D.1- Communicate effectively with others.	d1	Activity	Scientific papers, text books and Internet	X	X		X	X
	2.4.4- Use variable sources to get information and knowledge.	D.4- Retrieve information from a variety of sources including libraries, databases and internet.	d2	Activity	Scientific papers, text books and Internet	X	X		X	X



# **Instrumental Analysis & ChromatographyII**

## Course specification of Instrumental Analysis & ChromatographyII

### **A- Course specifications:**

- Program on which the course is given: Master's of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- Major or Minor element of program: Major
- Department offering the program: Pharmaceutics Dept
- Department offering the course: Analytical Chemistry.
- Date of specification approval: 2019
- **Basic information:**

Title: Instrumental Analysis	Code: <b>M102</b>
Lectures: 4 hrs/week	Credit hours: 4 hrs/ week
Total: 4 hrs/ week	

### **2- Overall aim of the course:**

On completion of the course, the students will be able to outline the basis and applications of instrumental analysis and describe theories, operation, pharmaceutical and biological applications of instrumental techniques.



### 3. Intended learning outcomes (ILOs):

<b>A- Knowledge and Understanding</b>	
<b>a1</b>	Outline the basis, theory and operation of different instrumental techniques of analysis.
<b>a2</b>	Describe different pharmaceutical and biological applications of instrumental techniques.
<b>B- Intellectual skills</b>	
<b>b1</b>	Select the most appropriate instrumental technique in pharmaceutical and biological assay.
<b>b2</b>	Integrate knowledge gained from different instrumental techniques in designing analytical system for analytes of complex nature
<b>D- General and Transferable skills</b>	
<b>d1</b>	Acquire Computer skills like preparing presentations and collecting information through different data-bases.
<b>d2</b>	Work effectively as a member of team
<b>d3</b>	Demonstrate leadership capability

#### **4. Course Contents:**

<b>Week No.</b>	<b>Content</b>
1	<b>Instrumental Analysis:</b> *Introduction *Principles
2	<b>[Ultraviolet (UV) and Visible spectrophotometry</b> *Theory *Instrumentations
3	<b>[Infrared (IR) spectroscopy].</b> *Theory *Instrumentations
4	<b>Applications of UV and IR</b>
5	<b>Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR).</b> *Theory **Instrumentations
6	<b>Mass-spectrometry (MS)</b> *Theory *Pharmaceutical and biological applications.
7	<b>Applications of NMR and MS</b>
8	<b>Electrochemistry</b> <b>Conductometry, Potentiometry.</b> *Theory *Pharmaceutical and biological applications.
9	<b>Chromatography:</b> *Introduction *Classification
10	<b>Quantitative and Qualitative Chromatographic techniques</b> *Basis *Pharmaceutical and biological applications
11	<b>HPLC</b> *Basis *Types Isocratic flow and gradient elution Particle size, Pore size, Pump pressure, detectors and applications
12	<b>Gas Chromatography</b> *Basis *Pharmaceutical and biological applications

	*Detectors
13	Student activities
14	Student activities
15	<b>final exam</b>

### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning
- Student scientific presentation.
- Course assignments
- Internet based search
- Problem solving

### **6- Student Assessment methods:**

Written exams to assess: a1, a2, b1, b2  
Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, b1 and b2  
Activity to assess: d1, d2 and d3

<b>Assessment (1):</b> Activity	Week 8
<b>Assessment (2):</b> Written exam	Week 15
<b>Assessment (3):</b> oral exam	Week 15

### **Weighting of Assessment:**

<b>Assessment method</b>	<b>Marks</b>	<b>Percentage</b>
• Activity	10	10 %
• Written exam	75	75 %
• oral exam	15	15 %
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100%</b>

### **7- References and books:**

**A-Scientific papers**

**A-Scientific papers**

**B- Essential books:**

- Modern Analytical Chemistry, David Harvey, McGraw-Hill Companies, first edition, 2002.
- Principles of Instrumental Analysis, [Douglas A. Skoog](#), [F. James Holler](#), [Crouch](#) Thomson Brooks/Cole, 2007
- Handbook of instrumental techniques of analytical chemistry, Frank A. Settle, Prentice Hall PTR, 1997.

**C- Suggested books:**

- British Pharmacopoeia, HM Stationery Office, London, UK, PA, 2007,
- Martindale: The Complete Drug Reference, Pharmaceutical Press; 35 edition (2007) .

**Websites and journals:**

- [www.rsc.org](http://www.rsc.org)
- [www.sciencedirect.com](http://www.sciencedirect.com)
- [www.pubmed.com](http://www.pubmed.com)
- [www.medline.com](http://www.medline.com)
- Guidance for Industry: Q2B of Analytical Procedures; Methodology: International Conference of Harmonization (ICH). Nov. 1996 ([http:// www.fda.gov/eder/guidance /1320fml.pdf](http://www.fda.gov/eder/guidance/1320fml.pdf)).
- Journal of Chromatography A and B, Separation sciences, Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, Bioanalysis, Analytical letters.

**Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

**For lectures:** Black (white) boards, data show.

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**Course Coordinators: Prof Dr/ Hisham Ezzat**

**Head of Department: Prof Dr/ Magda ElHenawi**

Matrix I of Instrumental Analysis & ChromatographyII								
Course Contents		ILOs						
		Knowledge and understanding		Intellectual skills		General and Transferable skills		
		a1	a2	b1	b2	d1	d2	d3
1	<b>Instrumental Analysis:</b> *Introduction *Principles	X						
2	<b>[Ultraviolet (UV)and Visible spectrophotometry</b> *Theory *Instrumentations	X	x	x				
3	<b>[Infrared (IR) spectroscopy].</b> *Theory *Instrumentations	X	x	x				
4	<b>Applications of UV and IR</b>	X	x	x				
5	<b>Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR).</b> *Theory **Instrumentations	X	x	x				
6	<b>Mass-spectrometry (MS)</b> *Theory *Pharmaceutical and biological applications.	X	x	x				
7	<b>Applications of NMR and MS</b>	X	x	x				
8	<b>Electrochemistry Conductometry, Potentiometry.</b> *Theory *Pharmaceutical and biological applications.	X	x	x				
9	<b>Chromatography:</b> *Introduction *Classification	X						
10	<b>Quantitative and Qualitative Chromatographic techniques</b>	X	x	x				

	*Basis *Pharmaceutical and biological applications							
1 1	<b>HPLC</b> *Basis *Types Isocratic flow and gradient elution Particle size, Pore size, Pump pressure, detectors and applications	x						
1 2	<b>Gas Chromatography</b> *Basis *Pharmaceutical and biological applications * Detectors	x						
1 3	Student activities			x	x	x	x	x
1 4	Student activities			x	x	x	x	x





## Matrix II of Instrumental Analysis & Chromatography II

ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Source	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	Oral Exam	Activity
Knowledge and Understanding	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy, Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.	a1	Instrumental Analysis--UV-visible spectrophotometry, Fluorometry--IR---NMR--Conductometry, Potentiometry--MS---chromatography	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	X	x	

	2.1.5- Principles and the basics of quality in professional practice in the area of specialization.	A.6 - Outline basic principles of instrumental analysis, operation as well as applications of instrumental techniques	a2	---HPLC, GC, applications						
	2.2.3-Correlate and integrate different pharmaceutical knowledge to solve professional problems.	B.3- Plan to solve possible problems based on the integration of required pharmaceutical knowledge.	b1-b2	Instrumental Analysis-- UV-visible spectrophotometry, Fluorometry--IR--- NMR-- Conductometry, Potentiometry--MS-- ---chromatography-- -HPLC, GC, applications	Textbook s, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	X	x	
General and Transferable Skills	2.4.2- Effectively use information technology in professional practices	D.2- Acquire computer skills in analyzing results and presenting them.	d1	Activity	Textbook ,Scientific papers and self learning		x			x

	2.4.6- Work in a team and lead teams carrying out various professional tasks.	D.6- Work effectively as a member or leader of a team.	d2	Activity	Textbook Scientific papers and self learning		x			x
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# **Biotechnology**

## Course Specification of Biotechnology

### **A- Course specifications:**

- **Program on which the course is given:** Master of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- **Major or minor element of programs:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics
- **Department offering the course:** Microbiology and Immunology department in conjunction with Biochemistry department
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### **1-Basic Information:**

Title: Biotechnology

Code:ME4

Credit hours: 4hrs/week

Lectures: 4hrs/week

Total: 4hrs/week

### **2- Overall aims of the course:**

On completion of the course, the student will be able to describe the components of biotechnology, the exploitation of gene cloning and recombinant DNA technology in production of useful microbial industrial strains and in monoclonal antibody technology, apply conventional genetic approaches and molecular genetics approaches in biotechnology, explain the bases of molecular genetics, and basic gene cloning strategies and tools and explore the basis of stem cell biotechnology and the regenerative medicine.

### **3-Intended learning outcomes (ILOS) of Biotechnology:**

<b>A- Knowledge and Understanding</b>	
<b>1a</b>	Outline the principles of biotechnology techniques
<b>2a</b>	Explain how to manage and exploit knowledge of DNA cloning, recombinant DNA, and applied technology
<b>3a</b>	Summarize recent medical biotechnology applications.
<b>a4</b>	Identify the principles of stem cell biotechnology and regenerative medicine
<b>B- Intellectual skills</b>	
<b>b1</b>	Express the principles biotechnology in medicine, agriculture and pollution control.
<b>b2</b>	Relate the principles of recombinant DNA technology in gene cloning and assessment of the microbial transformation
<b>b3</b>	Discuss the principles of PCR technology in the assessment of microbial mutation, gene detection, gene sequencing & forensic medicine
<b>D- General and transferable skills</b>	
<b>d1</b>	Develop computer skills as internet and power point in the activities.
<b>d2</b>	Gain information from various sources as text books, scientific journals, internet,...etc.
<b>d3</b>	Work effectively as a team member

#### **4-Course content of Biotechnology:**

<b>Week No.</b>	<b>Lecture content (2 hrs/week) (Microbiology Department)</b>	<b>Lecture content (2 hrs/week) (Biochemistry Department)</b>
<b>1</b>	Introduction to biotechnology	Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of peptides and protein drugs a- Elimination of protein therapeutics b- Distribution of protein therapeutics
<b>2</b>	DNA Recombination: • Naturally occurring genetic recombination • Artificially occurring genetic recombination (in laboratory)	Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of peptides and protein Drugs c- Protein binding of protein d- Chemical modification of protein therapeutics
<b>3</b>	Requirements for genetic engineering	Hematopoietic Growth Factor a- Chemical description b- Pharmaceutical concerns c- Clinical and practice aspects d- Toxicities
<b>4</b>	Gene Cloning: • General strategy for gene cloning • Obtaining the target genes	INTERLEUKINS a- Interleukins 1-17 b- Introduction and chemical Description – Pharmacology
<b>5</b>	Gene Cloning: • Finding suitable cloning vectors • Joining target gene(s) to vector • Insertion of hybrid (recombinant) DNA into expression host	INTERLEUKINS c- Interferon's alpha , Beta , Gamma d- Pharmaceutical concerns e- Clinical and Practice aspects



	(transformation) and selection of transformant	
6	Applications of genetic engineering <b>Activity</b>	INSULIN a- Introduction b- Pharmacology and Formulations c- Pharmaceutical concerns, chemical and physical stabilities d- Clinical and practice aspects <b>Activity</b>
7	Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) Types of PCR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Traditional PCR</li> <li>• rt PCR</li> <li>• Real time PCR</li> </ul>	Growth hormones a- hGH structure , Isolation b- Pharmacology
8	Applications of PCR: 1- gene amplification for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• gene cloning</li> <li>• gene sequencing</li> <li>• gene control drug production</li> </ul> 2- diagnosis of microbial infections 3- in forensic medicine	Growth hormones c- Protein manufacture , formulations d- Clinical use
9	Monoclonal antibody (MAb) technology (synthesis of Ab in laboratory): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• hybridoma technology</li> <li>• production &amp; selection of Ab</li> <li>• types of genetically engineered MAb (mouse,</li> </ul>	Dispensing Biotechnology products a- Introduction – Storage b- Handling c- Preparations

	<p>chemeric, humanized, human)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• nomenclature of MAb according to the target and source</li> <li>• Global Marketing pharmaceutically useful MAb</li> </ul>	
10	<p>Stem cells technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Types of stem cells</li> <li>• Isolation</li> <li>• Culturing</li> <li>• Applications of stem cells in regenerative medicine</li> </ul>	<p>Dispensing Biotechnology products</p> <p>d- Administration</p> <p>e- Outpatient/Homecare use</p> <p>f- Patient assessment</p>
11	<p>Advances in vaccine preparation</p>	<p>Biotechnology for pharmaceutical products</p> <p>a- Hormones</p> <p>b- Preparation of vaccines and other biological products</p>
12	<p>Gene sequencing</p>	<p>Biotechnology for pharmaceutical products</p> <p>c- Old , modern Biotechnology</p> <p>d- Applications in Medicine- industry – Agriculture – Ecology</p>
13	<p>Microarray technology</p>	<p>PCR , LCR ,applications in forensic medicine- Mutations- RFLP.....etc</p>
14	<p>Presentation of students activities and open discussion</p>	
15	<p>Final exam</p>	

### **5-Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning
- Open discussion and presentations

- Critical thinking

### **6-Student Assessment methods:**

- Written exams to assess: a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3
- Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3
- Activity to assess: d1, d2, d3

### **Assessment schedule:**

Assessment (1): Activity	Week 6,14
Assessment (2): Written exam	Week 15
Assessment (3): oral exam	Week 15

### **Weighting of Assessment:**

Assessment method	Marks	Percentage
• Activity	10	10 %
• Written exam	75	75 %
• oral exam	15	15 %
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100%</b>

### **7-References &books:**

#### **A- Scientific papers**

#### **B- Essential books:**

1. Crommelin, D.A.; and Sindeler, R.D. (1997).  
Pharmaceutical Biotechnology. Hartwood Academic Publishers. The Netherlands.
2. Glick, B.P.; and Pasterternak, J.J. (1994). Molecular  
Biotechnology-Principles Applications of recombinant DNA. AS  
Press, Washington, D.C., USA.

3. Thieman, W.J.; Palladino, M.A. (2008). *Introduction to Biotechnology*. Pearson/Benjamin Cummings. ISBN 0-321-49145-9.
4. Higuchi, R., Dollinger, G., Walsh, P.S. & Griffith, R. (1992) Simultaneous amplification and detection of specific DNA sequences. *Biotechnology*, 10, 413–417. [The first description of real-time PCR].
5. VanGuilder, H.D., Vrana, K.E. & Freeman, W.M. (2008) Twenty-five years of quantitative PCR for gene expression analysis. *Biotechniques*, 44, 619–624.

**C- Suggested books:**

1. Biotechnology in health care: an introduction to biopharmaceuticals
2. Ermak G., (2013), Modern Science & Future Medicine (second edition)

**D- Websites:** pubmed, Science direct, Nejm, Wileyinterscience

**Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

1. **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, computer, data show.

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- **Course Coordinators: Prof. Dr/ Ashraf Ahmed Kadry**  
**Prof. Dr/ Mohammed El-Sewedy**
  - **Head of Department: Prof. Dr/ Nehal El-sayed**

### Matrix I of Biotechnology (2019)

Course Contents		ILOs of Biotechnology course									
		Knowledge and Understanding				Intellectual skills			General and transferable skills		
		a1	a2	a3	a4	b1	b2	b3	d1	d2	d3
1	Introduction to biotechnology	x									
2	Bioprocess	x									
3	Downstream processing	x									
4	Cell culture - Activity	x				x	x	x			
5	Hybridoma technology	x									
6	Medical biotechnology			x	x						
7	Medicine from cultured cells			x	x						
8	DNA Recombination & Application of genetic engineering		x	x	x						
9	Principle of PCR technology and gene amplification.	x	x				x	x			
10	Applications and advances in PCR			x	x		x	x			
11	Hybridoma technology & Monoclonal antibody(MAb)-technology & Production Nomenclature of MABs				x						
12	Global Marketing Pharmaceutically useful monoclonal antibodies			x	x						
13	Applications and advances in PCR			x	x		x	x			
14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vaccine preparations</li> <li>• Stem cells technology &amp;</li> <li>• Regenerative medicine.</li> <li>• Activity (presentation )</li> </ul>			x	x	x	x	x	X	x	x



### Matrix II of Biotechnology

ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Sources	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	oral exam	Activity
Knowledge and Understanding	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy, Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.	a1- a2- a3-a4	Introduction to biotechnology- Bioprocess- Downstream processing- Cell culture- Hybridoma technology- Medical biotechnology- Medicine from cultured cells- DNA Recombination & Application of genetic engineering - Principle of PCR technology and gene amplification.- Applications and advances in PCR- Hybridoma technology & Monoclonal antibody (MAb)- technology & Production Nomenclature of Mabs- Global Marketing Pharmaceutically useful monoclonal antibodies - Applications and advances in PCR - Vaccine preparations- Stem cells technology & Regenerative medicine.	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
		A.3- Describe the basics for genetic engineering and principal and applications of PCR technology.			Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	

	2.2.1- Analyze and evaluate information in the field of specialization and analogies to solve problems	B.1- Analyze and evaluate the information gained in the field of pharmaceutics to solve different drug formulation problems.	b1-b2-b3	Medical biotechnology- Medicine from cultured cells- DNA Recombination & Application of genetic engineering - Applications and advances in PCR- Hybridoma technology& Monoclonal antibody(MAb)- technology & Production Nomenclature of Mabs- Global Marketing Pharmaceutically useful monoclonal antibodies - Applications and advances in PCR -Vaccine preparations- Stem cells technology & Regenerative medicine.	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	X	x	x	
	2.4.2- Effectively use information technology in professional practices	D.2- Acquire computer skills in analyzing results and presenting them.	d1	Activity - presentation of reports and open discussion	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	X			x
	2.4.4- Use variable sources to get information and knowledge.	D.4- Retrieve information from a variety of sources including libraries,	d2	Activity - presentation of reports and open discussion						



		databases and internet.								
	2.4.6- Work in a team and lead teams carrying out various professional tasks.	D.6- Work effectively as a member or leader of a team.	d3	Activity - presentation of reports and open discussion		x	X		x	x

# **Special courses**

# **Controlled Release Dosage Forms**

## **Course specification of Controlled release dosage forms**

### **A- Course specifications:**

- **Program on which the course is given:** Master of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- **Major or Minor element of program:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Department offering the course:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### **1- Basic information:**

**Title: Controlled-release dosage forms**  
**Lectures:** 4 hrs/week  
**Total:** 4 hrs/week

**Code:** Esp1  
**Credit hours:** 4 hrs/week

### **2- Overall aim of the course:**

**On completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

- Illustrate the principles of design and formulation of controlled-release dosage forms as well as properties and mechanisms.

### **3- Intended learning outcome s (ILOs) of Controlled-release dosage forms:**

<b>Knowledge and Understanding</b>	
<b>a1</b>	Enumerate different controlled-release drug delivery systems
<b>a2</b>	Illustrate the properties and formulation principles of different controlled-release drug delivery systems
<b>a3</b>	Describe different mechanisms of drug release from controlled drug delivery systems
<b>Intellectual skills</b>	
<b>b1</b>	Select the proper controlled release drug delivery system for optimal drug effect
<b>General and Transferable skills</b>	
<b>d1</b>	Retrieve information from a variety of sources
<b>d2</b>	Develop self learning skills

### **4. Course Content of Controlled-release dosage forms (Master degree):**

<b>Week number</b>	<b>Lecture content (4 hr/w)</b>
<b>1</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>General design principle for controlled-release drug delivery systems</li> </ul>
<b>2</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Physicochemical factors influencing design and performance of controlled-release formulations</li> </ul>
<b>3</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Biological factors influencing design and performance of controlled-release formulations</li> </ul>
<b>4</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Controlled-release oral dosage forms</li> </ul>
<b>5</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Diffusion, dissolution and osmotic controlled drug delivery systems</li> </ul>
<b>6</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Microencapsulation</li> </ul>
<b>7</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nanostructure-mediated controlled-release dosage forms</li> </ul>

	(Presentation)
8	• Liposomes
9	• Niosomes
10	• Technologies for developing transdermal dosage forms
11	• Ocular controlled-release dosage forms
12	• Vaginal and uterine controlled-release dosage forms
13	• Release of drugs from time-controlled-release dosage forms
14	• Release of drugs from stimuli-induced controlled-release systems ( <b>Final Presentation</b> )
15	• Final exam

### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning
- Open discussion

### **6- Student Assessment methods:**

Written exams to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1

Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1

Activities to assess: d1, d2

Assessment method	Time	Marks	Percentage
Written exam	Week 15	75	75%
Oral exams	Week 15	15	15%
Activities	Week 7, 14	10	10%
Total	-----	100	100%

### **7- References and books:**

#### **A- Essential books:**

Colloidal drug delivery systems Jörg Kreuter, M. Dekker, 1994 – 353.

Vincent H. L. Lee, Joseph R. Robinson, Controlled Drug Delivery, Taylor & Francis, 1987.

**B- Suggested books:** Martin's physical pharmacy and pharmaceutical

sciences: Patrick J. Sinko, Alfred N. Martin, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, (2006).

**C- Websites:** Pubmed, Sciencedirect, Wileyinterscience

**Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

1. **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, Computer, data show.

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- **Course Coordinators:** Assist.Prof.Dr/ Azza Ali Hasan
  - **Head of Department:** Prof Dr/Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab
  - **Date:** 2019-9-23      تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس الكلية بتاريخ

Matrix I of Controlled release dosage forms							
Course Contents		ILOs of Controlled release dosage forms					
		Knowledge and understanding			Intellectual skills	Transferable and general skills	
		a1	a2	a3	b1	d1	d2
1	General design principle for controlled-release drug delivery systems	x	x	x			
2	Physicochemical factors influencing design and performance of controlled-release formulations		x				
3	Biological factors influencing design and performance of controlled-release formulations		x				
4	Controlled-release oral dosage forms	x	x	x			
5	Diffusion, dissolution and osmotic controlled drug delivery systems	x	x	x	x		
6	Microencapsulation		x	x			
7	Nanostructure-mediated controlled-release dosage forms Presentation	x	x	x		x	x
8	Liposomes		x	x			
9	Niosomes		x	x			
10	Technologies for developing transdermal dosage forms		x	x			
11	Ocular controlled-release dosage forms	x	x	x			
12	Vaginal and uterine controlled-release dosage forms	x	x	x			
13	Release of drugs from time-controlled-release dosage forms		x				
14	Release of drugs from stimuli-induced controlled-release systems		x			x	x



**Zagazig university**

**Pharmaceutics department**

**Faculty of Pharmacy**

**Programs and Courses specifications**

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Matrix II of Controlled release dosage forms										
ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Sources	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	Oral exam	Activity
2.1	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy,Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.	a2 a3	General design principle for controlled-release drug delivery systems,Liposomes,niosomes, Ocular controlled-release dosage forms Physicochemical factors influencing design and performance of controlled-release formulations Biological factors influencing design and performance of controlled-release formulations Technologies for developing transdermal dosage forms	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	

	2.1.3- Scientific developments in the area of specialization.	A.8 – Illustrate different types of transdermal and controlled drug delivery systems, their formulation and therapeutic uses	a1	Release of drugs from time-controlled-release dosage forms Release of drugs from stimuli-induced controlled-release systems Nanostructure-mediated controlled-release dosage forms Niosomes Liposomes	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
	2.2.2- Solve specified problems in the lack or missing of some information.	B.2- Suggest proper and logic solutions to the research problems using the available information.	b1	Diffusion, dissolution and osmotic controlled drug delivery systems	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x		
2.4	2.4.4- Use variable sources to get information and knowledge.	D.4- Retrieve information from a variety of sources including libraries, databases and internet.	d1	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x
	2.4.8- Continuous and self learning	D.8- Develop continuous learning skills to improve the career.	d2	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x

**Zagazig university**

**Pharmaceutics department**

**Faculty of Pharmacy**

**Programs and Courses specifications**

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# **Drug Stability**

## **Course specification of Drug stability**

### **A- Course specifications:**

- **Program on which the course is given:** Master of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- **Major or Minor element of program:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Department offering the course:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### **1- Basic information:**

Title: **Drug stability**  
Lectures: 4 hrs/week  
Total: 4 hrs/week

Code: Esp2  
Credit hours: 4 hrs/week

### **2- Overall aim of the course:**

**On completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

- Describe different pathways of drugs degradation and methods to determine the order of reaction as well as stability programs for pharmaceutical products and the latest regulations for stability testing.

### **3- Intended learning outcome s (ILOs) of Drug stability:**

<b>Knowledge and Understanding</b>	
<b>a1</b>	Illustrate different orders of reactions and methods of determination of order of reactions
<b>a2</b>	Explain the principles of physical and chemical degradation of drugs in different dosage forms
<b>a3</b>	Describe stability testing of different dosage forms
<b>Intellectual skills</b>	
<b>b1</b>	Identify factors affecting drug stability
<b>b2</b>	Propose management strategies to overcome stability problems
<b>General and transferable skills</b>	
<b>d1</b>	Communicate effectively with others
<b>d2</b>	Acquire computer skills

### **4. Course Content of Drug stability (Master degree):**

<b>Week number</b>	<b>Lecture content (4 hr/w)</b>
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Rate of chemical reactions</li></ul>
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Orders of reactions</li><li>• Zero order</li></ul>
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• First order</li></ul>
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Second order</li></ul>
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Apparent zero order reaction</li><li>• Pseudo first order reaction</li></ul>
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Determination of order of reaction</li><li>• Substitution method</li></ul>
7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Graphical method</li></ul> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>(Presentation)</b></p>
8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Half-life method</li></ul>
9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Routes of degradation</li><li>• Hydrolysis</li><li>• Oxidation</li></ul>
10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Photochemical degradation</li><li>• Incompatibility</li></ul>
11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Physical degradation routes</li></ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Vaporization</li><li>• Aging</li><li>• Adsorption</li></ul>
12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Complex reactions</li></ul>
13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Stability testing</li></ul>
14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Revision (<b>Final Presentation</b>)</li></ul>

### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning
- Open discussion

### **6- Student Assessment methods:**

Written exams to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1, b2

Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1, b2

Activities to assess: d1, d2

Assessment method	Time	Marks	Percentage
Written exam	Week 15	75	75%
Oral exams	Week 15	15	15%
Activities	Week 7, 14	10	10%
Total		100	100%

### **7- References and books:**

**A- Essential books:** Drug Stability: Principles and Practices (Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences) by Jens T. Carstensen and Christopher Rhodes (2000).

**B- Suggested books:** Handbook of Stability Testing in Pharmaceutical Development: Regulations, Methodologies, and Best Practices, Kim Huynh-Ba, 389 (2008).

**C- Websites:** Pubmed, Sciencedirect, Wileyinterscience

### **Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

1. **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, data show.

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- **Course Coordinators: Prof.Dr/ Hanaa Abd El-Fattah El-Ghamry**
- **Head of Department: Prof Dr/ Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab**
- **Date:** 2019-9-23 تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس الكلية بتاريخ

Matrix I of Drug Stability								
Course Contents		ILOs of drug stability course						
		Knowledge and understanding			Intellectual skills		Transferable and general skills	
		a1	a2	a3	b1	b2	d1	d2
1	Rate of chemical reactions	x						
2	Zero order	x						
3	First order	x						
4	Second order	x						
5	Apparent zero order reaction Pseudo first order reaction	x						
6	Determination of order of reaction -Substitution method	x						
7	Graphical method Presentation	x					X	x
8	Half-life method	x						
9	Routes of degradation -Hydrolysis -Oxidation		x		x	X		
10	Photochemical degradation -Incompatibility		x		x	X		
11	Physical degradation routes -Vaporization -Aging - adsorption		x		x	X		
12	Complex reactions		x		x	x		
13	Stability testing			x				
14	Open discussion Presentation	x	x	x	x	X	X	x

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Matrix II of Drug stability										
ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Sources	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	Oral Exam	Activity
2.1	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy, Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.	a1	Rate of chemical reactions Zero order First order Second order Apparent zero order reaction Pseudo first order reaction Determination of order of reaction -Substitution method Graphical method Half-life method	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	

	2.1.5- Principles and the basics of quality in professional practice in the area of specialization.	A.7 - Identify different factors affecting drug stability, regulations for stability testing and shelf-life determination	a2	Routes of degradation -Hydrolysis -Oxidation Photochemical degradation -Incompatibility Physical degradation routes -Vaporization -Aging - adsorption Complex reactions	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
			a3	Stability testing Complex reactions	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
2.2	2.2.5- Evaluate and manage risks and potential hazards in professional practices in the area of specialization	B.5-Deal effectively with risks and hazards during professional and laboratory practice.	b1 b2	Stability testing Routes of degradation -Hydrolysis -Oxidation Photochemical degradation -Incompatibility Physical degradation routes -Vaporization -Aging - adsorption	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	X	x	x	
	2.4.1- Communicate effectively	D.1- Communicate effectively with others	d1							

2.4	2.4.2- Effectively use information technology in professional practices	D.2- Acquire computer skills in analyzing results and presenting them.	d2	Activity	Textbooks , Scientific papers and self learning		x				x
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# **Transdermal Drug Delivery System**



## Course specification of Transdermal drug delivery systems

### A- Course specifications:

- Program on which the course is given: Master of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- Major or Minor element of program: Major
- Department offering the program: Pharmaceutics Dept.
- Department offering the course: Pharmaceutics Dept.
- Date of specification approval: 2019

### 1- Basic information:

Title: Transdermal drug delivery systems Code: Esp3  
Lectures: 4 hrs/week Credit hours: 4 hrs/week  
Total: 4 hrs/week

### 2- Overall aim of the course:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Describe different types of transdermal drug delivery systems and their therapeutic uses.

### 3- Intended learning outcome s (ILOs) of Transdermal drug delivery systems:

Knowledge and Understanding	
a1	Describe the basic considerations of transdermal drug delivery systems and their therapeutic uses
a2	Outline the formulation of different transdermal drug delivery systems.
a3	Ensure quality of transdermal drug delivery systems.
Intellectual skills	
b1	Suggest the proper transdermal drug delivery system for optimal drug use
General and transferable skills	

<b>d1</b>	Develop self learning skills
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#### **4. Course Content of Transdermal drug delivery (Master degree):**

<b>Week number</b>	<b>Lecture content (4 hr/w)</b>
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Skin</li><li>• Advantages and disadvantages of transdermal drug delivery system</li></ul>
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Kinetics of transdermal permeation</li></ul>
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Basic components of transdermal drug delivery system</li></ul>
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Factors affecting transdermal bioavailability</li></ul>
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Various methods for preparation of transdermal drug delivery system</li></ul>
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Types of transdermal patches</li></ul>
7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Mechanism of action of transdermal patches <b>(Presentation)</b></li></ul>
8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Evaluation parameters</li></ul>
9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Transdermal market</li></ul>
10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Advance developments in transdermal drug delivery system</li></ul>
11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Formulation of semisolid dosage forms( Ointments) and equipments used</li></ul>
12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Formulation of semisolid dosage forms(Creams) and equipments used</li></ul>
13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Formulation of semisolid dosage forms(Gels) and equipments used</li></ul>
14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Formulation of semisolid dosage forms (Pastes)</li><li>• <b>( Final Presentation)</b></li></ul>

#### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning
- Open discussion

## **6- Student Assessment methods:**

Written exams to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1

Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1

Activities to assess: d1

Assessment method	Time	Marks	Percentage
Written exam	Week 15	75	75%
Oral exams	Week 15	15	15%
Activities	Week 7, 14	10	10%
Total	-----	100	100%

## **7- References and books:**

**A- Essential books:** Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The Design and Manufacture of Medicines. Aulton, M. E., Taylor, K. (2002)

**B- Suggested books:** Transdermal and Topical Drug Delivery Systems. Ghosh T. K., Pfister W., Su Il Yum (1997).

**C- Websites:** Pubmed, Sciencedirect, Nejm, Wileyinterscience

### **Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

1. **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, computers, data show.

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• **Course Coordinators:** Assist.Prof.Dr/ Azza Ali Hasan

• **Head of Department:** Prof. Dr/ Nagia Ahmed El- Megrab

• **Date:** 2019-9-23 تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس الكلية بتاريخ

### Matrix I of Transdermal drug delivery systems

Course Contents		ILOs of Transdermal drug delivery systems course				
		Knowledge and understanding			Intellectual skills	Transferable and general skills
		a1	a2	a3	b1	d1
1	Skin Advantages and disadvantages of transdermal drug delivery system	x				
2	Kinetics of transdermal permeation	x				
3	Basic components of transdermal drug delivery system		x		X	
4	Factors affecting transdermal bioavailability	x				
5	Various methods for preparation of transdermal drug delivery system		x		X	
6	Types of transdermal patches	x				
7	Mechanism of action of transdermal patches Presentation	x				X
8	Evaluation parameters			X		
9	Transdermal market			X		
10	Advance developments in transdermal drug delivery system			X		
11	Formulation of semisolid dosage forms( Ointments) and equipments used		x		X	
12	Formulation of semisolid dosage forms(Creams) and equipments used		x		X	
13	Formulation of semisolid dosage forms(Gels) and equipments used		x		X	
14	Formulation of semisolid dosage forms(Pastes)		x		X	

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Matrix II of Transdermal drug delivery systems										
ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Sources	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	Oral exam	Activity
2.1	2.1.1- Theories and fundamentals related to the field of learning as well as in related areas.	A.1- Outline basic theories and principles of Physical Pharmacy,Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmaceutical technology, Biostatistics, Biotechnology, drug induced diseases, Instrumental analysis, transdermal and controlled drug delivery as well as drug stability.	a1 a3	Skin Advantages and disadvantages of transdermal drug delivery system Kinetics of transdermal permeation - Basic components of transdermal drug delivery system Factors affecting transdermal bioavailability Types of transdermal patches Mechanism of action of transdermal patches	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	X	X	x	x	

	2.1.3- Scientific developments in the area of specialization.	A.8 – Illustrate different types of transdermal and controlled drug delivery systems, their formulation and therapeutic uses	a2	Transdermal market Advance developments in transdermal drug delivery system	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	X	X	x	x	
2.2	2.2.1- Analyze and evaluate information in the field of specialization and analogies to solve problems	B.1- Analyze and evaluate the information gained in the field of pharmaceutics to solve different drug formulation problems.	b1	Basic components of transdermal drug delivery systems Various methods for preparation of transdermal drug delivery system - Formulation of semisolid dosage forms and equipments used (Ointments, creams, gels, pastes)	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	X	X	x		
2.4	2.4.3- Self-assessment and define his personal learning needs	D.3-Show self assessment and plan to cover the needs.	d1	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x





# **Thesis Specification**

## Master Thesis in Pharmaceutics

### Course specifications:

- **Program on which the thesis is done:** Master of Pharmaceutical sciences (Pharmaceutics)
- **Major or Minor element of program:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Department offering the thesis:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### 1- Basic information:

Title: **Master of Pharmaceutical sciences (pharmaceutics)**

Credit hours: 30hrs

### 2- Overall aim of the thesis:

**On completion of the thesis, the students will be able** to outline the possible protocol for solving harsh problem that the candidate can work after integrating suitable knowledge about this point of research, to identify and perform different techniques and methods used in the experimental work according to the designed protocol, to derive and present the results of the study from the data collected and to draw conclusions about the contribution to knowledge made by the study which may be concerned with the problem under investigation, the methods deployed or the student as researcher

<b>3- Intended learning outcome's (ILOs):</b>	
<b>Knowledge and Understanding</b>	
<b>a1</b>	Outline theoretical and advanced bases of pharmaceutics
<b>a2</b>	Demonstrate the importance of knowledge of modern techniques used during working in the area of specialization of research
<b>a3</b>	Define the up to date professional and academic practices
<b>a4</b>	Demonstrate the legal aspects during professional and academic practices
<b>a5</b>	Illustrate the importance of quality assurance during the formulation of different dosage forms
<b>a6</b>	Identify and apply scientific experimental ethics.
<b>Intellectual skills</b>	
<b>b1</b>	Solve problems related to practical work by obtained quantitative data from the practical work
<b>b2</b>	Discuss professional problems and suggest solutions rely on different pharmaceutical knowledge and recent information
<b>b3</b>	Plan a research in the field of drug delivery or targeting that allow discovery of modern and efficient techniques for drug targeting
<b>b4</b>	Manage risks and hazards related to professional practical area
<b>b5</b>	Outline principles that should be followed in research to develop laboratory performance
<b>b6</b>	Decide what to do with full responsibility in scientific research
<b>Professional and practical skills</b>	
<b>c1</b>	Apply different techniques related to practical thesis work.
<b>c2</b>	Use and evaluate practical data to write report
<b>c3</b>	Estimate laboratory techniques used in pharmaceutics and industrial pharmacy labs
<b>General and Transferable skills</b>	
<b>d1</b>	Interact with health care professional.
<b>d2</b>	Use information technology in review and thesis preparation
<b>d3</b>	Study independently and evaluate learning needs in pharmaceutics

<b>d4</b>	Reprocess up-to-date information in different areas under study and research
<b>d5</b>	Implement tasks as a member of a team.
<b>d6</b>	Set rules for evaluation and judging others performance.
<b>d7</b>	Acquire time management skills

#### 4. Thesis Content:

Steps	Content
1 <sup>st</sup>	<p>Suggest the possible points/ problems of research that the candidate can work on in the frame of the aim of work and choose proper point.</p> <p>Collect all available information about this subject by all possible means.</p> <p>Use internet, journals, books and others thesis to get previous and recent information about the subject under study.</p> <p>Design the protocol including the steps of work following the suitable timetable.</p> <p>Increase the awareness of the recent pharmaceutical techniques that will be used during practical work and determined by the protocol.</p> <p>Integrate different knowledge (Pharmaceutics, industrial pharmacy, GMP, Hospital pharmacy, incompatibilities ..... ) to solve suggested problem.</p> <p>Continuous evaluation to the thesis outcome according to the schedule.</p>
2 <sup>nd</sup>	<p>Identify different practical techniques and methods to assess pharmacokinetic parameters related to the subject under study.</p> <p>Perform various techniques to improve physical and chemical characters of drugs under research</p>

	<p>Formulate many classes of drugs in new dosage forms (suppositories, capsules, tablets, .....)</p> <p>Operate scientific instruments according to instructions.</p> <p>Evaluate and manage hazards (chemical and biological) throughout the whole practical work.</p> <p>Organize the experimental work according to the designed protocol (either individual, parallel or sequential experiments).</p> <p>Induction of some diseases in experimental animals (Hypertension, inflammation, seizures.....).</p> <p>Separate biological samples (e.g. blood, plasma).</p> <p>Apply ethical recommendations during dealing with experimental animals</p>
3 <sup>rd</sup>	<p>Collect raw data for the tested pharmacokinetic parameters.</p> <p>Interpret raw data to get valuable information.</p> <p>Perform statistical analysis for the results.</p> <p>Present and describe the results graphically.</p> <p>Suggest solution to the problem under study based on this presented data.</p>
4 <sup>th</sup>	<p>Communicate with supervisors to discuss results</p> <p>Work effectively as a member of a team (e.g. Supervisors, various professionals and Technicians).</p> <p>Present the results periodically in seminars.</p> <p>Define ethics of scientific research.</p> <p>Write scientific reports on the obtained results with conclusive significance.</p>

	<p>Discuss obtained results in comparison with pervious literatures.</p> <p>Suggest possible recommendations based on the outcome of the thesis and decide future plans.</p> <p>Summarize the thesis in an understandable Arabic language for non professionals.</p> <p>Write references in the required form (Thesis, Paper.....).</p> <p>Demonstrate the thesis in a final power point presentation.</p> <p>Continue self-learning throughout the experimental work and writing scientific papers.</p>
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### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Self learning (Activities, Research....)
- Lab work
- Seminar
- reporting
- Critical thinking
- Solving problem
- Open discussion

### **6- References:**

- **Websites:** Pubmed, Sciencedirect, Wileyinterscience

#### **Facilities required for:**

1. **For practical work:** U.V spectrophotometer, centrifuge, Dissolution, Vortex, HPLC, Analytical balance (4digit), Thermostatic water bath, Vacuum Oven

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- **Head of Department: Prof Dr/ Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab**



### Program Matrix of Master degree of Pharmaceutics

		Program ILOs																											
		Knowledge and Understanding									Intellectual skills							Professional & practical skills			General and Transferable skills								
		A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	A8	A9	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	
General courses	Physical Pharmacy	x			X				X				X									X				X			
	Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	X			X							X										X		X					
	Pharmaceutical technology	X					X		X			X										X		X		X			
	Biostatistics	X									X										x	X							
	Instrumental analysis	X					X						X									X				X			
	Biotechnology	X		X							X											X		X		X			
	Applied Pharmacology		X										X				X						X						
	Drug induced diseases	X	X												X						x			X					
Special courses	Controlled release dosage forms	X							X			X										X		X				X	
	Drug stability	X						X					X									X	X						
	Transdermal drug delivery systems	X							X		X												X						
Thesis		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	



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# **PhD Degree**

# Program Specification

## Program Specification

### A- Basic Information

- 1- Program title:** PhD. Pharm. Sci Degree in **Pharmaceutics**
- 2- Program type:** Single.
- 3- Faculty/ University:** Faculty of Pharmacy, Zagazig University
- 4- Department:** Pharmaceutics
- 5- Coordinator:** Prof. Dr. Fakhar El-Deen Ghazy
- 6- Date of program specification approval:** 2019
- 7- Language:** English
- 8. External Evaluator:** Prof. Ali abd Elzaher - Pharmaceutics department – Faculty of Pharmacy –Assiut University)
- 9. Internal Evaluator:** Prof. Hanan ElNahas
- 10- Academic Reference Standards:**
  - a. The program ILOs were compared to the general guideline for postgraduate studies, 1st Edition, February 2009 issued by (NAQAA) (National Authority for Quality Assurance and Accreditation).
  - b. The program ILOs were compared to PhD program delivered by University of Washington, Department of Pharmaceutics.

### B- Professional Information

#### 1- Program aims:

The PhD program, Zagazig University is a 3-5 five years pharmacy education offering a PHD degree in pharmaceutical sciences (Pharmaceutics). This Program aims at providing postgraduate students with knowledge, skills and abilities needed to practice the pharmacy profession effectively in various settings including Research Institutes,

private and public medical laboratories, universities, National Quality Control Centers (foods & drugs) and Ministry of Health.

**The program aims are summarized as follows:**

1. Build up the advanced and in-depth knowledge and skills in areas related to drug targeting and nanotechnology applications in drug delivery as well as solid dosage forms and packaging.
- 2- Develop students capabilities to critically evaluate current research and practice.
- 3- Produce graduates with critical thinking, integrative capabilities as well as communication and problem-solving skills.
- 4-Develop individual research abilities that include: formulating a research question, study design, data collection and analysis and preparation of a published research.
- 5- Acquire students ethical and legal standards of research and professional practice.

**2- Graduate attributes:**

They should acquire the necessary attributes & skills in various nanotechnology applications including the following:

- 1- Figure out the advanced aspects of pharmaceutical drug delivery and drug targeting as well as science of packaging.
- 2- Capable of design research projects.
- 3- analyze the information with good interpretation of experimental results
- 4- Write manuscripts following the international standards required for publication.
- 5- Show Self-motivation, attention to detail, time-management, communication and computer skills

- 6- Demonstrate ethical, legal, social and civic responsibility as a researcher and member of the discipline

### **3-Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs):**

The Program provides excellent opportunities for students to demonstrate knowledge and understanding qualities and develop skills appropriate for **Pharmaceutics** PhD of sciences degree.

#### **3-1- Knowledge and Understanding :**

**On successful completion of the PHD degree Program, students will be able to:**

- A.1- Outline the basic theories and principles of drug targeting, different solid oral dosage forms and packaging.
- A.2- Illustrate different types of packaging materials and their properties as well as incompatibility with different drugs.
- A.3- Mention different solid oral dosage forms, formulation as well as evaluation.
- A.4- Outline new trends in drug delivery for optimal drug targeting.
- A.5 - Illustrate ethical and legal principles in academic practice and research.
- A.6- Outline different aspects and principles that are followed in quality assurance during manufacturing of different dosage forms
- A.7 - Identify the influence of recent delivery systems in improving pharmaceutical industry and patient outcomes.

#### **3-2 - Intellectual Skills:**

**On successful completion of the PhD degree Program, students will be able to:**

- B.1- Analyze information in the field of pharmaceutics and data obtained from specific and suitable research.
- B.2- Suggest possible and applicable solutions for different problems in the field of drug formulation and evaluation that may be observed during research.
- B.3- Integrate knowledge of pharmaceutics to propose solutions for research and professional problems .
- B.4- Write reports and scientific papers on the results obtained from different pharmaceutics research.
- B.5- Identify the possible hazards that may rise during research with suggestion of management strategies.
- B.6- Write a planned protocol that should be followed during research to improve performance.
- B.7- Take important decisions and enhance the responsibility of each individual to improve the pharmaceutical research.

### **3-3 - Professional and Practical Skills:**

**It is intended that, on successful completion of the PhD degree Program, students will be able to:**

- C.1- Implement a wide range of professional skills and modern pharmaceutical technologies during research.
- C.2- Interpret experimental data and write professional reports.
- C.3- Perform up to date methods and techniques during different pharmaceutical researches.
- C.4- Develop new methods and tools to improve work in pharmaceutical laboratories.



### **3-4 - General and Transferable Skills:**

**On successful completion of the PhD degree Program, students will be able to:**

- D.1- Communicate effectively with others.
- D.2- Develop different computer skills.
- D.3- Enhance self learning with evaluations of the trained persons in pharmaceutics fields.
- D.4- Collect up to date and the required information from different sources like Books, journals, papers and internet for improving knowledge.
- D.5- Work effectively as a member of team.
- D.6- Develop task and time management skills.

### **4- Academic Standards:**

- a. The program ILOs were compared to the general guideline for postgraduate studies, 1st Edition, February 2009 issued by (NAQAA) (National Authority for Quality Assurance and Accreditation).
- b. The program ILOs were compared to PhD program delivered by University of Washington, Department of Pharmaceutics.

**Matrix I:** Comparison between PhD degree program ILOs and the Academic Reference Standards (ARS, 2009)

	ARS	Program ILOs for pharmaceutics department
Knowledge and Understanding	2.1.1- Fundamental and in-depth knowledge and basic theories in the field of specialty and the closely related areas of pharmaceutical sciences.	A.1- Outline the basic theories and principles of drug targeting, different solid oral dosage forms and packaging. A.2- Illustrate different types of packaging materials and their properties as well as incompatibility with different drugs. A.3- Mention different solid oral dosage forms, formulation as well as evaluation. A.4- Outline new trends in drug delivery for optimal drug targeting.
	2.1.2- Fundamentals, methods, techniques, tools and ethics of scientific research.	A.5 - Illustrate ethical and legal principles in academic practice and research.
	2.1.3- The ethical and legal principles in pharmacy and academic practices.	
	2.1.4- The principles and bases of quality assurance in professional practice in the field of specialization.	A.6- Outline different aspects and principles that are followed in quality assurance during manufacturing of different dosage forms
	2.1.5- All relevant knowledge concerning the impact of professional practice on society and environment and the ways of their conservation and development.	A.7 - Identify the influence of recent delivery systems in improving pharmaceutical industry and patient outcomes.

Intellectual Skills	2.2.1- Analyze and evaluate the data in his\her specified area and utilize them in logical inference processes (induction/deduction).	B.1- Analyze information in the field of pharmaceutics and data obtained from specific and suitable research.
	2.2.2- Propose solutions to specified problems in the light of the available data (information).	B.2- Suggest possible and applicable solutions for different problems in the field of drug formulation and evaluation that may be observed during research.
	2.2.3- Conduct research studies that add to the current knowledge. 2.2.8- Be creative and innovative.	B.3- Integrate knowledge of pharmaceutics to propose solutions for research and professional problems .
	2.2.4- Formulate scientific papers.	B.4- Write reports and scientific papers on the results obtained from different pharmaceutics research.
	2.2.5- Asses hazards and risks in professional practice in his \ her areas of specialization.	B.5- Identify the possible hazards that may rise during research with suggestion of management strategies.
	2.2.6- Plan to improve performance in the pharmaceutical area of interest.	B.6- Write a planned protocol that should be followed during research to improve performance.
	2.2.7- Take Professional decisions and bears responsibility in wide array of pharmaceutical fields.	B.7- Take important decisions and enhance the responsibility of each individual to improve the pharmaceutical research.
	2.2.9- Manage discussions and arguments based on evidence and logic.	
Professional and Practical Skills	2.3.1- Master basic and modern professional skills in the area of specialization.	C.1- Implement a wide range of professional skills and modern pharmaceutical technologies during research.
	2.3.2- Write and critically evaluate professional reports.	C.2- Interpret experimental data and write professional reports.

	2.3.3- Evaluate and develop methods and tools existing in the area of specialization. 2.3.5- Plan to improve professional practice and to improve the performance of other scholars.	C.4- Develop new methods and tools to improve work in pharmaceutical laboratories
	2.3.4- Properly use technological means in a better professional practice.	C.3- Perform up to date methods and techniques during different pharmaceutical researches
General and Transferable Skills	2.4.1- Effective Communication in its different forms.	D.1- Communicate effectively with others.
	2.4.2- Effective use of information technologies to improve professional practices.	D.2- Develop different computer skills.
	2.4.3- Help others to learn and evaluate their performance.	D.3- Enhance self learning with evaluations of the trained persons in pharmaceutics fields.
	2.4.4- Self-assessment and continuous learning.	
	2.4.5- Use various sources to get information and knowledge.	D.4 - Collect up to date and the required information from different sources like Books, journals, papers and internet for improving knowledge.
	2.4.6- Work as a member and lead a team of workers.	D.6- Work effectively as a member of team.
	2.4.7- Direct scientific meetings and to manage time effectively.	D.7- Develop task and time management skills.

**Matrix 2: Comparison of the program aims with Ph.D program delivered by University of Washington, Department of Pharmaceutics.**

<b>Ph.D program objectives delivered by University of Washington</b>	<b>Zagazig Program aims</b>
trains research scholars in the fundamental aspects of drug disposition and drug action. Areas of emphasis include: 1) drug delivery – processes for enhancing the absorption of a drug and targeting it to the site of action in order to improve therapeutic effect; 2) drug metabolism – enzyme catalyzed molecular transformations that often impart different disposition and pharmacological properties compared to the parent molecule; 3) drug excretion – the transport of drug molecules into target tissues (e.g., brain and placenta) and excretory fluids (renal filtrate and bile); and 4) pharmacometrics and physiologically based modeling of drug disposition and action	<p>1. Build up the advanced and in-depth knowledge and skills in areas related to drug targeting and nanotechnology applications in drug delivery as well as solid dosage forms and packaging.</p> <p><b>Covered Partially</b></p>
possess expertise in basic biochemical, cellular and molecular techniques and quantitative analytical methods, as well as technical skills for the elaboration of mathematical models that describe the kinetics of drug disposition and action.	<p><b>Not covered</b></p>

capable of investigating the causes of inadequate exposure to a drug at the target site and elucidating the relationship between the kinetics of drug and metabolites in various body compartments or tissues and the manifestation of pharmacologic, therapeutic and toxic effects	
probe the impact of alteration in physiological and biochemical processes, which may occur due to disease states or genetic variations, on drug disposition and pharmacological response.	
Graduates of the Pharmaceutics doctoral program will possess expertise with in vitro methodologies, which students can acquire	4-Develop individual research abilities that include: formulating a research question, study design, data collection and analysis and preparation of a published research.
gain experience in the conduct of pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic studies in animals and humans	
Pharmaceutics graduate student will interact with clinicians, medicinal chemists, biochemists, pharmacologists, analytical chemists, physiologists and biostatisticians. This will be possible because their training is highly interdisciplinary at the didactic and research levels.	2- Develop students capabilities to critically evaluate current research and practice.  3- Produce graduates with critical thinking, integrative capabilities as well as communication and problem-solving skills.
The Pharmaceutics faculty expect students in its graduate program to develop an individual career development plan that integrates this coursework with relevant knowledge gained from within the broader University community and from outside sources in order to best prepare themselves for the career that they envision	
Students in the Pharmaceutics graduate program must adhere to the very highest standards of academic and professional conduct	5- Acquire students ethical and legal standards of research and professional practice.

## **5-Curriculum Structure and Contents:**

**a- Program duration:** 3- 5 years

**b- Program structure:**

- The PhD program can be completed in 3-5 years.
- The Faculty of pharmacy implements the credit hour system.
- The program is structured as:

**1- Courses:**

**No. of credit hours for program courses:**

Special: (3x4) 12

**2- Thesis:** 30 hours

The candidate must complete a research project on an approved topic in the Pharmaceutical Sciences. To fulfill this requirement the student must present (written and orally) a research proposal and write a thesis.

**3- General University Requirements:** 10 credit hours including:

a- TOEFL (500 units)

b- Computer course

### **c-Program Curriculum:**

Course Code	Course Title	Credit hours	Program ILOs Covered
	<b>Special Courses:</b>		
Esp4	Drug targeting	4	A1, A4, A7, B2, D2, D6
Esp5	Packaging	4	A1, A2, A6, B2, D2, D6

Esp6	Solid oral dosage forms	4	A1, A3, A6, B2, D1, D4
	Thesis	30	A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, C1, C2, C3, C4, D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6, D7

### **6-Program admission requirements:**

**Applicants are admitted to PhD degree any time throughout the academic year upon fulfillment of the following:**

1. The applicants should be holders of Bachelor in Pharmaceutical Sciences from any Faculty of Pharmacy and also finish M.Sc. degree affiliated to the Egyptian Universities affiliated to the Egyptian Supreme Council of Universities (ESCU).
2. Students should fulfill all the admission requirements stated by the concerned Departmental Board.

### **Regulations to complete the program:**

#### **Conditions of granting the degree**

The Faculty Council, in compliance with the concerned Departmental Board as well as Graduate Studies and Research Committee recommendation awards the PhD degree upon fulfillment of the following requirements:

1. Carrying out a deep research in the area of specialization for at least two calendar years from the time of registration.
2. The student has to succeed in all courses examinations.



3. Acceptance of the research thesis by the judges Committee according to statement 104 of universities regulating law.

### **Cancellation of Registration**

The Faculty Board is allowed to cancel registration for PhD programs in the following circumstances:

1. Student's failure to pass the course examinations for two times.
2. Student's nonattendance or unsatisfactory progress in research work being reported by the advisors to the Departmental Board and forwarded to the Graduate Studies and Research Committee for approval of cancellation.
3. Dissertation refusal by the Jury Committee.

Incapability of the student to graduate by the deadlines indicated

### **7- Admission Policy:**

The faculty complies with the admission regulations and requirements of the Egyptian Supreme Council of Universities (ESCU).

### **8-Student assessment methods:**

Method	ILOS
Written exam	Knowledge and Understanding and Intellectual Skills
Oral exam	Knowledge and Understanding ,Intellectual Skills and General and Transferable Skills
Activity	Intellectual Skills and General and Transferable Skills
Seminars	Knowledge and Understanding ,Intellectual Skills & General and Transferable Skills

Follow up	Professional and practical Skills & General and Transferable Skills
Thesis and oral presentation	Knowledge and Understanding, Intellectual Skills, Professional and practical Skills & General and Transferable Skills

Grade Scale	Grade point average value (GPA)	Numerical scale
A+	5	≥ 95%
A	4.5	90- < 95%
B+	4	85- < 90%
B	3.5	80- < 85%
C+	3	75- < 80%
C	2.5	70- < 75%
D+	2	65- < 70%
D	1.5	60- < 65%

### **9-Failure in Courses:**

Students who fail to get 60% ( 1 point)

### **10-Methods of program evaluation**

Evaluator	Method	Sample
<b>Internal evaluator</b> Prof. Hanan ElNahas	Program evaluation Courses evaluation	Program report Courses report
<b>External evaluator</b> Prof. Ali Abd Elzaher, Assiut University	Program evaluation Courses evaluation	Program report Courses report

Others methods	Matrix with ARS International Benchmark Questionnaires	100%
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**Program coordinator****Head of Department**

تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس القسم بتاريخ

# **Special courses**

# Drug Targeting

## Course specification of Drug Targeting

### Course specifications:

- **Program on which the course is given:** PhD of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- **Major or Minor element of program:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Department offering the course:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### 1- Basic information:

Title: **Drug Targeting** Code: ESP 4

Credit hours: 4 hrs/week

Lectures: 4 hrs/week

Total: 4 hrs/week

### 2- Overall aim of the course:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

Discuss factors affecting different ADME processes, new systems applied for drug targeting and different mechanisms of drug release.

### 3- Intended learning outcome s (ILO's) of Drug Targeting:

Knowledge and Understanding	
a1	Discuss basic bioavailability concepts and different factors affecting bioavailability
a2	Outline different types of targeting delivery systems with drug release mechanisms
a3	Describe conventional and modern approaches for transdermal and vaginal drug delivery
Intellectual skills	
b1	Suggest the appropriate drug targeting system
b2	Solve different problems related to low drug absorption
General and Transferable skills	
d1	Use information technology to collect and present information.

<b>d2</b>	Work effectively as a member of a team
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#### **4. Course Content of Drug Targeting (PhD degree):**

<b>Week</b>	<b>Lecture content (4 hr/w)</b>
<b>1<sup>st</sup></b>	Drug Delivery: The Basic Concepts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- The concept of bioavailability</li><li>- The process of drug absorption</li></ul>
<b>2<sup>nd</sup></b>	Drug Delivery: The Basic Concepts: (Cont.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Pharmacokinetic processes</li><li>- Timing for optimal therapy</li><li>- Drug delivery considerations for the ‘new biotherapeutics’</li></ul>
<b>3<sup>rd</sup></b>	Drug Delivery: Market Perspectives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Commercial importance of advanced drug delivery technologies</li><li>- Market analysis</li><li>- Industry evolution and structure</li></ul>
<b>4<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Terminology of drug delivery and targeting</li><li>- Rate-controlled release in drug delivery and targeting</li><li>- Drug targeting systems</li><li>- Dosage forms for advanced drug delivery and targeting systems</li></ul>
<b>5<sup>th</sup></b>	Rate Control in Drug Delivery and Targeting: Fundamentals and Applications to Implantable Systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Advantages and disadvantages of implantation therapy</li><li>- Biocompatibility issues</li><li>- Non-degradable polymeric implants</li></ul>
<b>6<sup>th</sup></b>	Rate Control in Drug Delivery and Targeting: Fundamentals and Applications to Implantable Systems(Cont.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Biodegradable polymeric implants</li><li>- Implantable pumps</li></ul>
<b>7<sup>th</sup></b>	Transdermal Drug Delivery <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Introduction</li><li>- Structure and physiology of the skin</li><li>- Factors affecting transdermal bioavailability</li></ul>
<b>8<sup>th</sup></b>	Transdermal Drug Delivery

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Advantages and disadvantages of transdermal drug delivery</li><li>- Current technologies for transdermal drug delivery</li></ul>
9 <sup>th</sup>	Transdermal Drug Delivery <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- New and evolving technologies for transdermal drug delivery</li></ul>
10 <sup>th</sup>	Vaginal Drug Delivery <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Introduction</li><li>- Structure and physiology of the vagina</li><li>- Physiological factors affecting vaginal drug delivery</li></ul>
11 <sup>th</sup>	Vaginal Drug Delivery <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Formulation factors affecting vaginal drug delivery</li><li>- Advantages and disadvantages of vaginal delivery</li></ul>
12 <sup>th</sup>	Vaginal Drug Delivery <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Current technologies in vaginal drug delivery</li><li>- New technologies in vaginal drug delivery</li></ul>
13 <sup>th</sup>	Tutorial
14 <sup>th</sup>	Presentation about selected topics (self learning part)
15 <sup>th</sup>	Final exam

### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning
- Open discussion

### **6- Student Assessment methods:**

Written exams to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1, b2

Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1, b2

Activities to assess: d1, d2



**Assessment schedule:**

<b>Assessment (1):</b> Activity	Week 14
<b>Assessment (2):</b> Written exam	Week 15
<b>Assessment (3):</b> oral exam	Week 15

**Weighting of Assessment:**

Assessment method	Marks	Percentage
• Activity	10	10 %
• Written exam	75	75 %
• Oral exam	15	15 %
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100%</b>

**7- References and books:**

**A-Scientific Papers**

Journal of drug targeting

**B-Essential books:** Drug Delivery and Targeting: For Pharmacists and Pharmaceutical Scientists. Hillery A. M., Andrew W. Loyd and James Swarbrick (2001)

**C- Suggested books:** Remington's Pharmaceutical Science. Alfonso, R. Gennaro, 17<sup>th</sup> edn, Mack Publishing Company, USA. (1985).

**D- Websites:** Pubmed, Sciencedirect, Nejm, Wileyinterscience

**Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

1. **For lectures:** Black (white) boards, data show.

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- **Course Coordinator: Prof.Dr/ Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab**
  - **Head of Department: Prof.Dr/ Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab**
  - **Date: 2019-9-23 تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس القسم بتاريخ**

Matrix I of Drug targeting								
Course Contents		ILOs of Drug targeting course						
		Knowledge and understanding			Intellectual skills		Transferable and general skills	
		a1	a2	a3	b1	b2	d1	d2
1	Drug Delivery: The Basic Concepts: The concept of bioavailability The process of drug absorption	x						
2	Drug Delivery: The Basic Concepts: (Cont.) Pharmacokinetic processes Timing for optimal therapy Drug delivery considerations for the 'new biotherapeutics'	x						
3	Drug Delivery: Market Perspectives: Commercial importance of advanced drug delivery technologies Market analysis Industry evolution and structure		x		x			
4	Terminology of drug delivery and targeting Rate-controlled release in drug delivery and targeting Drug targeting systems Dosage forms for advanced drug delivery and targeting systems		x		x			
5	Rate Control in Drug Delivery and Targeting: Fundamentals and Applications to Implantable Systems: Advantages and disadvantages of implantation therapy Biocompatibility issues Non-degradable polymeric implants	x			x			
6	Rate Control in Drug Delivery and Targeting: Fundamentals and Applications to Implantable Systems(Cont.) Biodegradable polymeric implants Implantable pumps		x		x			
7	Transdermal Drug Delivery Introduction Structure and physiology of the skin Factors affecting transdermal bioavailability			x				
8	Transdermal Drug Delivery Advantages and disadvantages of transdermal drug delivery			x				

	Current technologies for transdermal drug delivery							
9	Transdermal Drug Delivery New and evolving technologies for transdermal drug delivery			X		X		
10	Vaginal Drug Delivery Introduction Structure and physiology of the vagina Physiological factors affecting vaginal drug delivery			X				
11	Vaginal Drug Delivery Formulation factors affecting vaginal drug delivery Advantages and disadvantages of vaginal delivery			X				
12	Vaginal Drug Delivery Current technologies in vaginal drug delivery New technologies in vaginal drug delivery			X		X		
13	Tutorial			X				
14	Presentation about selected topics (self learning part)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X



Matrix II of Drug Targeting										
ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Sources	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	Oral exam	Activity
2.1	2.1.1- Fundamental and in-depth knowledge and basic theories in the field of specialty and the closely related areas of pharmaceutical sciences.	A.1- Outline the basic theories and principles of drug targeting, different solid oral dosage forms and packaging.	a1 a2	Drug Delivery: The Basic Concepts: The concept of bioavailability The process of drug absorption Drug Delivery: The Basic Concepts: (Cont(. Pharmacokinetic processes Timing for optimal therapy Drug delivery considerations for the ‘new biotherapeutics’	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	X	X	
	2.1.5- All relevant knowledge concerning the impact of professional practice on society and environment and the ways of their conservation and development.	A.7 - Identify the influence of recent delivery systems in improving pharmaceutical industry and patient outcomes.	a3	Drug Delivery: Market Perspectives: Commercial importance of advanced drug delivery technologies Market analysis Industry evolution and structure Terminology of drug						

			delivery and targeting Rate-controlled release in drug delivery and targeting Drug targeting systems Dosage forms for advanced drug delivery and targeting systems Rate Control in Drug Delivery and Targeting: Fundamentals and Applications to Implantable Systems: Advantages and disadvantages of implantation therapy Biocompatibility issues Non-degradable polymeric implants Rate Control in Drug Delivery and Targeting: Fundamentals and Applications to Implantable Systems(Cont(. Biodegradable polymeric implants Implantable pumps					
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			Transdermal Drug Delivery Introduction Structure and physiology of the skin Factors affecting transdermal bioavailability Transdermal Drug Delivery Advantages and disadvantages of transdermal drug delivery Current technologies for transdermal drug delivery Transdermal Drug Delivery New and evolving technologies for transdermal drug delivery Vaginal Drug Delivery Introduction Structure and physiology of the vagina Physiological factors affecting vaginal drug delivery						
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				Vaginal Drug Delivery Formulation factors affecting vaginal drug delivery Advantages and disadvantages of vaginal delivery Vaginal Drug Delivery Current technologies in vaginal drug delivery New technologies in vaginal drug delivery						
	2.2.2- Propose solutions to specified problems in the light of the available data (information).	B.2- Suggest possible and applicable solutions for different problems in the field of drug formulation and evaluation that may be observed during research.	b1 b2	Drug Delivery: Market Perspectives: Commercial importance of advanced drug delivery technologies Market analysis Industry evolution and structure Terminology of drug delivery and targeting Rate-controlled release in drug delivery and targeting Drug targeting systems Dosage forms for advanced drug	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	X		



				delivery and targeting systems Rate Control in Drug Delivery and Targeting: Fundamentals and Applications to Implantable Systems: Advantages and disadvantages of implantation therapy Biocompatibility issues Non-degradable polymeric implants Rate Control in Drug Delivery and Targeting: Fundamentals and Applications to Implantable Systems(Cont(. Biodegradable polymeric implants Implantable pumps Transdermal Drug Delivery New and evolving technologies for transdermal drug delivery Vaginal Drug Delivery						
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				Current technologies in vaginal drug delivery New technologies in vaginal drug delivery						
2.4	2.4.2- Effective use of information technologies to improve professional practices.	D.2- Apply modern techniques to improve pharmaceutical researches including computer skills, Language, others.	d1	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x
	2.4.6- Work as a member and lead a team of workers.	D.6- Work effectively as a member of team.	d2	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x



# Packaging

## Course specification of Packaging

### A- Course specifications:

- **Program on which the course is given:** PhD of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- **Major or Minor element of program:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Department offering the course:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### 1- Basic information:

Title: **Packaging**

Code: ESP 5

Credit hours: 4 hrs/week

Lectures: 4 hrs/week

Total: 4 hrs/week

### 2- Overall aim of the course:

**On completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

- Describe types, properties, problems and evaluation of packaging materials.

### 3- Intended learning outcome s (ILO's) of Packaging:

Knowledge and Understanding	
<b>a1</b>	Outline different types of packaging materials and their properties
<b>a2</b>	Mention Package-related contents in the official compendia
<b>a3</b>	Describe techniques used in packaging
Intellectual skills	
<b>b1</b>	Suggest modifications carried out on packaging materials to match the desired quality
General and transferable skills	
<b>d1</b>	Develop different computer skills
<b>d2</b>	Work effectively as a team member

**4. Course Content of Packaging (PhD degree):**

Week No.	Lecture content (4 hr/w)
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Properties of good packaging</li> <li>• Factors affecting packaging</li> </ul>
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Moisture, Volatility, Heat, Light, Oxygen, Sterilization and mechanical shock</li> </ul>
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Glass Types of glass Protection of light sensitive drugs in glass</li> <li>• Advantages and disadvantages of glass</li> </ul>
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plastics</li> <li>• General properties of plastics</li> </ul>
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Types of plastics</li> <li>• Thermoplastic</li> </ul>
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Types of plastics</li> <li>• Thermosetting</li> </ul>
7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drug-plastic possible interactions Permeation</li> <li>• Leaching</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>(Presentation)</b></p>
8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drug-plastic possible interactions Sorption Chemical reactions</li> <li>• Physical alterations</li> </ul>
9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Metals</li> </ul>
10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rubber</li> </ul>
11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Forms of pharmaceutical package</li> <li>• For liquids</li> </ul>
12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Forms of pharmaceutical package</li> <li>• For semi-solid</li> </ul>
13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Forms of pharmaceutical package</li> <li>• For solid</li> </ul>
14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pouches, plaster package and unit dose packaging</li> </ul>
15	Final exam

**5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning (Activities, Research...)
- Open discussion

**6- Student Assessment methods:**

Written exams to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1

Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1

Activities to assess: d1, d2

Assessment method	Time	Marks	Percentage
Written exam	Week 15	75	75%
Oral exams	Week 15	15	15%
Activities	Week 7	10	10 %
Total	-----	100	100%

**7- References and books:****A-Handouts**

**B- Essential books:** Package Design Workbook: The Art and Science of Successful Packaging by Steven DuPuis and John Silva (2011).

**C- Suggested books:** Package Design Workbook: The Art and Science of Successful Packaging by Steven DuPuis and John Silva (2011).

**D- Websites:** Pubmed, Sciencedirect, Nejm, Wiley interscience

**Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

**1.For lectures:** Black (white) boards, data show.

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- **Course Coordinators:** Prof Dr/ Hanaa Abd El-Fattah El-Ghamry
  - **Head of Department:** Prof Dr/ Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab
  - **Date:** 2019-9-23 تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس الكلية بتاريخ

Matrix I of Packaging							
Course Contents		ILOs of Packaging course					
		Knowledge and understanding			Intellectual skills	Transferable and general skills	
		a1	a2	a3	b1	d1	d2
1	-Properties of good packaging - Factors affecting packaging	x		x			
2	Moisture, Volatility, Heat, Light, Oxygen, Sterilization and mechanical shock	x					
3	Glass - Types of glass - Protection of light sensitive drugs in glass - Advantages and disadvantages of glass	x					
4	• Plastics • General properties of plastics	x					
5	Types of plastics - Thermoplastic	x					
6	Types of plastics - Thermosetting	x					
7	Drug-plastic possible interactions - Permeation - Leaching Presentation		x		X	X	X
8	Drug-plastic possible interactions - Sorption - Chemical reactions - Physical alterations		x		X		
9	Metals	x					
10	Rubber	x					
11	Forms of pharmaceutical package - For liquids		x		X		
12	Forms of pharmaceutical package - For semi-solid		x		X		
13	Forms of pharmaceutical package - For solid		X		X		
14	Pouches, plaster package and unit dose packaging			x			



**Zagazig university**

**Pharmaceutics department**

**Faculty of Pharmacy**

**Programs and Courses specifications**

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Matrix II of packaging										
ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Sources	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	Oral exam	Activity
2.1	2.1.1- Fundamental and in-depth knowledge and basic theories in the field of specialty and the closely related areas of pharmaceutical sciences.	A.1- Outline the basic theories and principles of drug targeting, different solid oral dosage forms and packaging.	a1 a3	Moisture, Volatility, Heat, Light, Oxygen, Sterilization and mechanical shock Types of glass - Protection of light sensitive drugs in glass - Advantages and disadvantages of glass Plastics -General properties of plastics Metals and Rubbers Types of plastic	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	X	x	x	x	
		A.2- Illustrate different types of packaging materials and their properties as well as incompatibility with different drugs.		Properties of good packaging  - Factors affecting packaging  Pouches, plaster package and unit dose packaging						

	2.1.4- The principles and bases of quality assurance in professional practice in the field of specialization.	A.6- Outline different aspects and principles that are followed in quality assurance during manufacturing of different dosage forms	a2	Drug-plastic possible interactions - Permeation - Leaching - Sorption - Chemical reactions Forms of pharmaceutical package	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
2.2	2.2.2- Propose solutions to specified problems in the light of the available data (information).	B.2- Suggest possible and applicable solutions for different problems in the field of drug formulation and evaluation that may be observed during research.	b1	Drug-plastic possible interactions      Forms of pharmaceutical package - For liquids, solids and semi-solids	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	X	x	x		
2.4	2.4.2- Effective use of information technologies to improve professional practices.	D.2- Develop different computer skills.	d1	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x
	2.4.6- Work as a member and lead a team of workers.	D.6- Work effectively as a member of team.	d2	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x

**Zagazig university**

**Pharmaceutics department**

**Faculty of Pharmacy**

**Programs and Courses specifications**

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# **Solid Dosage Forms**

## Course specification of Solid Dosage Forms

### A- Course specifications:

- **Program on which the course is given:** PhD of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- **Major or Minor element of program:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Department offering the course:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### 1- Basic information:

Title: **Solid Dosage Forms**

Code: ESP 6

Credit hours: 4 hrs/week

Lectures: 4 hrs/week

Total: 4 hrs/week

### 2- Overall aim of the course:

**On completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

- Describe the properties of different solid dosage forms and their manufacture and evaluation

### 3- Intended learning outcome s (ILO's) of Solid dosage forms:

Knowledge and Understanding	
<b>a1</b>	Outline steps of development and design of tablets and capsules
<b>a2</b>	Describe the properties of different types of ingredients used in formulation of tablets and capsules
<b>a3</b>	Illustrate the different techniques and equipments used in manufacture of different solid dosage forms
Intellectual skills	
<b>b1</b>	Propose solutions for certain problems occurring in manufacture of solid dosage forms
General and transferable skills	
<b>d1</b>	Communicate effectively with others
<b>d2</b>	Collect information from different resources

#### **4. Course Content of solid dosage forms (PhD degree):**

<b>Week</b>	<b>Lecture content (4 hr/w)</b>
<b>1<sup>st</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Design and formulation of compressed tablets</li></ul>
<b>2<sup>nd</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Tablet manufacture</li></ul>
<b>3<sup>rd</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Tableting equipment</li></ul>
<b>4<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Coated tablets</li></ul>
<b>5<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Evaluation of tablets</li></ul>
<b>6<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Recent developments in tableting</li></ul>
<b>7<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Historical development and role of capsules as a dosage form</li></ul> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Presentation)</b></p>
<b>8<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Hard gelatin capsules</li></ul>
<b>9<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Manufacture of hard gelatin capsules</li></ul>
<b>10<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Filling of hard gelatin capsules</li></ul>
<b>11<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Soft gelatin capsules</li></ul>
<b>12<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Formulation and Manufacture of soft gelatin capsules</li></ul>
<b>13<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Soft/liquid-filled hard gelatin capsules</li></ul>
<b>14<sup>th</sup></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Evaluation of capsules</li></ul>
<b>15<sup>th</sup></b>	Final exam

#### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Lectures
- Self learning (Activities, Research....)
- Open discussion

#### **6- Student Assessment methods:**

Written exams to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1

Oral exam to assess: a1, a2, a3, b1

Activities to assess: d1, d2

<b>Assessment method</b>	<b>Time</b>	<b>Marks</b>	<b>Percentage</b>
Written exam	Week 15	75	75%
Oral exams	Week 15	15	15%
Activities	Week 7	10	10%
Total	-----	100	100%

## **7- References and books:**

### **A-Scientific Papers**

**B- Essential books:** Pharmaceutical dosage forms and drug delivery systems, Ansel, H. c., Popovich, N. G., Allen, L. V. 6 th edn, Williams and Wilkins (1995).

### **C- Suggested books:**

1-Remington's Pharmaceutical Science Alfonso, R. Gennaro, 17 th edn, Mack Publishing Company, USA (1985).

2-Pharmaceutical dosage forms: parenteral medications (1993), Kenneth Kavis, Herbert A.lieberman and Leon lachman, 2 nd edition Marcel Dekker, Inc., 270 Madison Avenue, New York.

**D- Websites:** Pubmed, Science direct, Nejm, Wiley interscience

### **Facilities required for teaching and learning:**

**1. For lectures:** Black (white) boards, data show.

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- **Course Coordinators: ProfDr/ Mahmoud Abdul-Ghany Mahdy**
  - **Head of Department: Prof Dr/ Nagia Ahmed El-Megrab**
  - **Date: 2019-9-23 تم اعتماد التوصيف بمجلس الكلية بتاريخ**

### Matrix I of Solid Dosage Forms

Matrix I of Solid Dosage Forms							
Course Contents		ILOs of Solid dosage forms course					
		Knowledge and understanding			Intellectual skills	Transferable and general skills	
		a1	a2	a3	b1	d1	d2
1	Design and formulation of compressed tablets	X			x		
2	Tablet manufacture		X		X		
3	Tableting equipment			X			
4	Coated tablets	X					
5	Evaluation of tablets	X					
6	Recent developments in tableting	X			X		
7	Historical development and role of capsules as a dosage form Presentation	X				X	x
8	Hard gelatin capsules	X					
9	Manufacture of hard gelatin capsules		X	X			
10	Filling of hard gelatin capsules		X	X			
11	Soft gelatin capsules	X					
12	Formulation and Manufacture of soft gelatin capsules		X	X	X		
13	Soft/liquid-filled hard gelatin capsules	X					
14	Evaluation of capsules	X					



**Zagazig university**

**Pharmaceutics department**

**Faculty of Pharmacy**

**Programs and Courses specifications**

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## Matrix II of Solid Dosage Forms

ARS		Program ILOs	Course ILOs	Course contents	Sources	Teaching and learning methods		Method of assessment		
						Lecture	Self learning	Written exam	Oral exam	Activity
2.1	2.1.1- Fundamental and in-depth knowledge and basic theories in the field of specialty and the closely related areas of pharmaceutical sciences.	A.1- Outline the basic theories and principles of drug targeting, different solid oral dosage forms and packaging.  A.3- Mention different solid oral dosage forms, formulation as well as evaluation.	a1	Design and formulation of compressed tablets Coated tablets Recent developments in tableting    Soft and hard gelatin capsules    Soft/liquid-filled hard gelatin capsules Evaluation of tablets Historical development and role of capsules as a dosage form Evaluation of capsules	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
			a3	Manufacture of hard gelatin capsules Filling of hard gelatin capsules Formulation and Manufacture of soft gelatin capsules Tableting equipment	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	

	2.1.4- The principles and bases of quality assurance in professional practice in the field of specialization.	A.6- Outline different aspects and principles that are followed in quality assurance during manufacturing of different dosage forms	a2	Tablet manufacture Manufacture of hard gelatin capsules Filling of hard gelatin capsules Formulation and Manufacture of soft gelatin capsules	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	x	x	x	x	
	2.2.2- Propose solutions to specified problems in the light of the available data (information).	B.2- Suggest possible and applicable solutions for different problems in the field of drug formulation and evaluation that may be observed during research.	b1	Design and formulation of compressed tablets- Tablet manufacture- Formulation and Manufacture of soft gelatin capsules	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning	X	x	x		
2.4	2.4.1- Effective Communication in its different forms.	D.1- Communicate effectively with others.	d1	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x
	2.4.5- Use various sources to get information and knowledge.	D.4 - Collect up to date and the required information from different sources like Books, journals, papers and internet for improving knowledge.	d2	Activity	Textbooks, Scientific papers and self learning		x			x



# **Thesis Specification**

## PhD Thesis in Pharmaceutics

### Course specifications:

- **Program on which the thesis is done:** PhD of Pharmaceutical sciences (Pharmaceutics)
- **Major or Minor element of program:** Major
- **Department offering the program:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Department offering the thesis:** Pharmaceutics Dept.
- **Date of specification approval:** 2019

### 1- Basic information:

Title: PhD of pharmaceutical sciences (pharmaceutics)

Credit hours: 30 hrs

### 2- Overall aim of the thesis:

**On completion of the thesis, the students will be able to** define and plan the project, identify and perform different techniques and methods used in the experimental work according to the designed protocol, derive and present the results of the study from the data collected, draw conclusions about the contribution to knowledge made by the study which may be concerned with the problem under investigation, the methods deployed or the student as researcher and provide a complete and accurate record of the material used in the study, cited consistently according to a recognized system.

<b>3- Intended learning outcome's (ILOs):</b>	
<b>Knowledge and Understanding</b>	
<b>a1</b>	Outline different principles of pharmaceutics and their possible application in the research study
<b>a2</b>	Demonstrate methods and techniques used during working in the area of specialization of research
<b>a3</b>	Understand the legal aspects of for professional and academic practices
<b>a4</b>	Illustrate the importance of quality assurance during the formulation of different dosage forms
<b>a5</b>	Define different practices that can be used in understanding the problem of the research and help in solving it
<b>Intellectual skills</b>	
<b>b1</b>	Solve problems related to practical work by obtained quantitative data from the practical work
<b>b2</b>	Discuss professional problems and suggest solutions rely on different pharmaceutical knowledge and recent information
<b>b3</b>	Plan a research in the field of drug delivery or targeting that allow discovery of modern and efficient techniques for drug targeting
<b>b4</b>	Integrate scientific results and write report following conducting research
<b>b5</b>	Manage risks and hazards related to professional practical area
<b>b6</b>	Outline principles that should be followed in research to develop laboratory performance
<b>b7</b>	Decide what to do with full responsibility in scientific research
<b>b8</b>	Demonstrate creativity and innovation in modifying techniques and in utilization of various therapy
<b>b9</b>	Discuss the obtained results in open sessions and revealed errors and how to avoid them.
<b>Professional and practical skills</b>	
<b>c1</b>	Apply different techniques related to practical thesis work.
<b>c2</b>	Use and evaluate practical data to write report
<b>c3</b>	Estimate laboratory techniques used in pharmaceutics and industrial pharmacy labs.

<b>c4</b>	Apply technology in methodology development during practical work.
<b>c5</b>	Improve performance by all possible means
<b>General and Transferable skills</b>	
<b>d1</b>	Interact with health care professional.
<b>d2</b>	Use information technology in review and thesis preparation
<b>d3</b>	Set rules for evaluation and judge others performance.
<b>d4</b>	Study independently and evaluate learning needs in pharmaceutics
<b>d5</b>	Reprocess up-to-date information in different areas under study and research
<b>d6</b>	Implement tasks as a member of a team.
<b>d7</b>	Utilize time effectively to achieve goals

#### **4. Thesis Content:**

<b>Steps</b>	<b>Content</b>
1 <sup>st</sup>	<p>Suggest the possible points/ problems of research that the candidate can work on in the frame of the aim of work and choose proper point.</p> <p>Collect all available information about this subject by all possible means.</p> <p>Use internet, journals, books and others thesis to get previous and recent information about the subject under study.</p> <p>Design the protocol including the steps of work following the suitable timetable.</p> <p>Increase the awareness of the recent pharmaceutical techniques that will be used during practical work and determined by the protocol.</p> <p>Integrate different knowledge (Pharmaceutics, industrial pharmacy, GMP, Hospital pharmacy, incompatibilities ..... ) to solve suggested problem.</p> <p>Continuous evaluation to the thesis outcome according to the schedule.</p>
2 <sup>nd</sup>	<p>Identify different practical techniques and methods to assess pharmacokinetic parameters related to the subject under study.</p> <p>Perform various techniques to improve physical and chemical characters of drugs under research</p> <p>Formulate many classes of drugs in new dosage forms</p>



	<p>(suppositories, capsules, tablets, .....)</p> <p>Operate scientific instruments according to instructions.</p> <p>Evaluate and manage hazards (chemical and biological) throughout the whole practical work.</p> <p>Organize the experimental work according to the designed protocol (either individual, parallel or sequential experiments).</p> <p>Induction of some diseases in experimental animals (Hypertension, inflammation, seizures.....).</p> <p>Separate biological samples (e.g. blood, plasma).</p> <p>Apply ethical recommendations during dealing with experimental animals</p> <p>Modify techniques required for the progression of work</p>
3 <sup>rd</sup>	<p>Collect raw data for the tested pharmacokinetic parameters.</p> <p>Interpret raw data to get valuable information.</p> <p>Perform statistical analysis for the results.</p> <p>Present and describe the results graphically.</p> <p>Suggest solution to the problem under study based on this presented data.</p>
4 <sup>th</sup>	<p>Communicate with supervisors to discuss results</p> <p>Work effectively as a member of a team (e.g. Supervisors, various professionals and Technicians).</p> <p>Present the results periodically in seminars.</p> <p>Define ethics of scientific research.</p> <p>Write scientific reports on the obtained results with conclusive significance.</p> <p>Discuss obtained results in comparison with previous literatures.</p> <p>Suggest possible recommendations based on the outcome of the thesis and decide future plans.</p> <p>Summarize the thesis in an understandable Arabic language for non professionals.</p> <p>Write references in the required form (Thesis, Paper.....).</p> <p>Demonstrate the thesis in a final power point presentation.</p> <p>Continue self-learning throughout the experimental work and writing scientific papers.</p>

### **5- Teaching and Learning Methods:**

- Self learning (Activities, Research....)
- Lab work
- Seminar
- reporting

- Critical thinking
- Solving problem
- Open discussion

## **6- References:**

- **Websites:** Pubmed, Sciencedirect, Wileyinterscience

### **Facilities required for:**

**1-For practical work:** U.V spectrophotometer, centrifuge, Dissolution, Vortex, HPLC, Analytical balance (4digit), Thermostatic water bath, Vacuum Oven

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- **Head of Department: Prof/Dr. Mahmoud Abdul Ghany Mahdy**



### Program Matrix of PhD degree of Pharmaceutics

		Program ILOs																								
		Knowledge and Understanding							Intellectual skills							Professional and practical skills				General and Transferable skills						
		A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7
Special courses	Drug targeting	X			X			X		X											X				X	
	Packaging	X	X				X			X											X				X	
	Solid oral dosage forms	X		X			X			X										X			X			
Thesis		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X